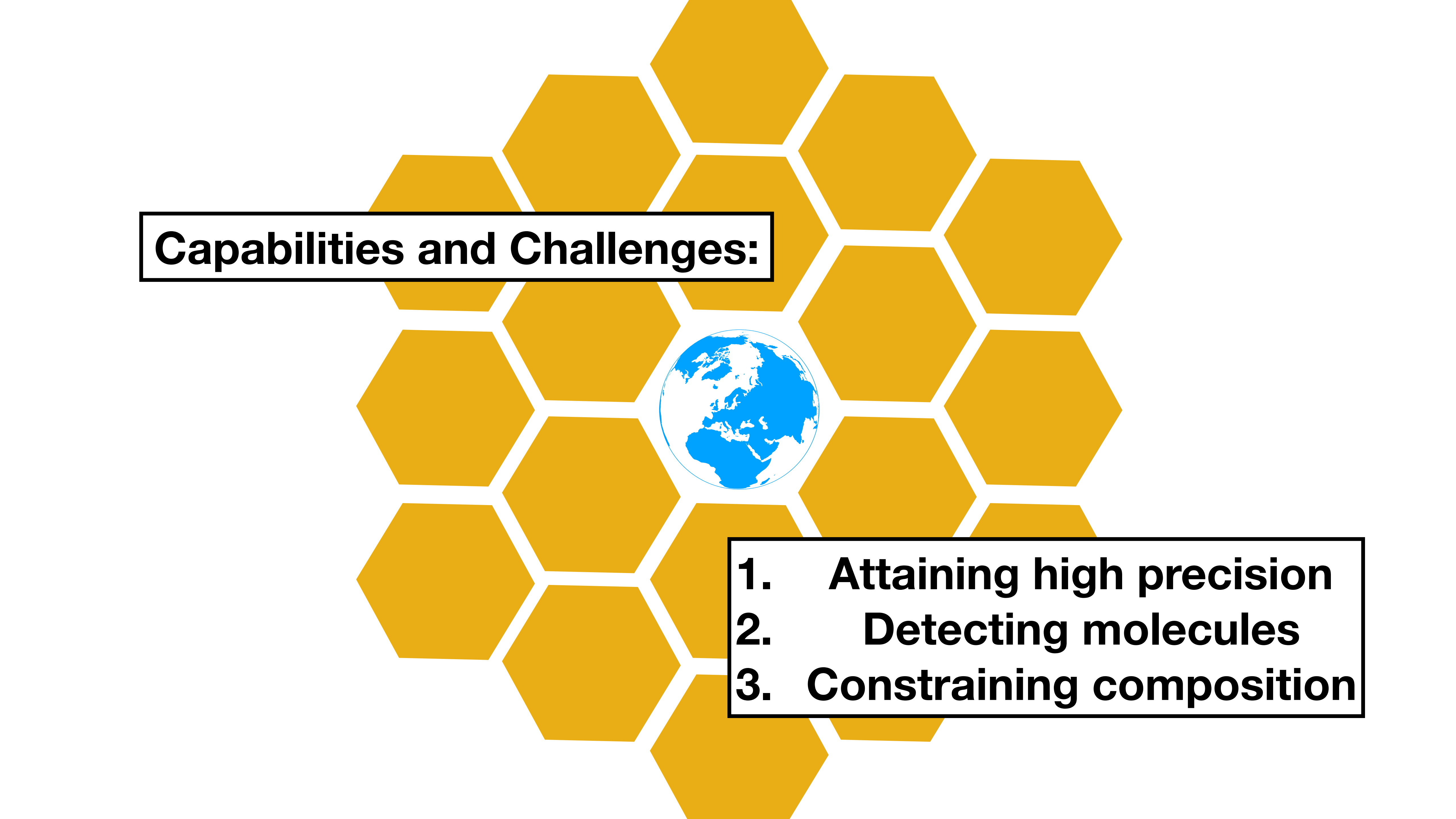




Observing Small Planets with JWST: Capabilities and Challenges

Natasha Batalha - ExoPAG



Capabilities and Challenges:

- 1. Attaining high precision**
- 2. Detecting molecules**
- 3. Constraining composition**



Attaining high precision over maximum wavelength



1 μm 2 μm 3 μm 4 μm 5 μm 10 μm

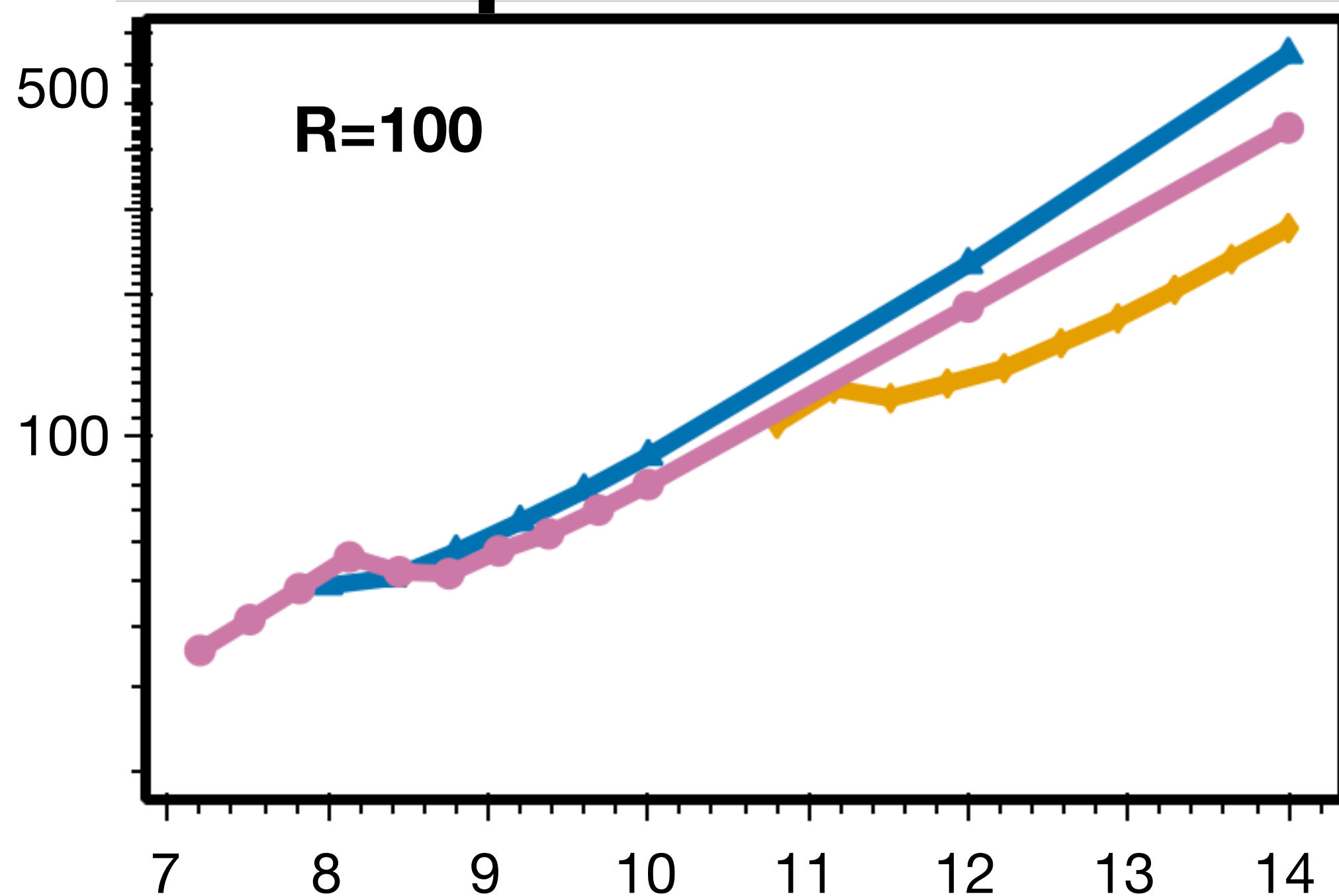
NIRSpec G140H

NIRISS SOSS

NIRSpec Prism

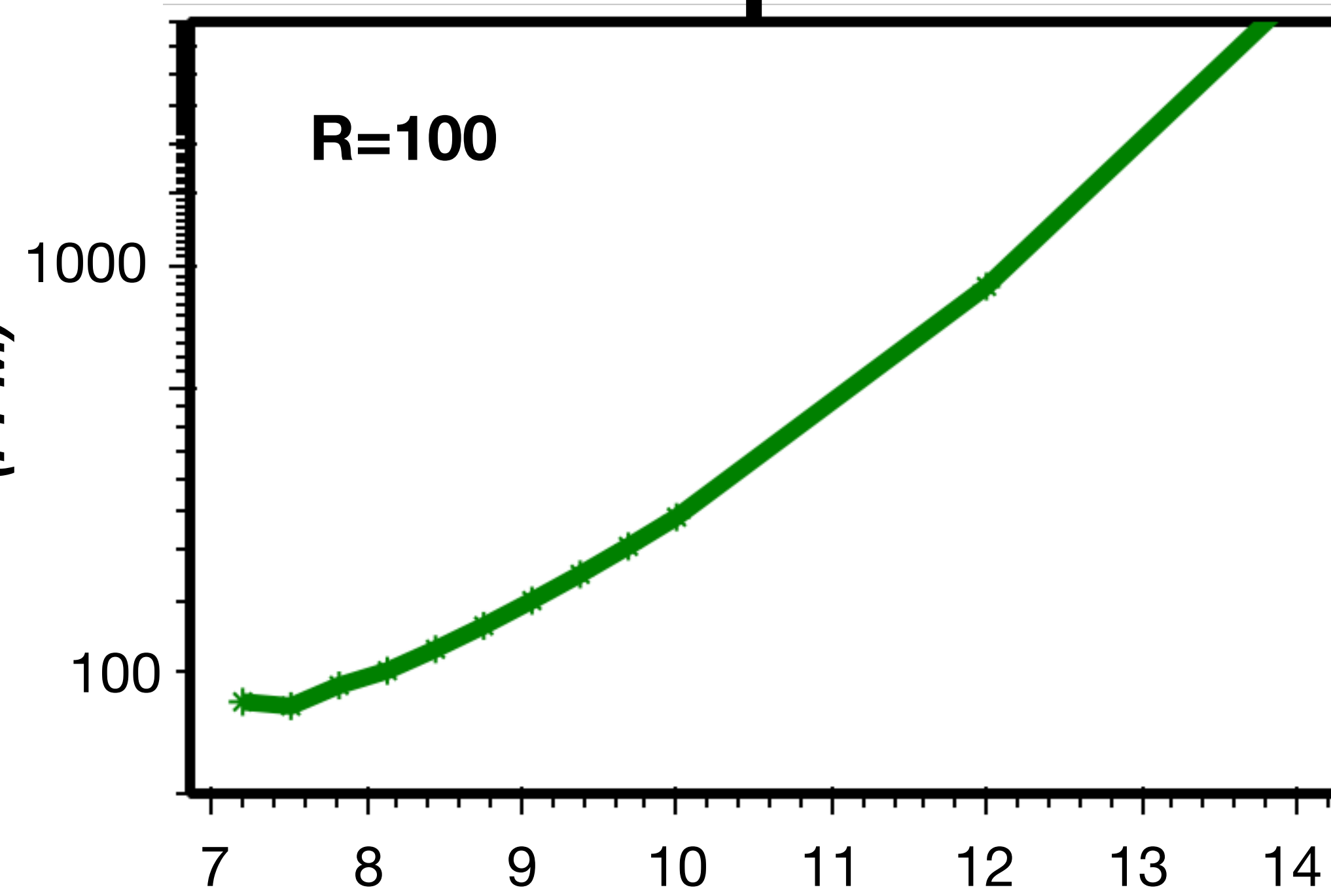
MIRI LRS

Single Transit Spectral Precision
(PPM)



J Magnitude

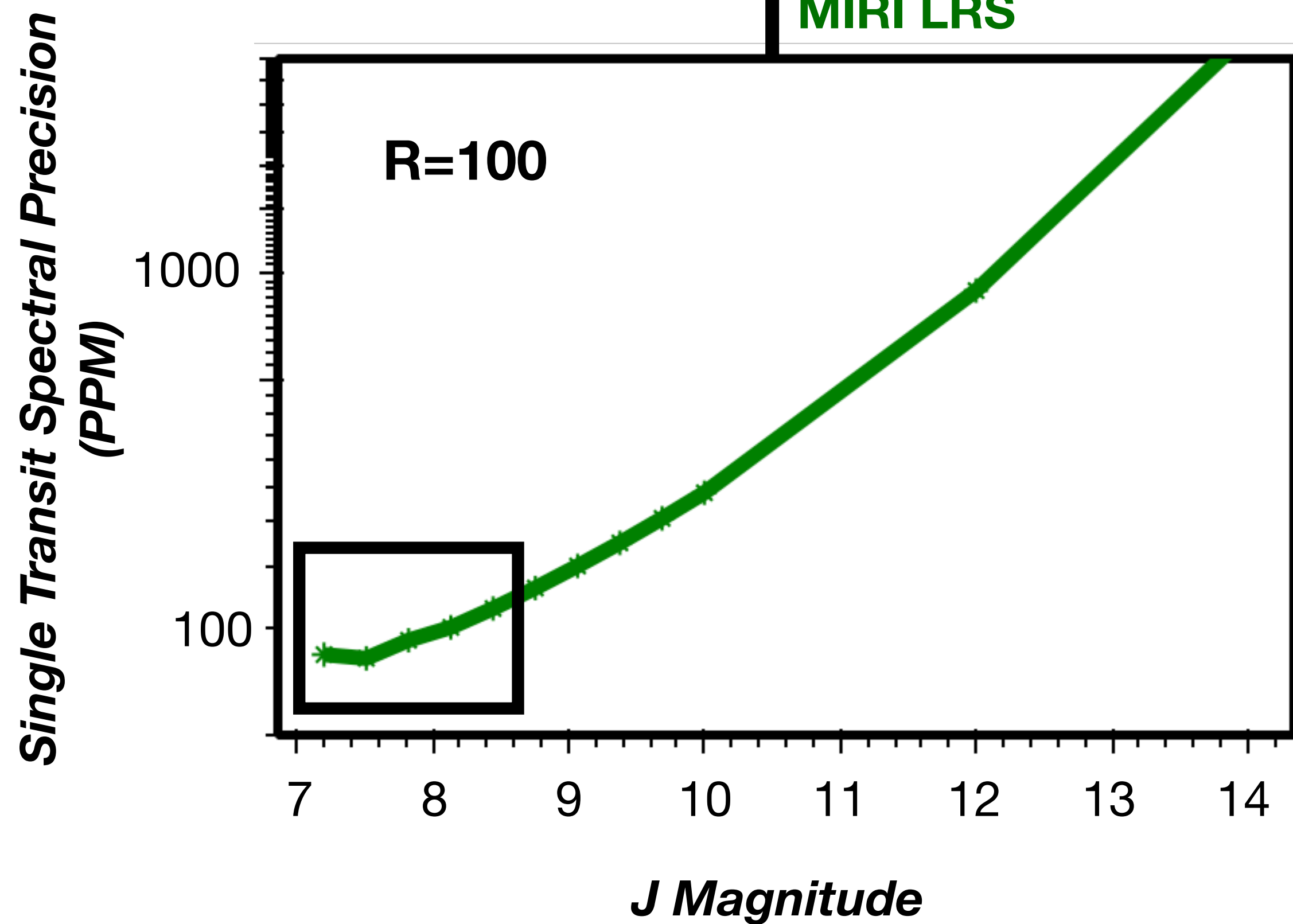
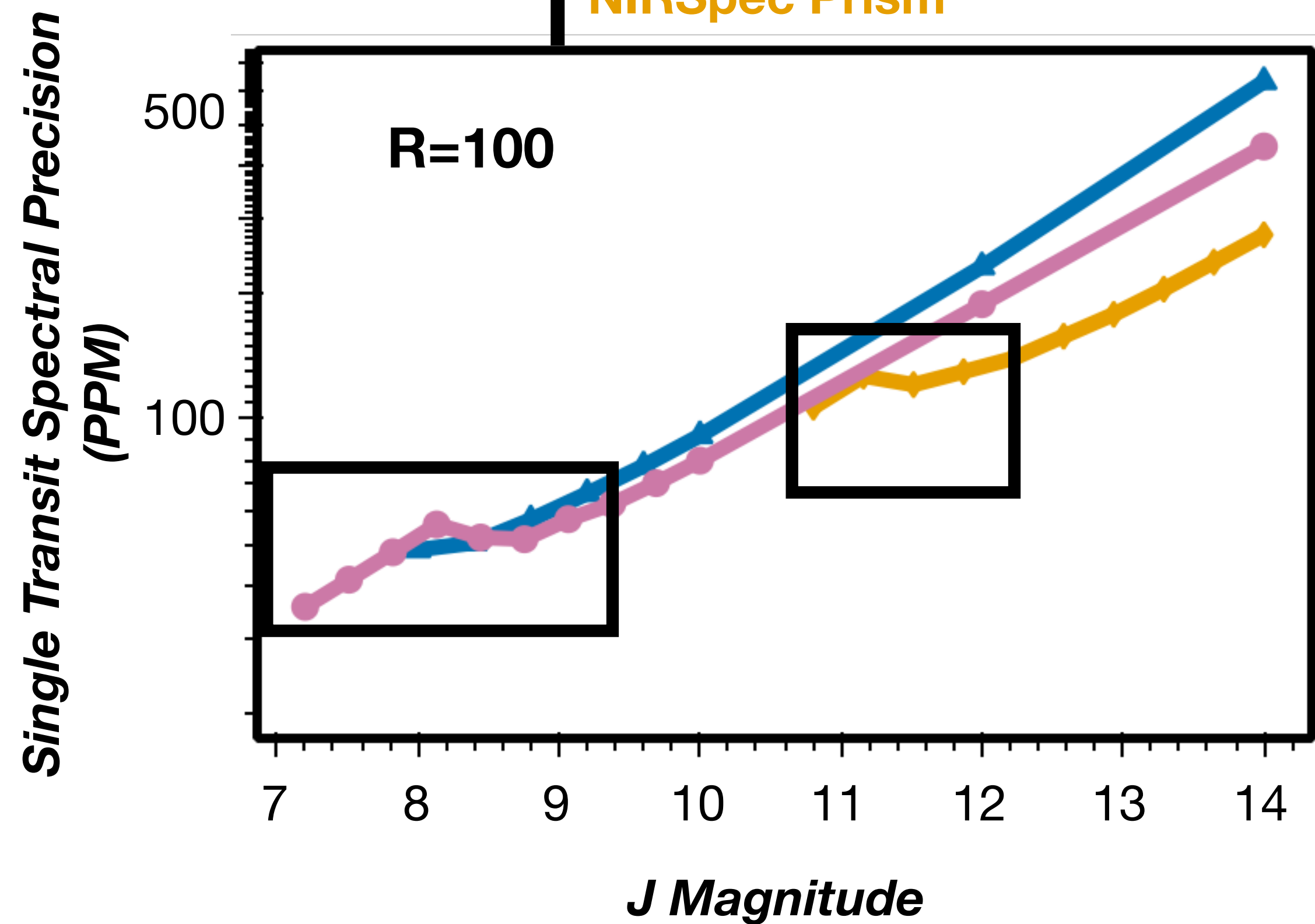
Single Transit Spectral Precision
(PPM)

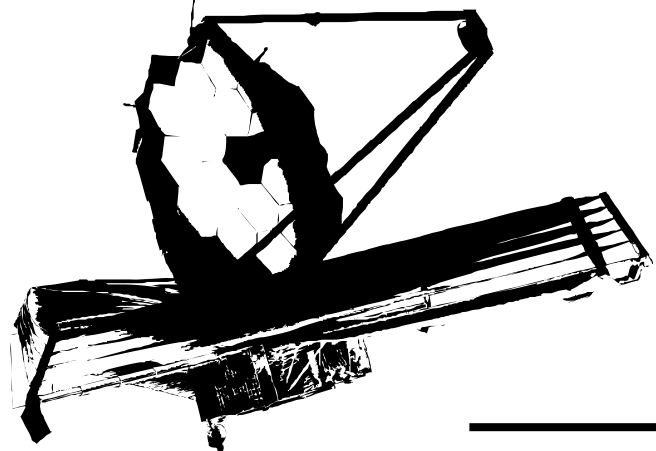


J Magnitude



Attaining high precision over maximum wavelength





2 group

33%

6 group

71%

1 μm

2 μm

3 μm

4 μm

5 μm

10 μm

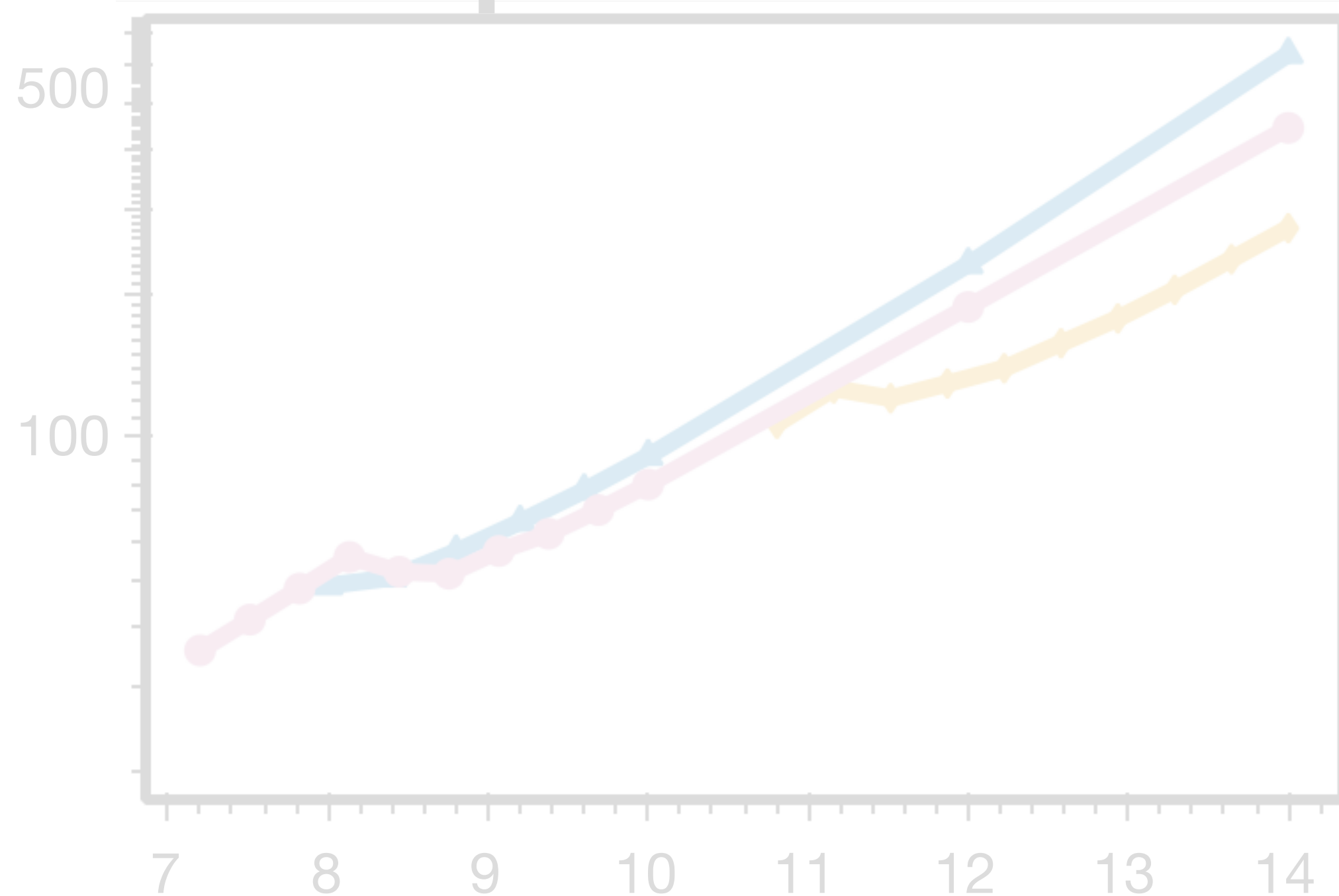
NIRISS SOSS

NIRSpec G140H

NIRSpec Prism

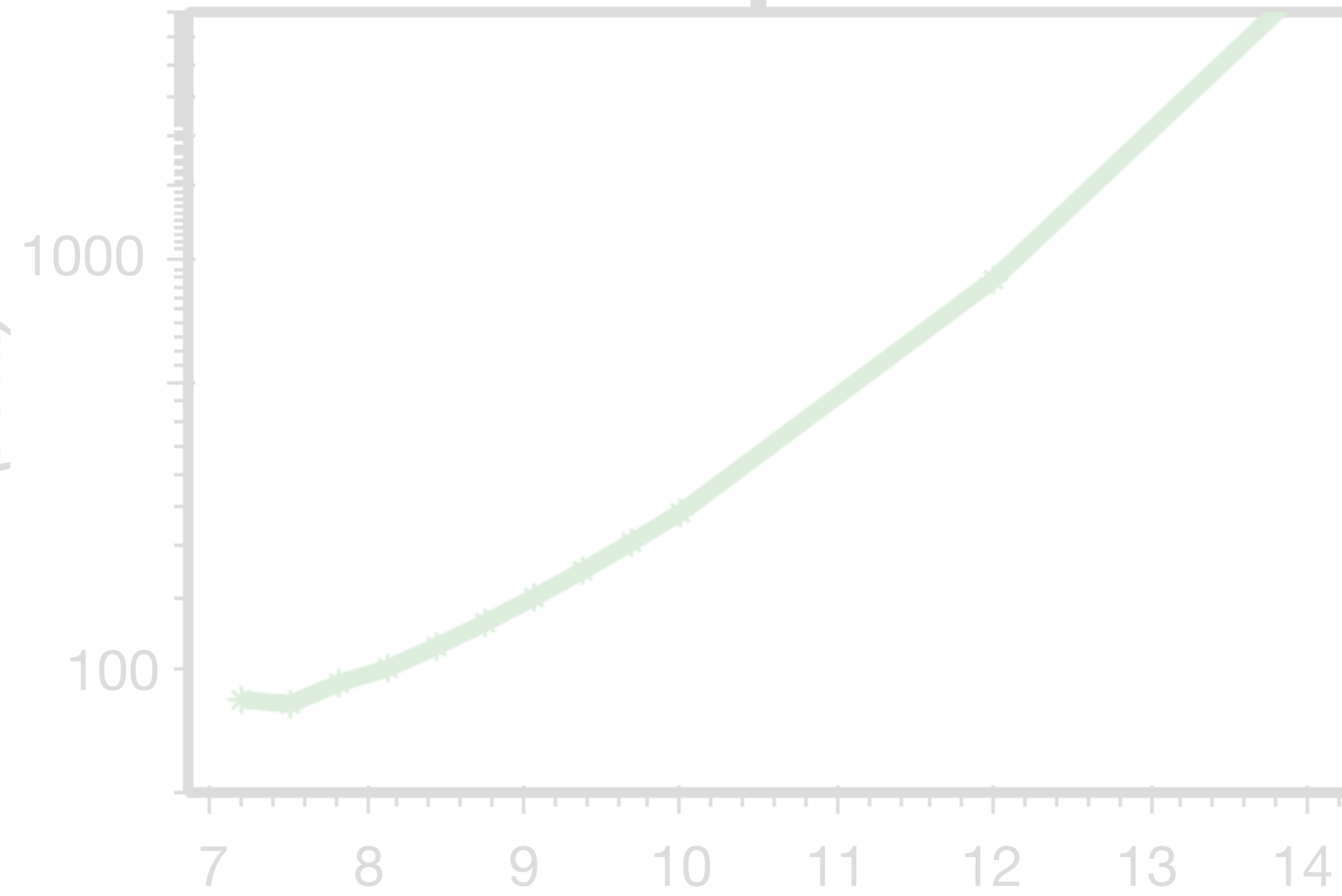
MIRI LRS

Single Transit Spectral Precision
(PPM)

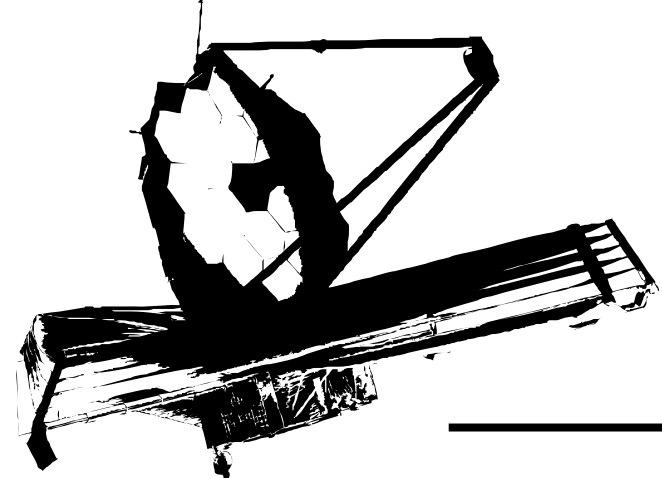


J Magnitude

Single Transit Spectral Precision
(PPM)



J Magnitude



2 group

33 %

1 μm

2 μm

3 μm

4 μm

5 μm

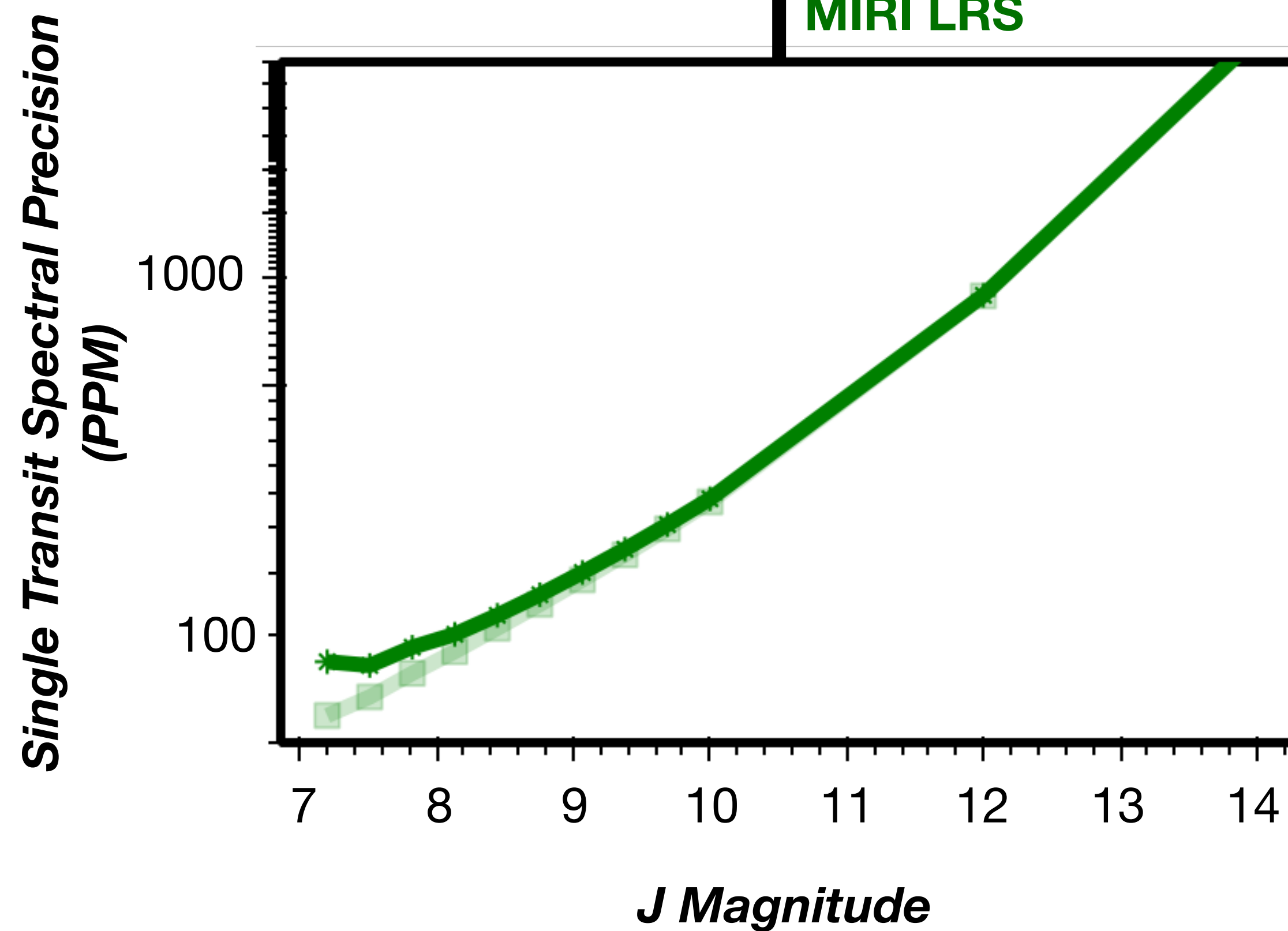
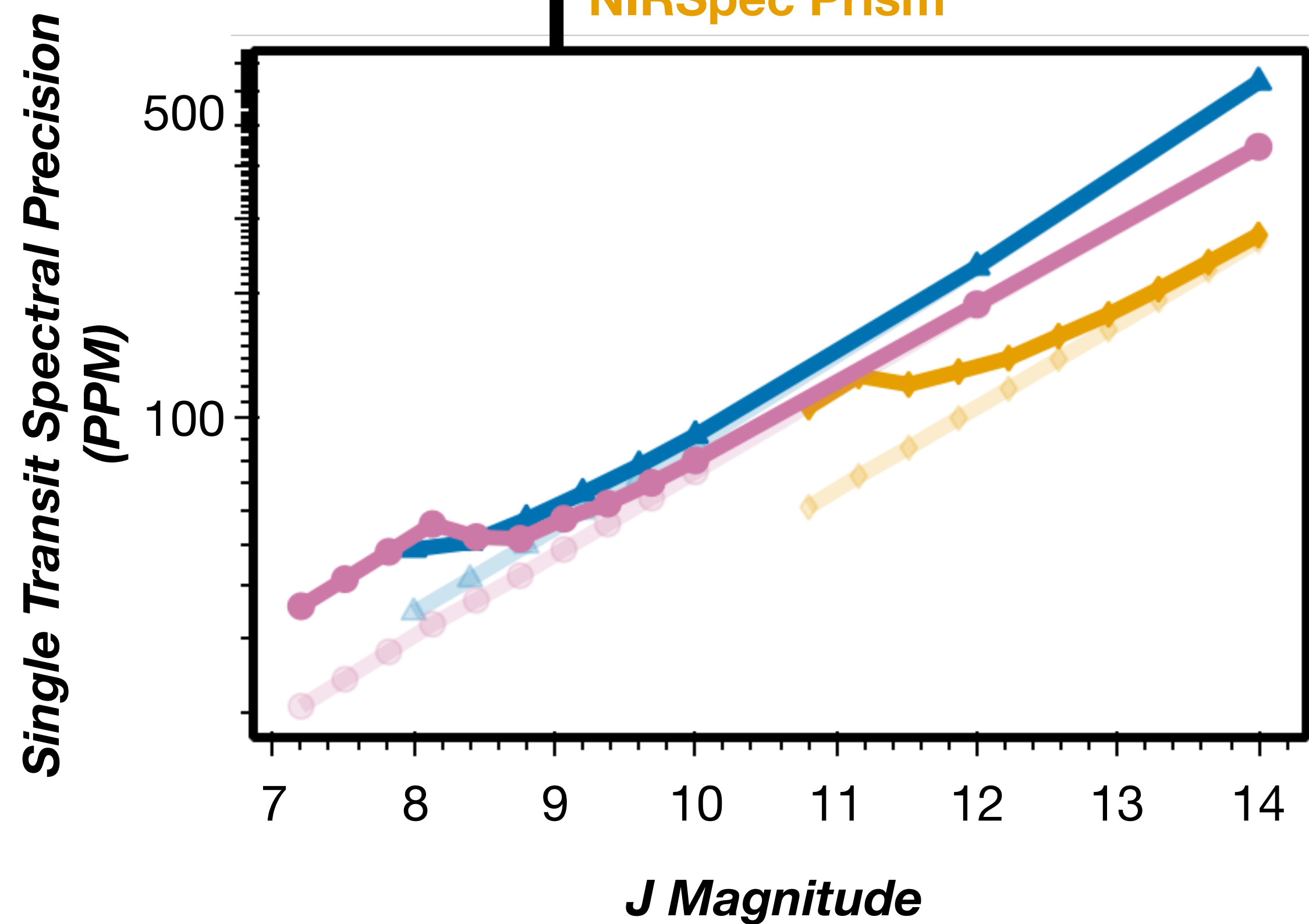
10 μm

NIRISS SOSS

NIRSpec G140H

NIRSpec Prism

MIRI LRS





1 μm

2 μm

3 μm

4 μm

5 μm

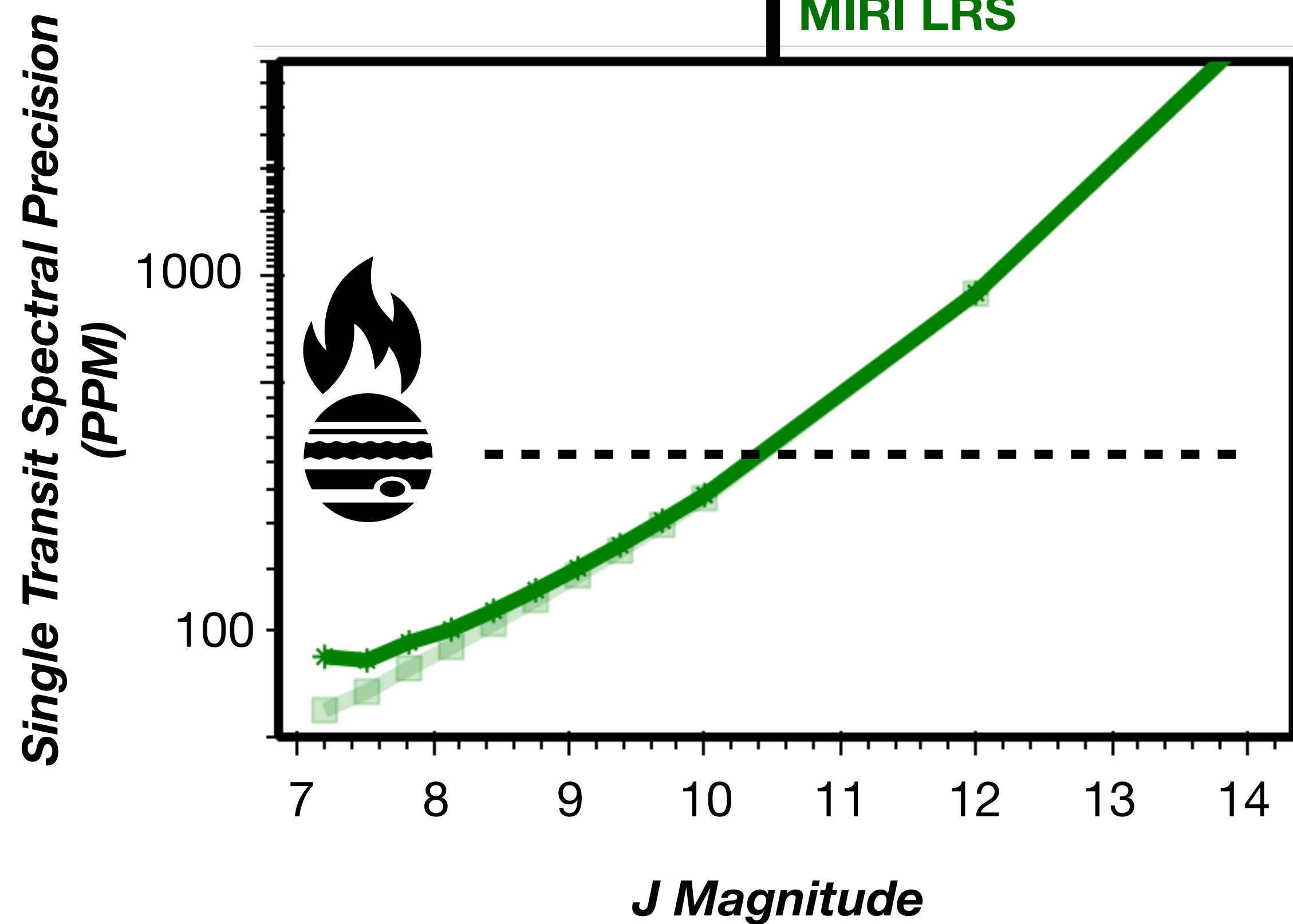
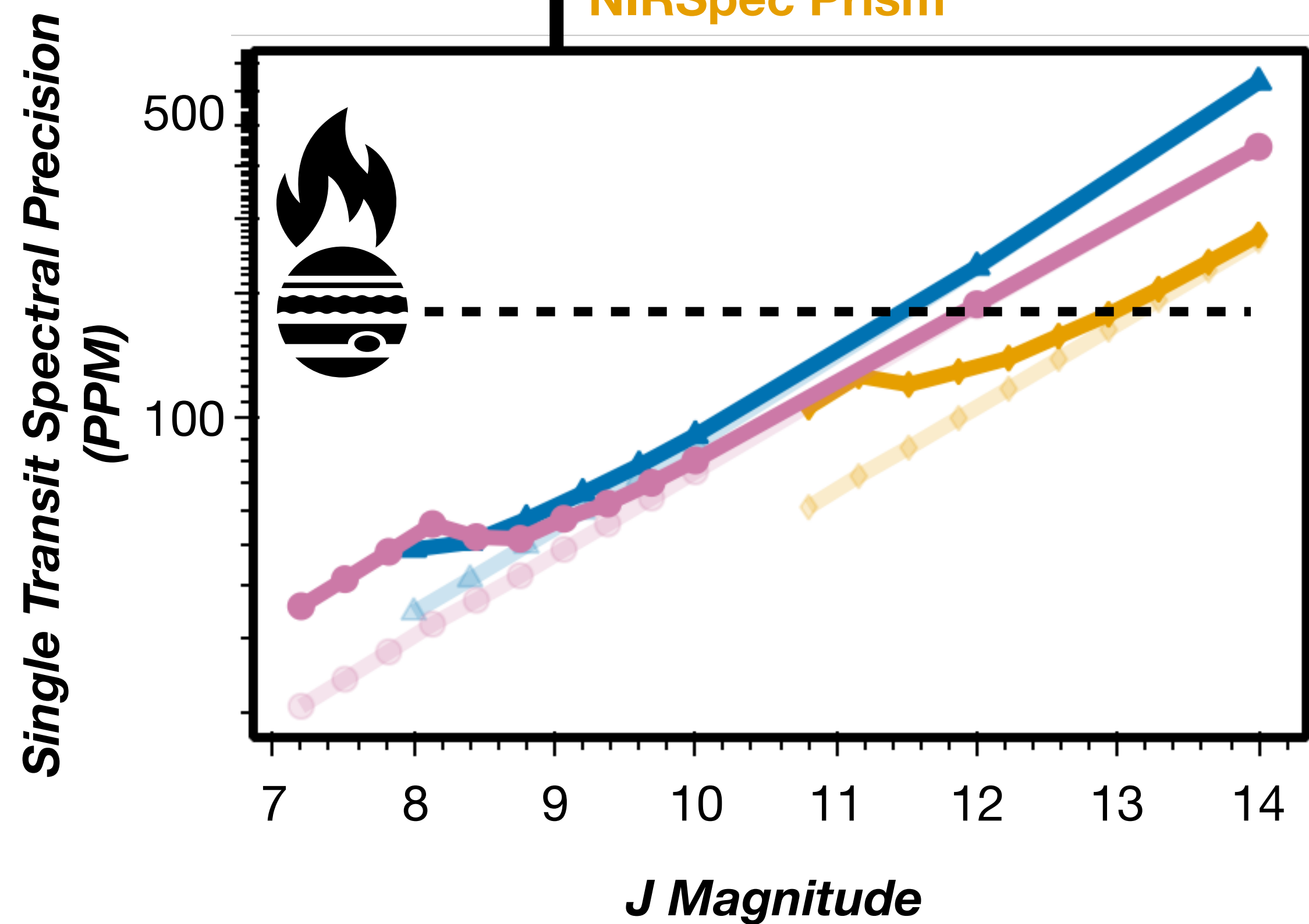
10 μm

NIRISS SOSS

NIRSpec G140H

NIRSpec Prism

MIRI LRS





1 μm

2 μm

3 μm

4 μm

5 μm

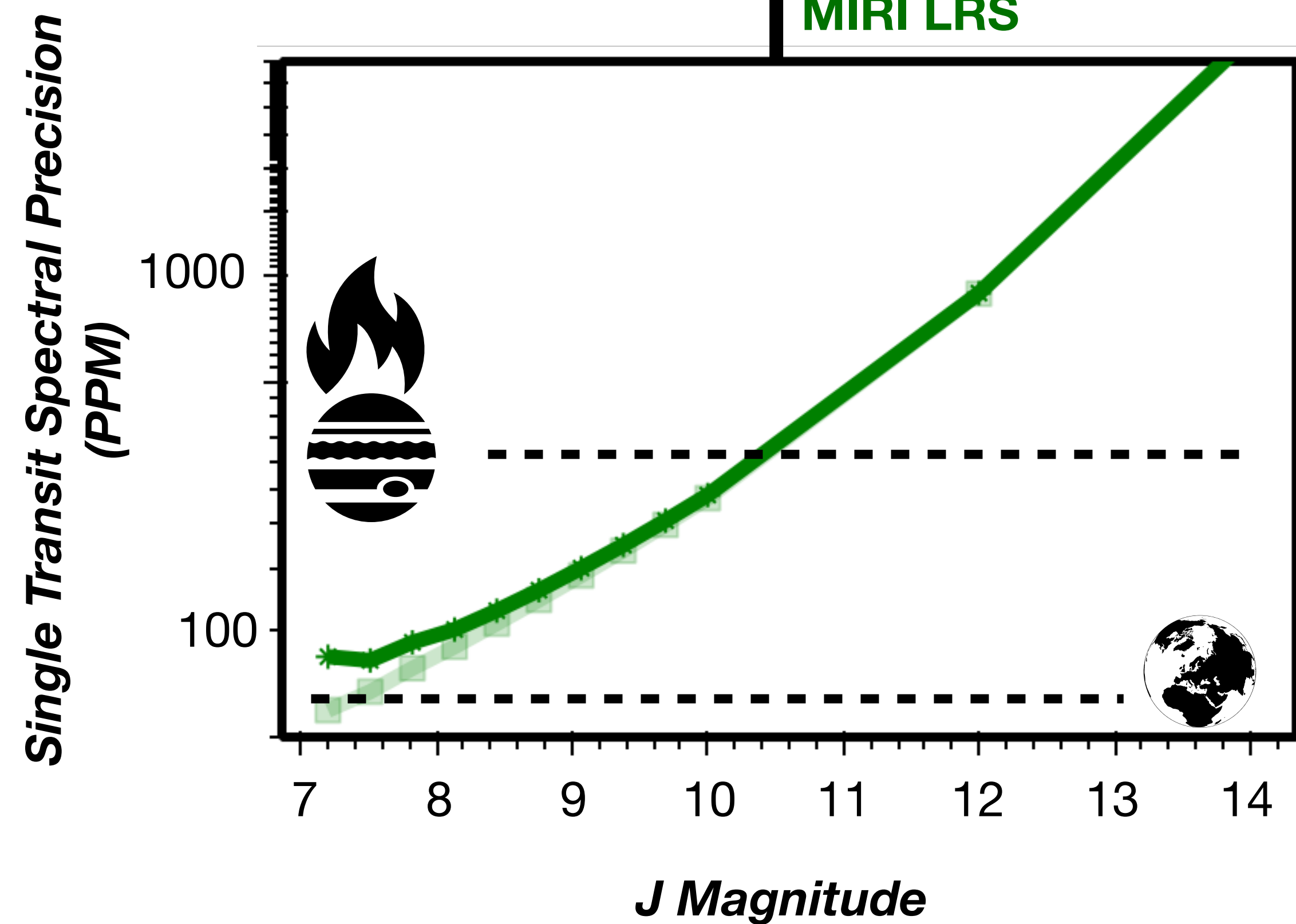
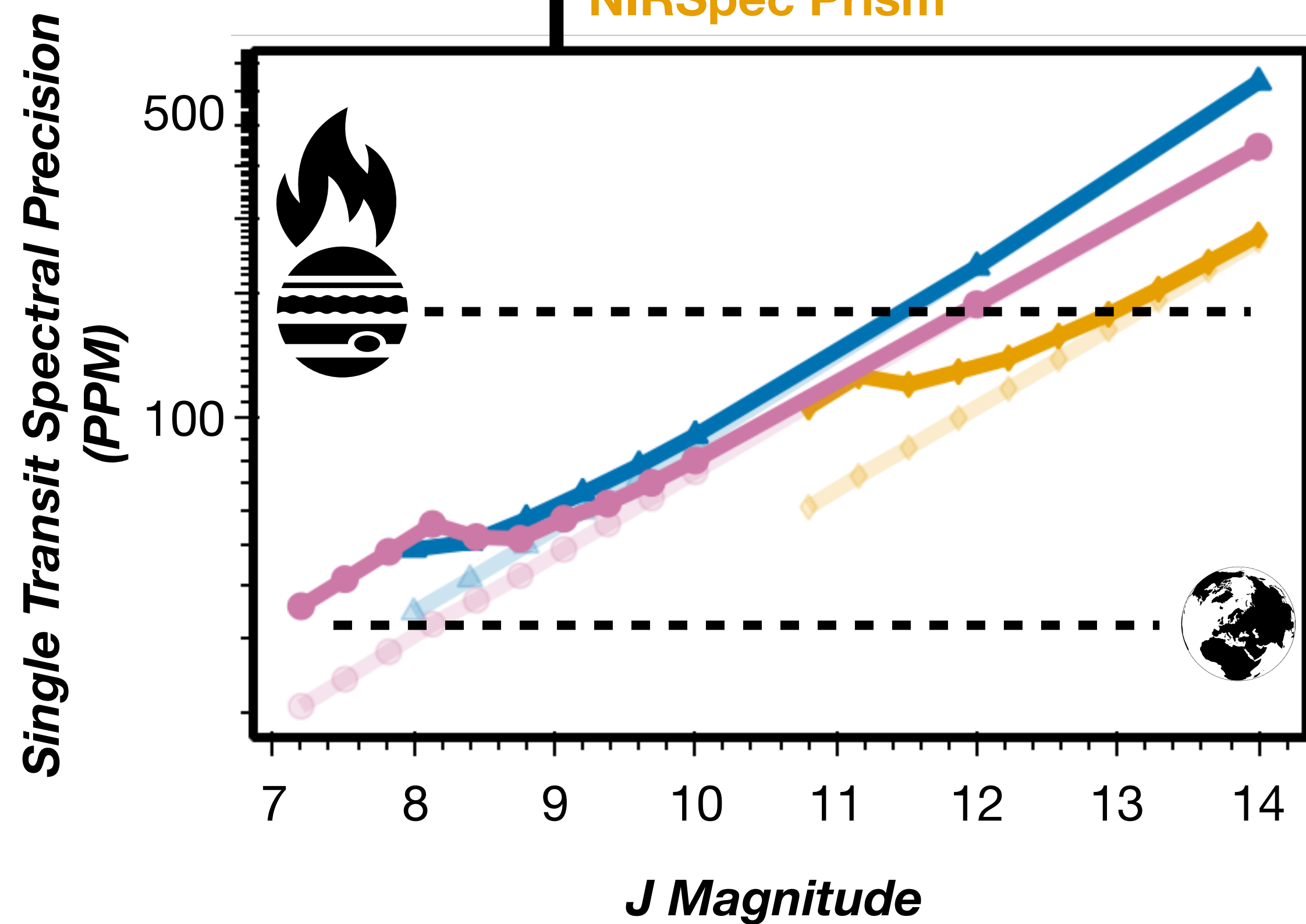
10 μm

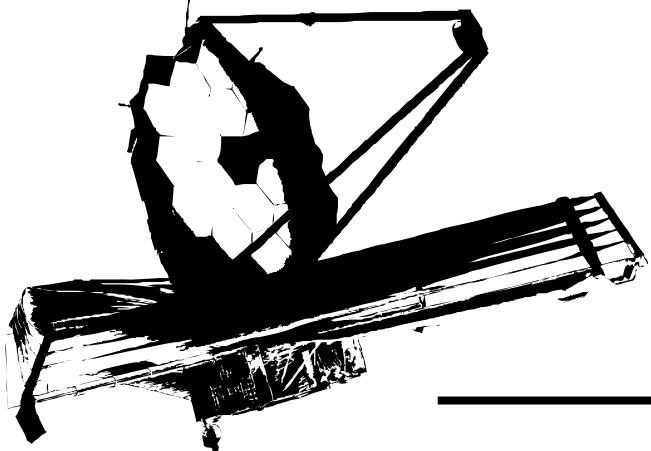
NIRISS SOSS

NIRSpec G140H

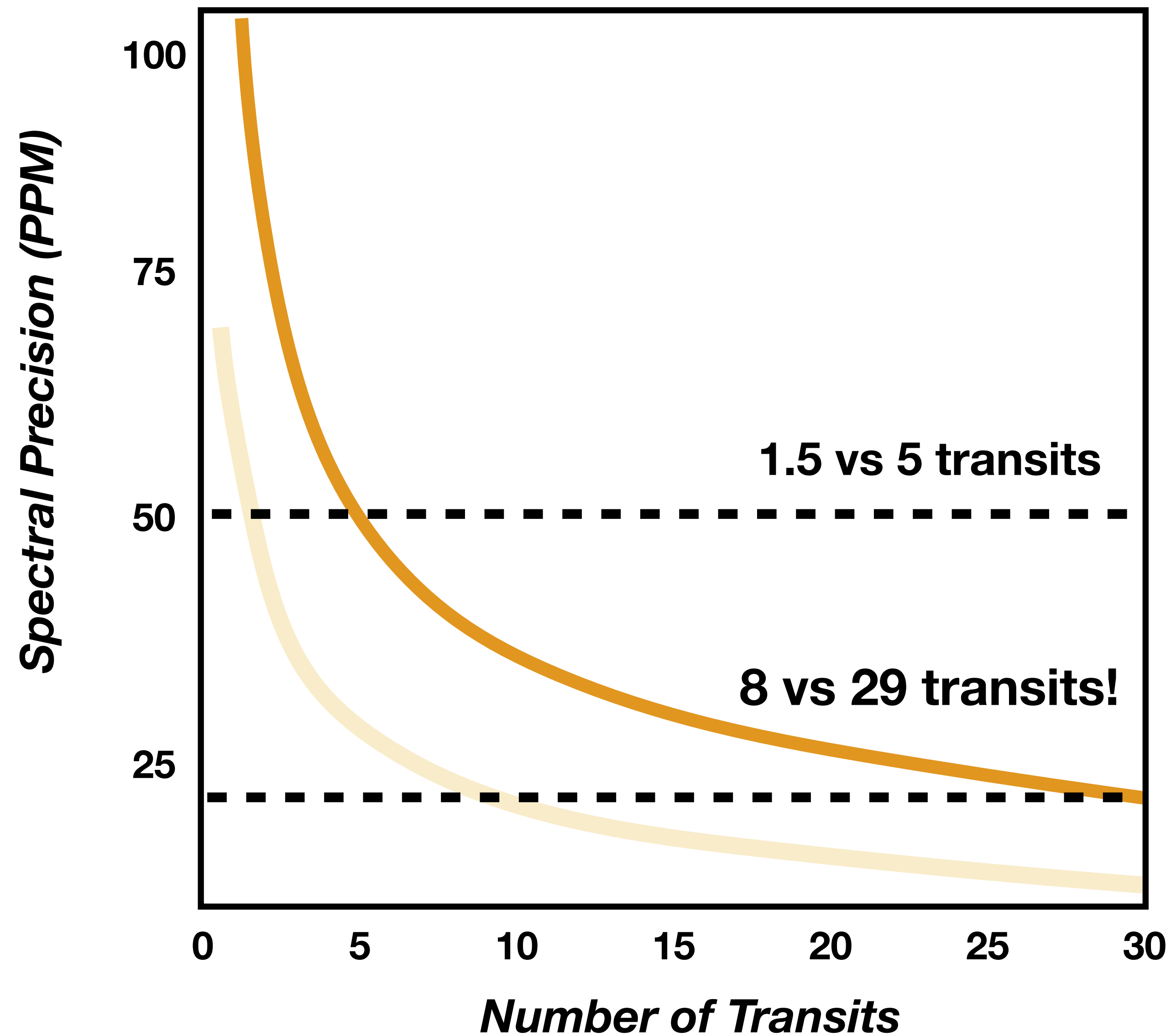
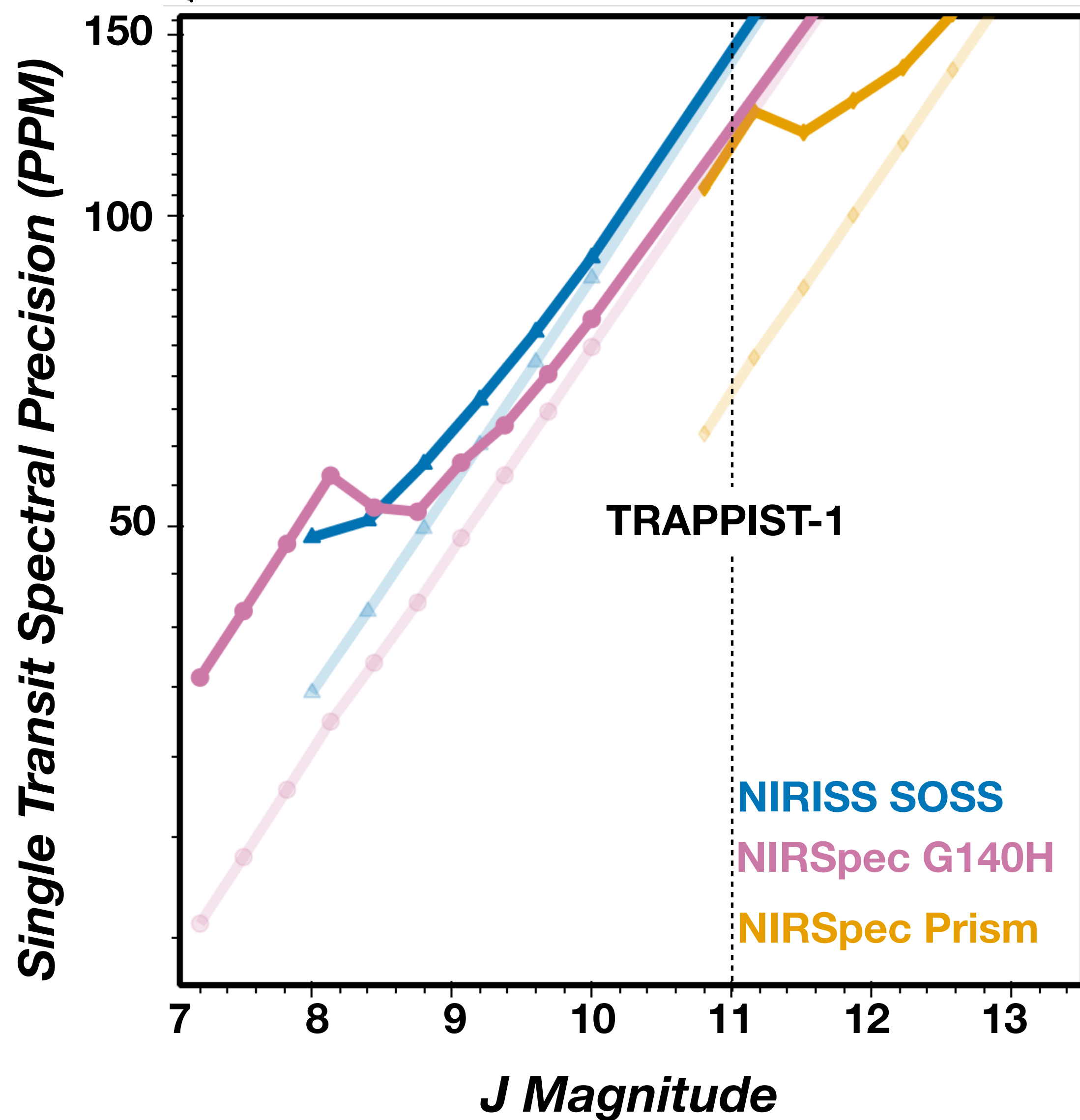
NIRSpec Prism

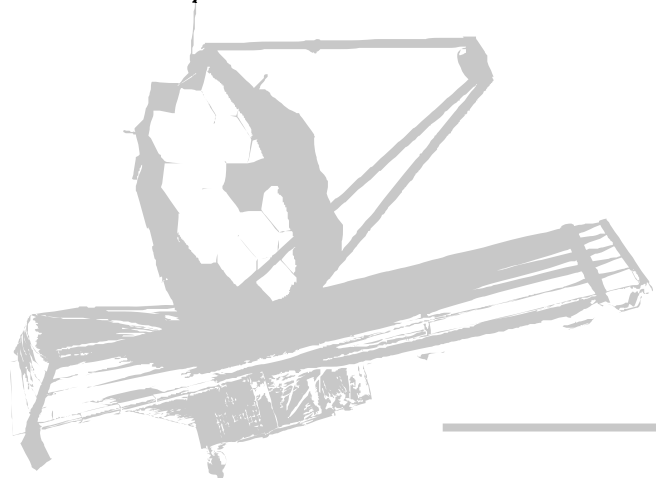
MIRI LRS



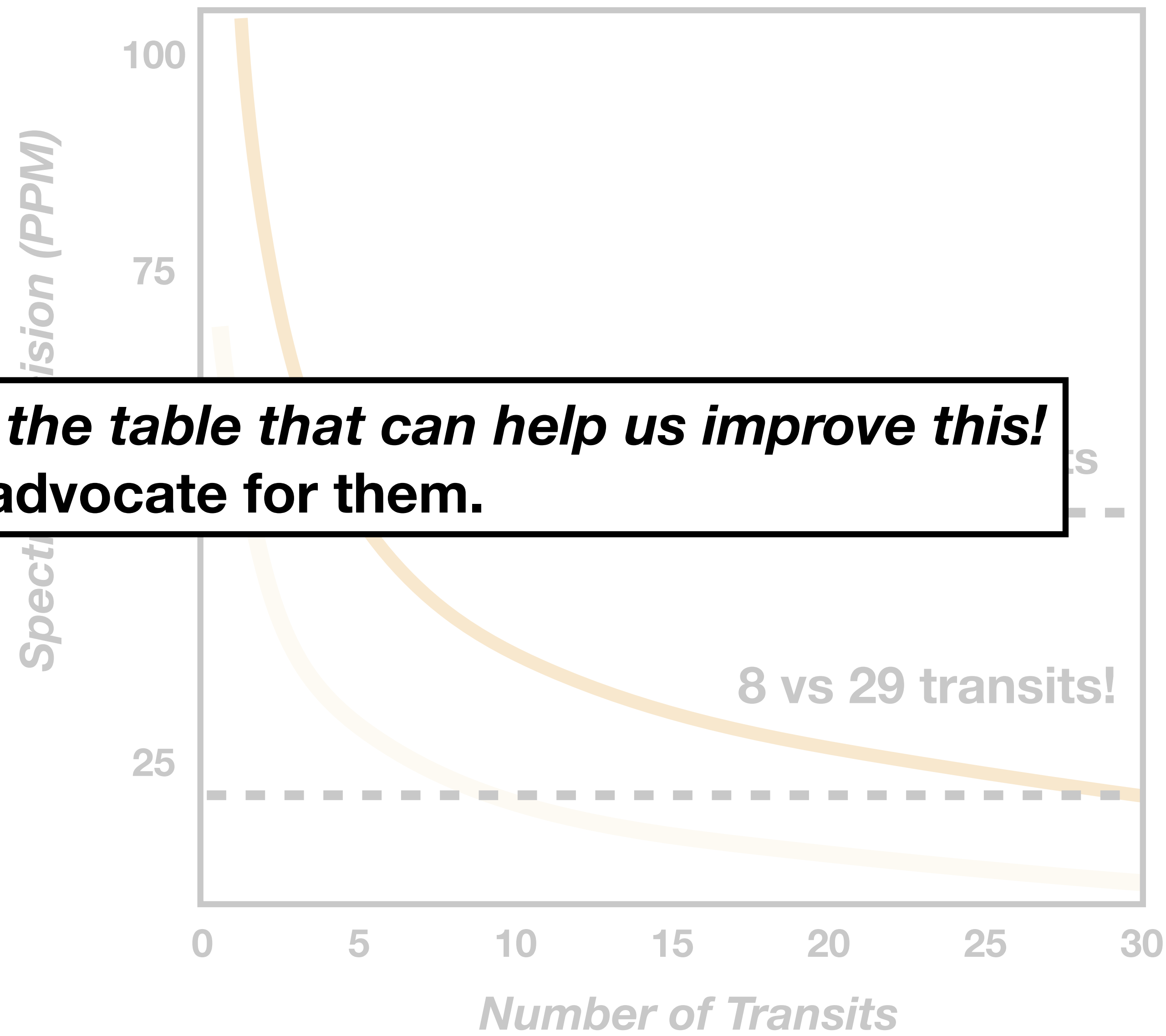
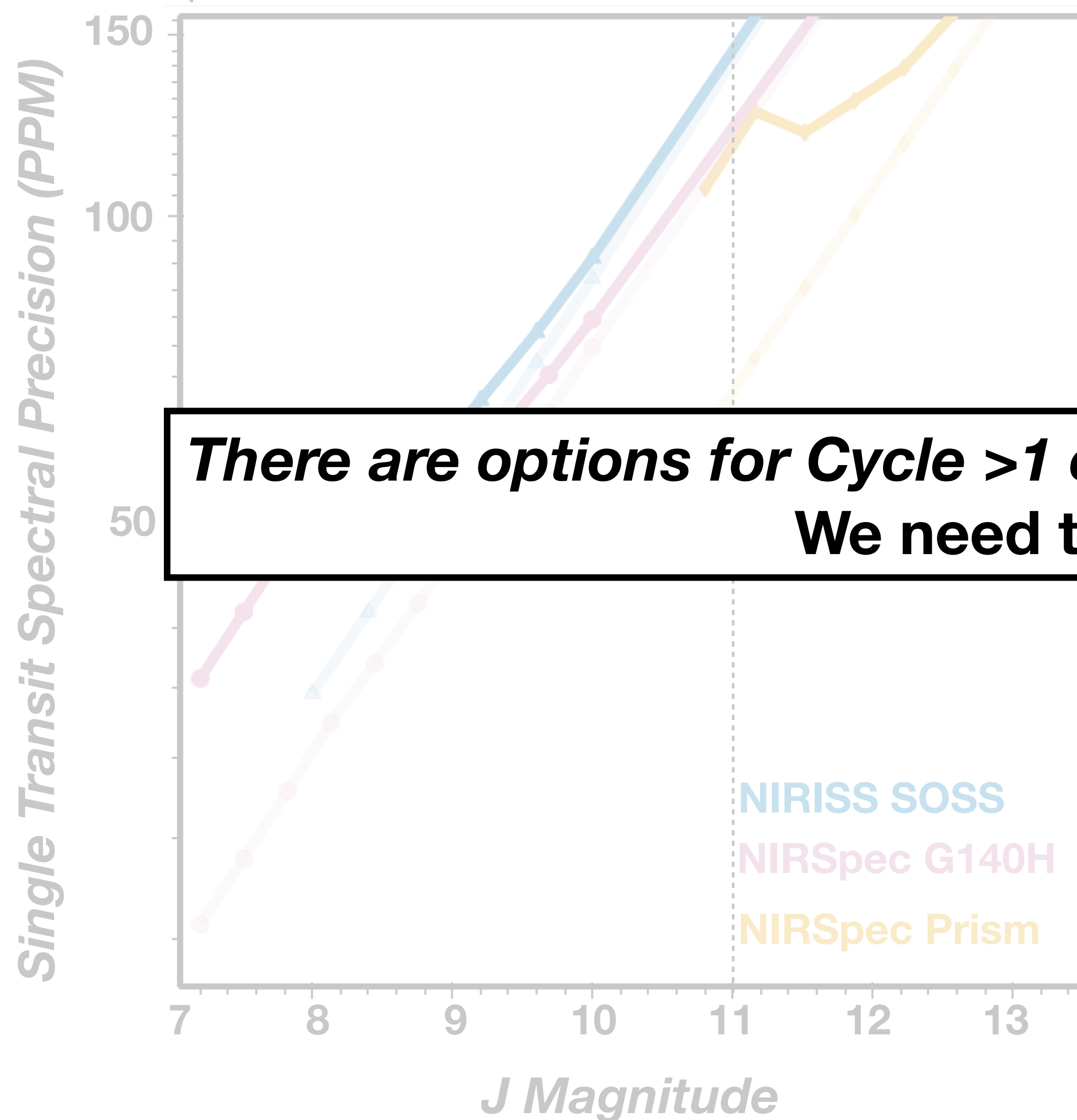


Low efficiency impedes optimal precision for bright targets

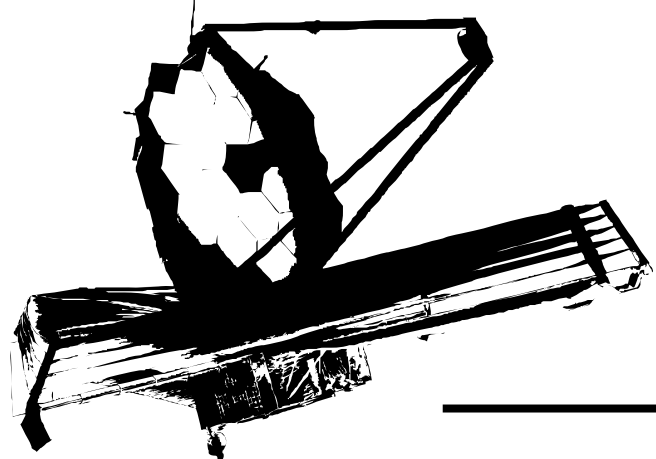




Low efficiency impedes optimal precision for bright targets

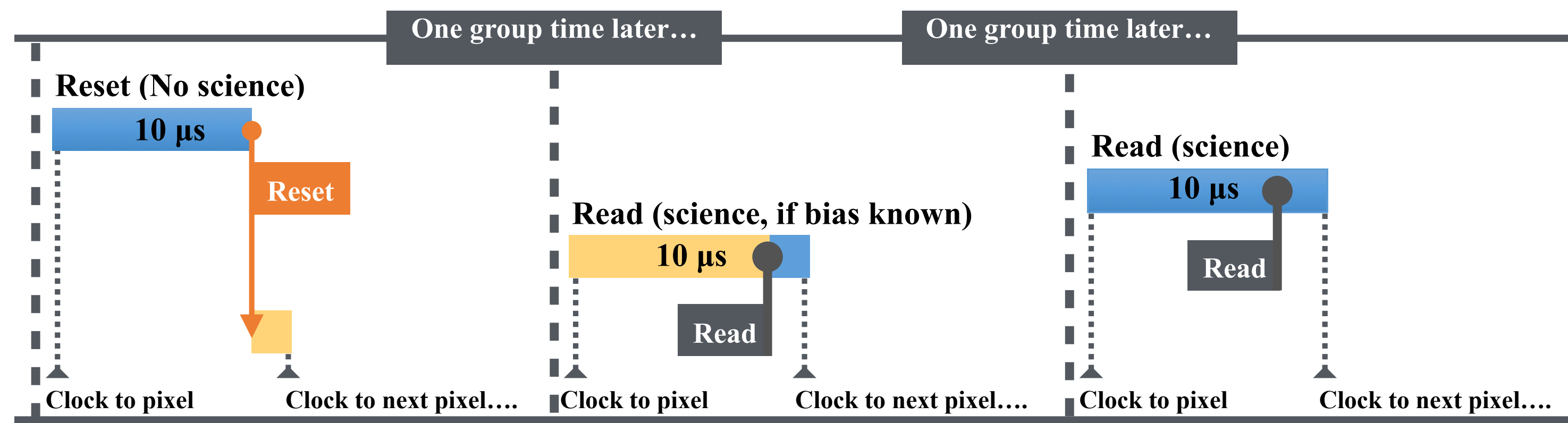


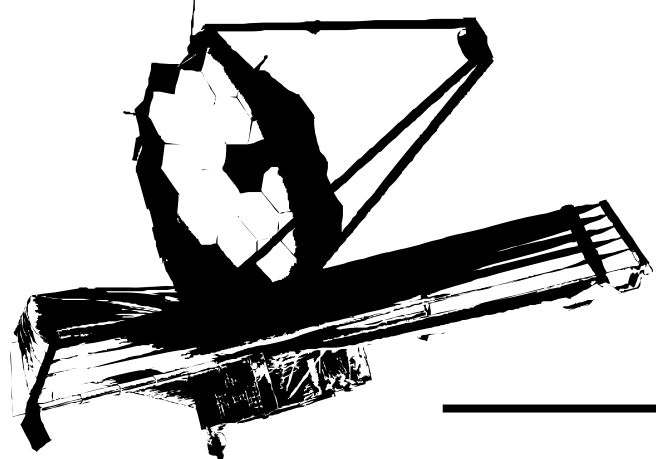
There are options for Cycle >1 on the table that can help us improve this!
We need to advocate for them.



It is still possible to improve read out speeds in Cycle >1!

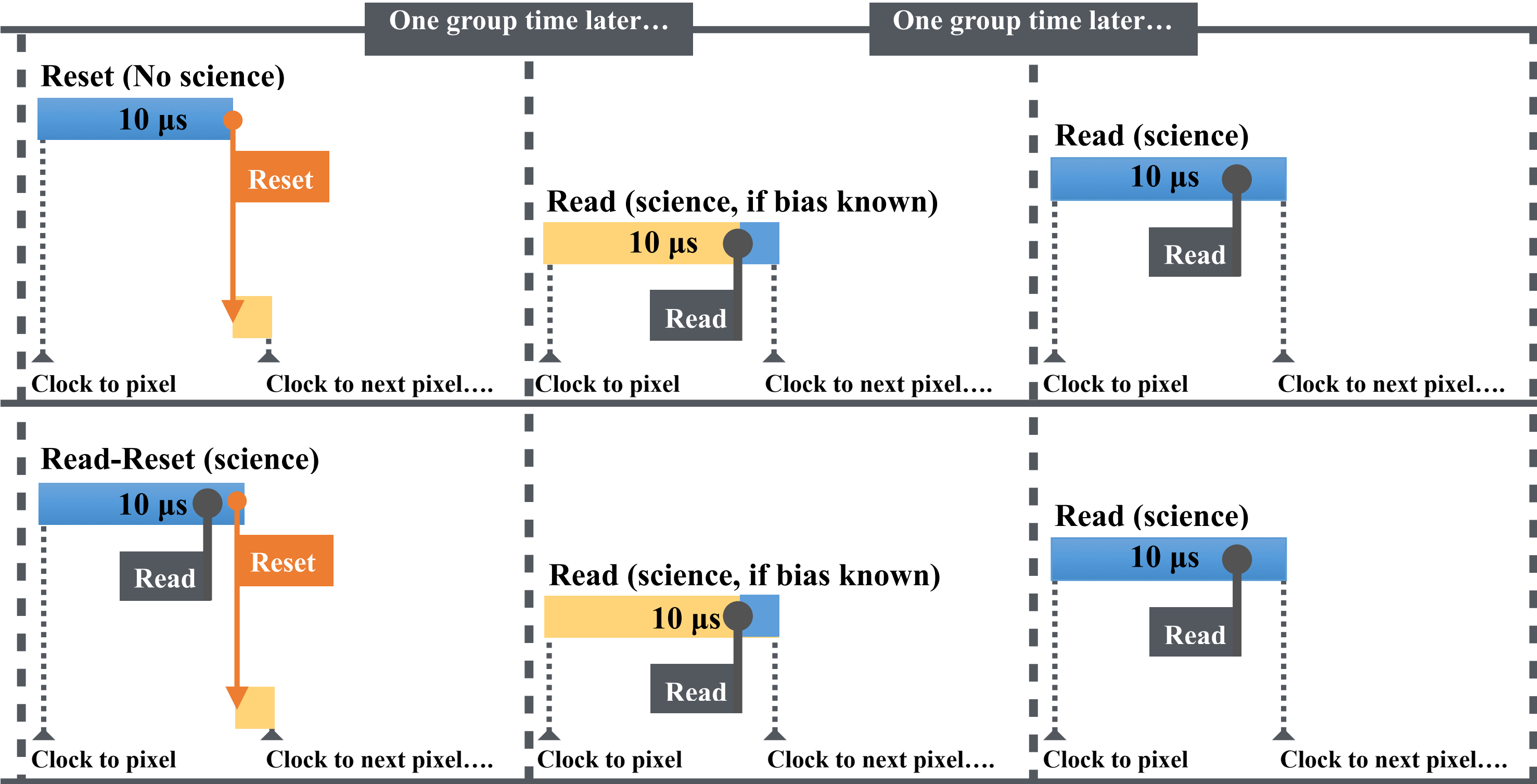
Currently Approved:
33%



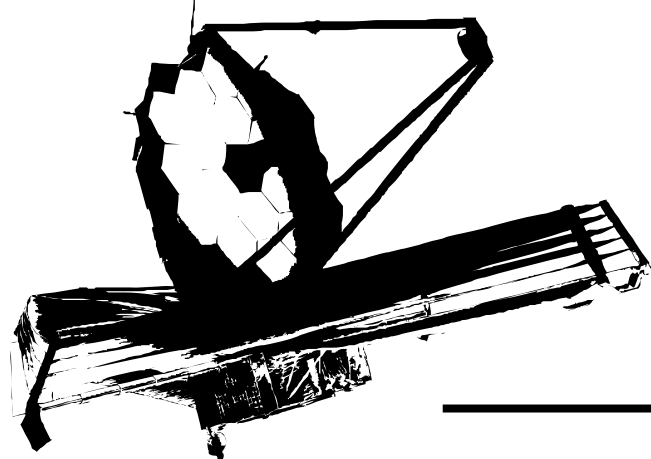


It is still possible to improve read out speeds in Cycle >1!

Currently Approved:
33%

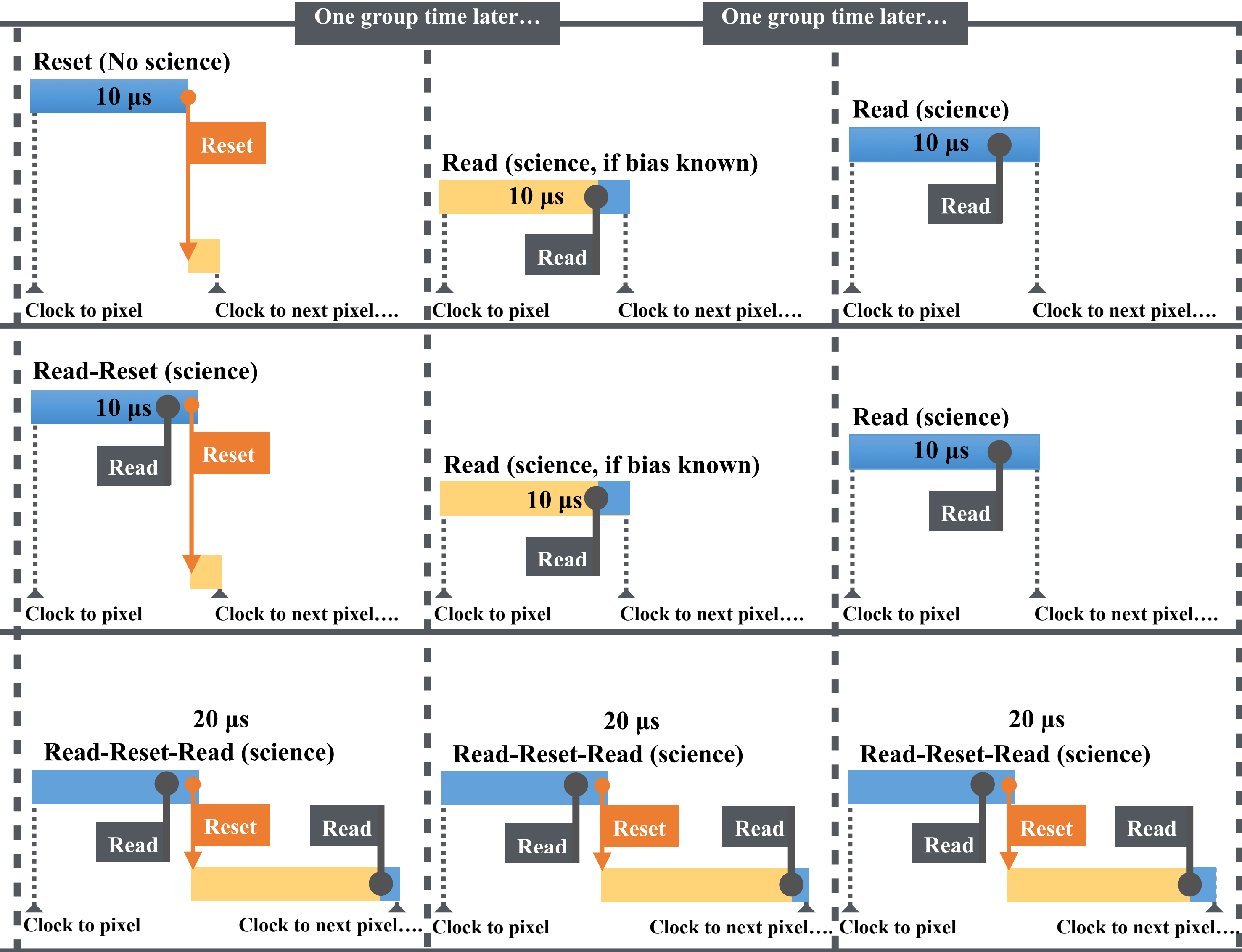


67%



It is still possible to improve read out speeds in Cycle >1!

Currently Approved:
33%

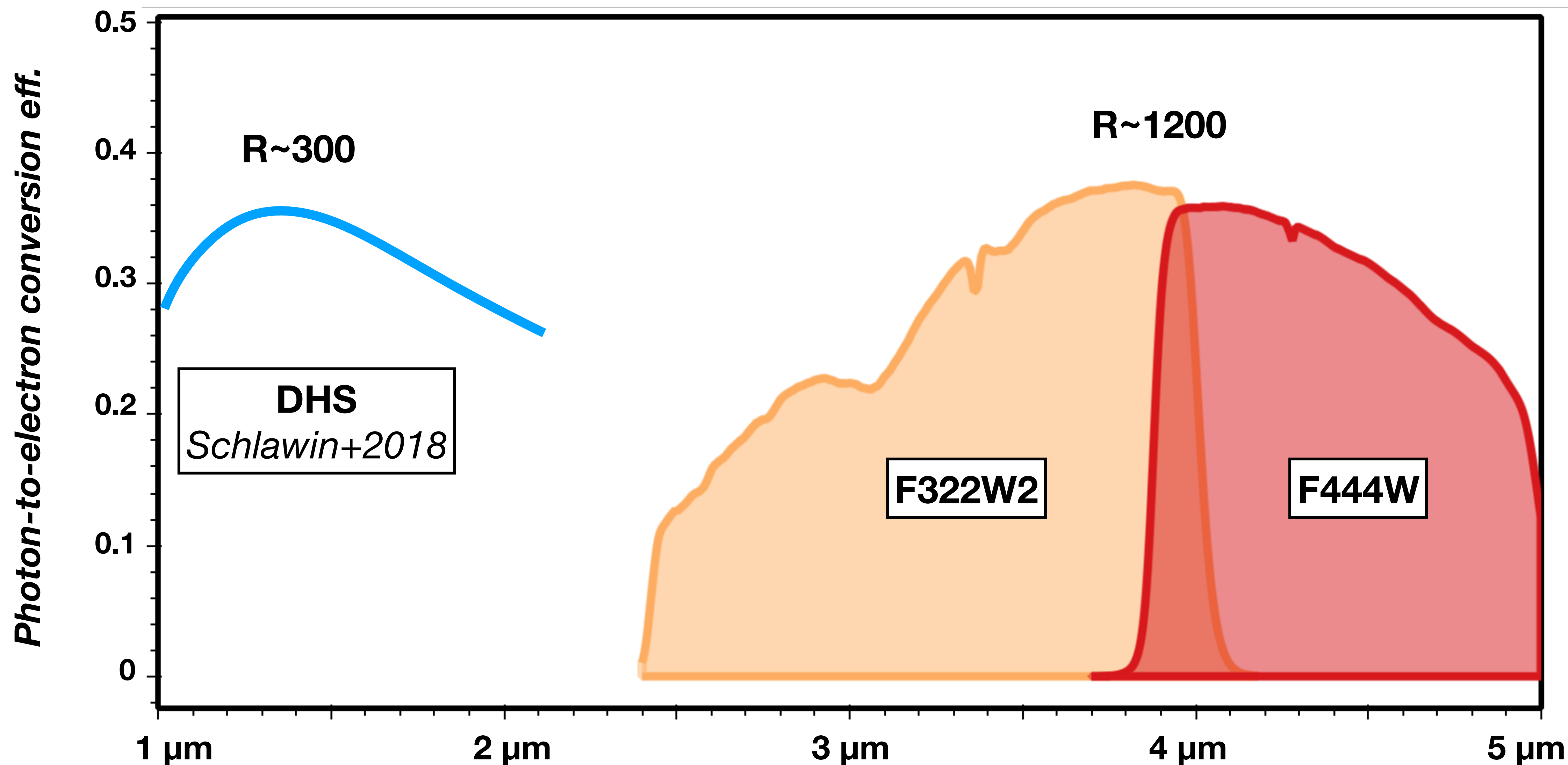


67%

~100%

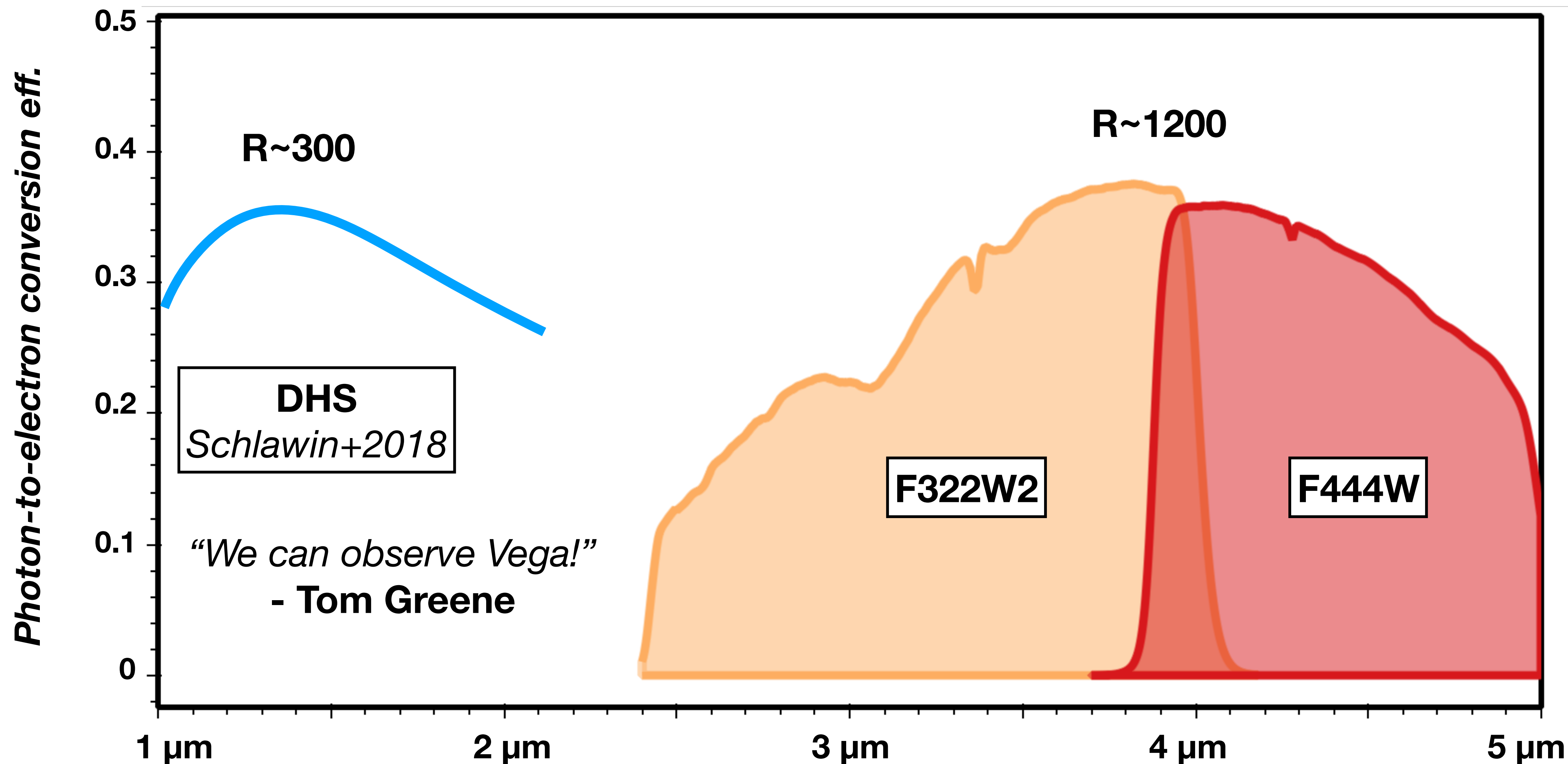


NIRCam DHS could improve 1-2.22 μm efficiency on bright targets

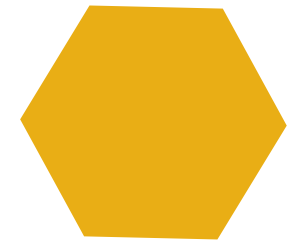




NIRCam DHS could improve 1-2.22 μm efficiency on bright targets



Capabilities



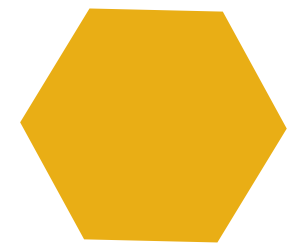
High precision spectroscopy

Challenges



Attaining highest precision possible. Need to ensure DHS and faster readout mode in Cycle 2

Capabilities



High precision spectroscopy

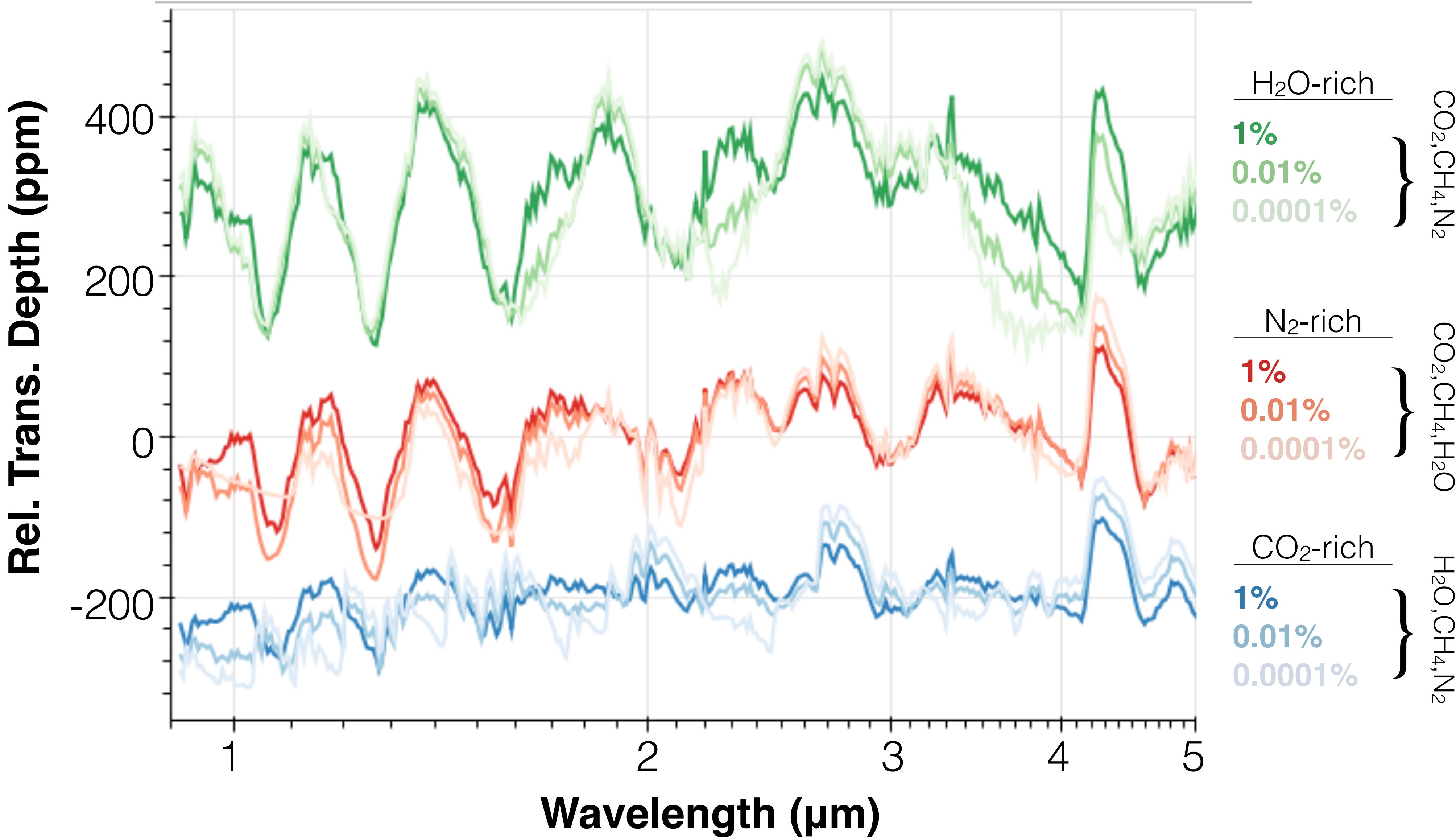
Challenges



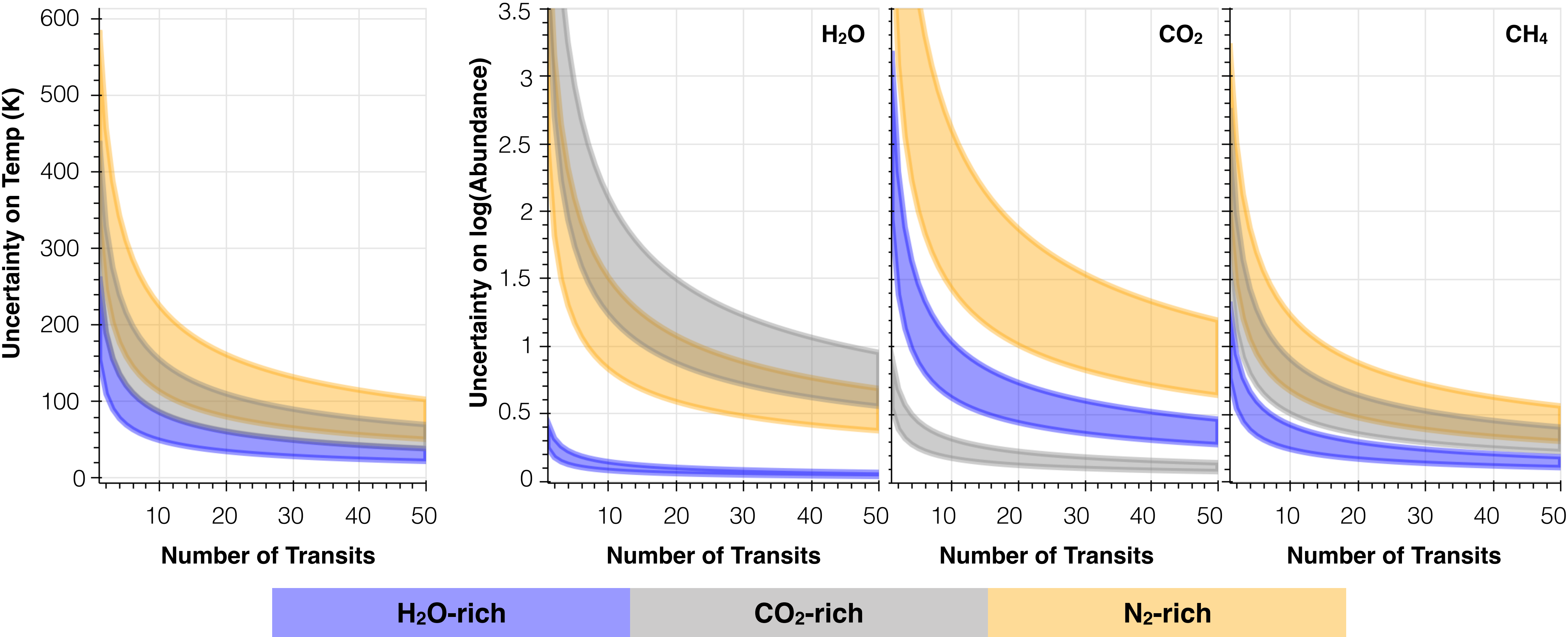
Attaining highest precision possible. Need to ensure DHS and faster readout mode in Cycle 2

What could we do with this precision??

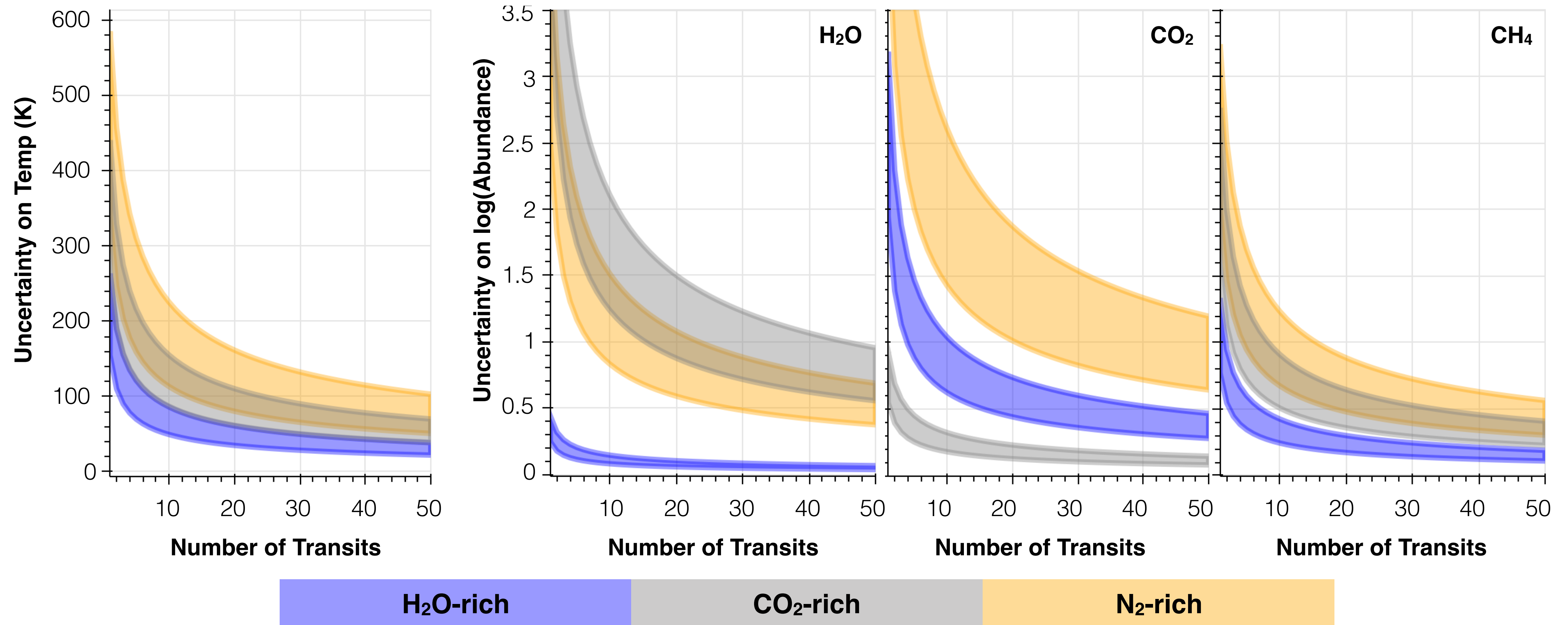
Brief look at NIRSpec Prism TRAPPIST-1 in transmission.. More to come next with real models!



Brief look at NIRSpec Prism TRAPPIST-1 in transmission.. More to come next with real models!



Brief look at NIRSpec Prism TRAPPIST-1 in transmission.. More to come next with real models!



Temperature errors: **±75 K**

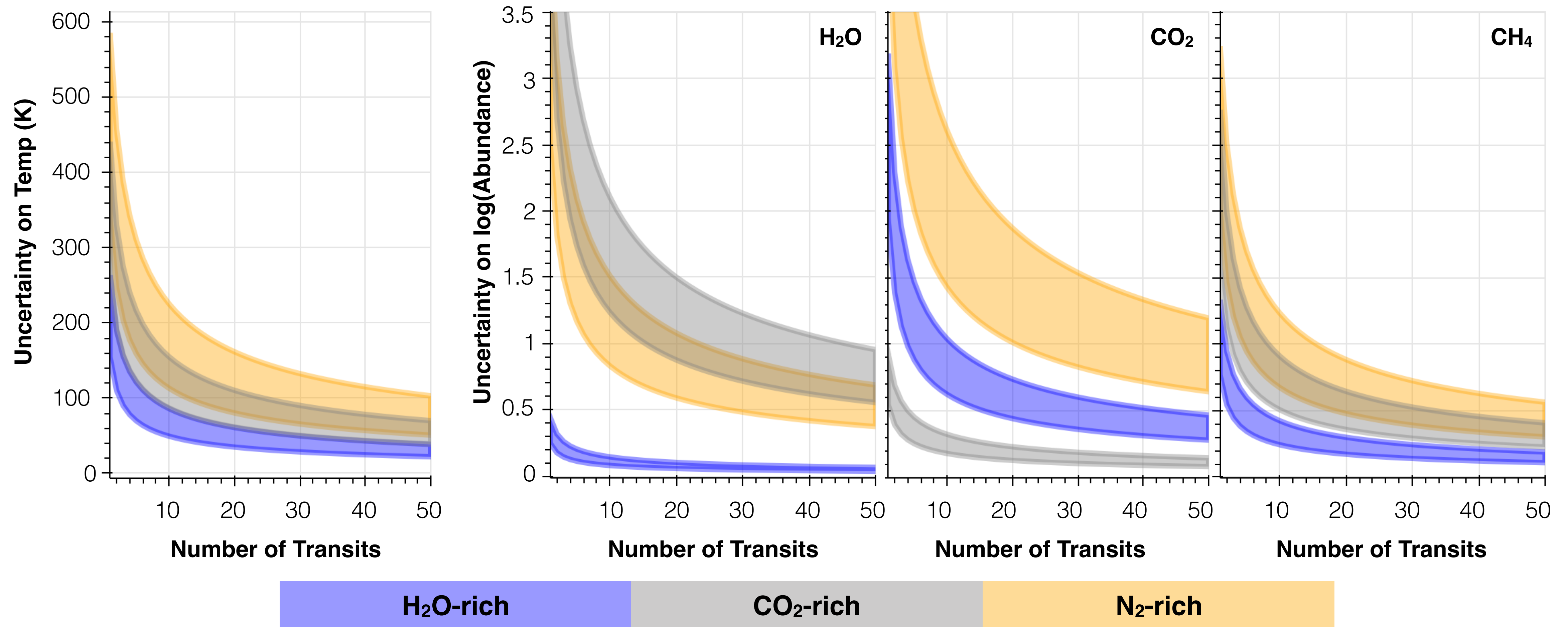
Mixing ratio errors:

± 0.5 dex (best case)

± 1 dex (most likely)

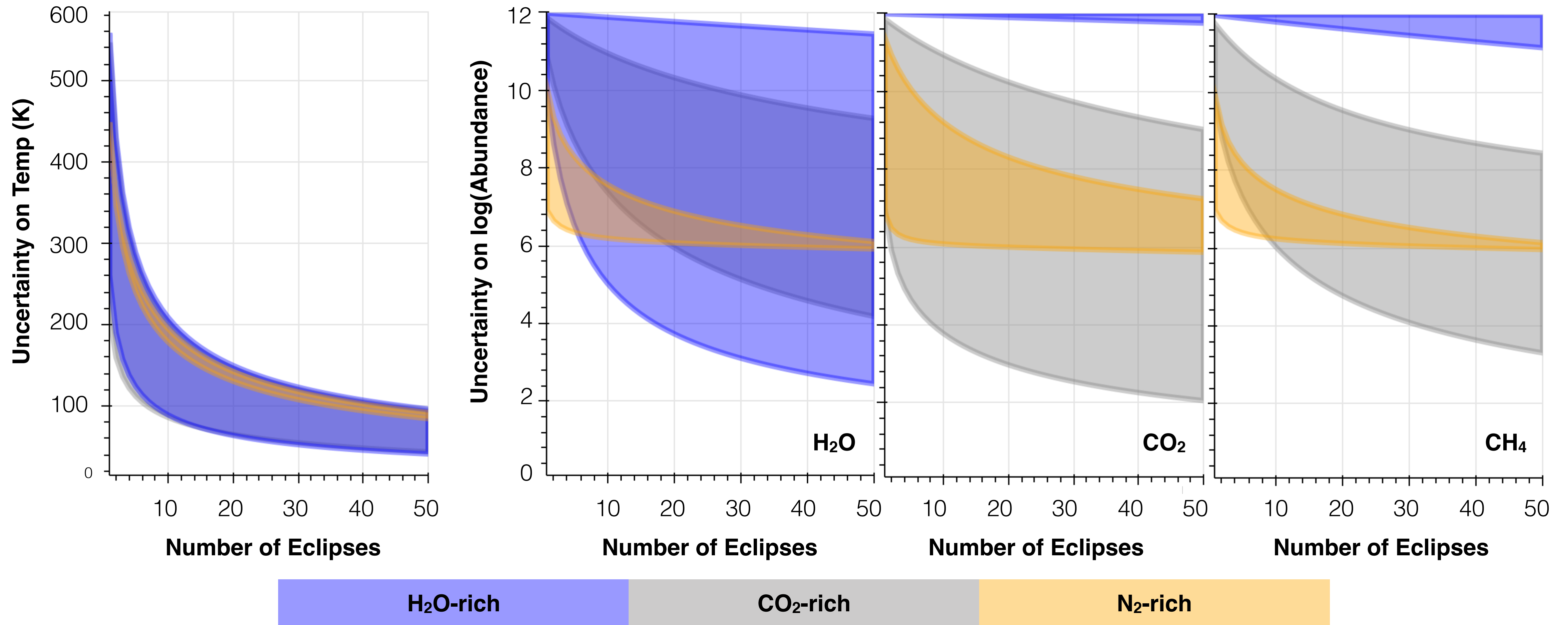
± 2 dex (cloud coverage)

Brief look at NIRSpec Prism TRAPPIST-1 in transmission.. More to come next with real models!



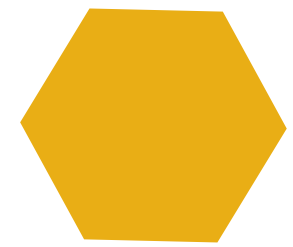
Always detect the dominant absorber!

Brief look at MIRI LRS TRAPPIST-1 in emission.. More to come next with real models!

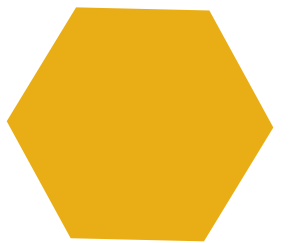


Molecular detections are very difficult

Capabilities



High precision spectroscopy



Ability to detect dominant absorber

Challenges

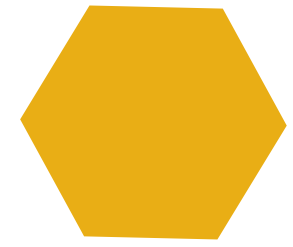


Attaining highest precision possible. Need to ensure DHS and faster readout mode in Cycle 2

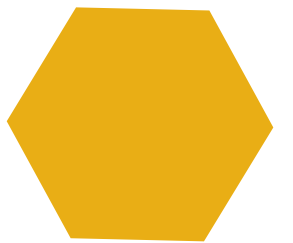


Emission and trace gasses

Capabilities



High precision spectroscopy



Ability to detect dominant absorber

Challenges



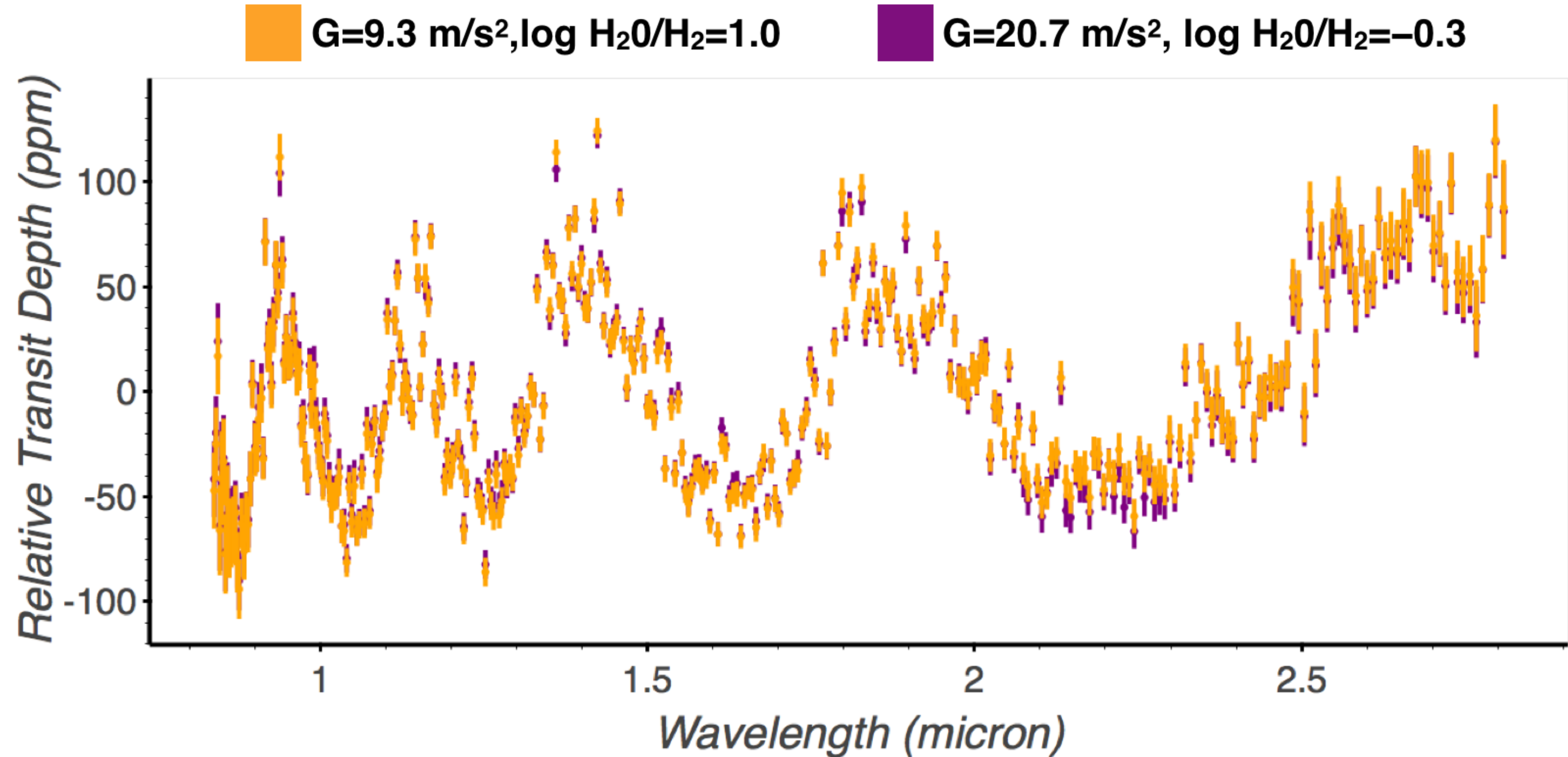
Attaining highest precision possible. Need to ensure DHS and faster readout mode in Cycle 2



Emission and trace gasses

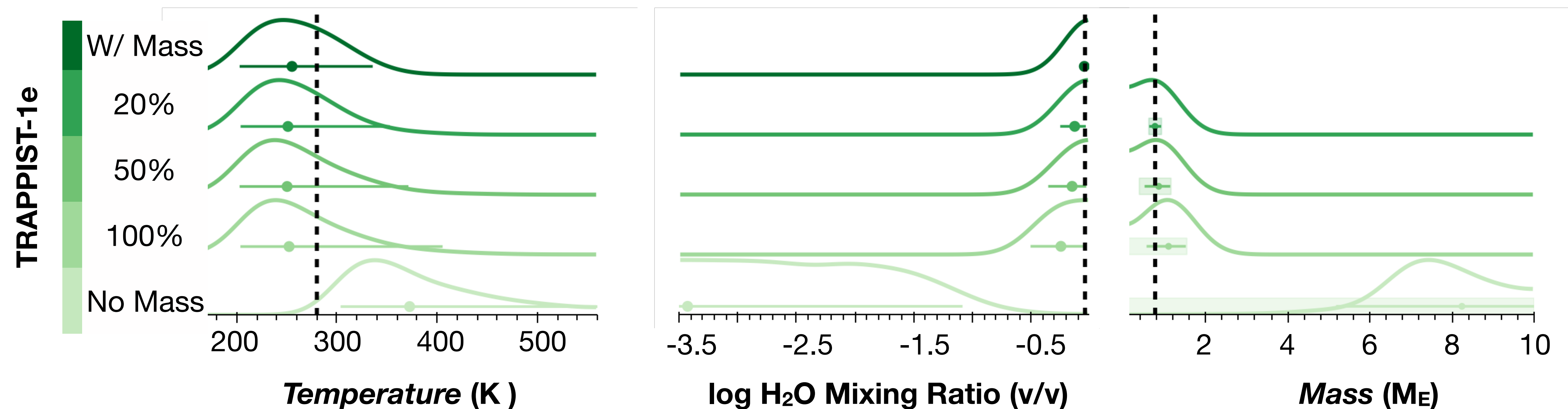
What could impede robust constraints on dominant absorber?

Mass composition degeneracies exist



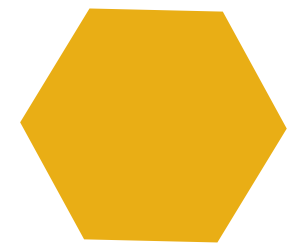


No mass constraints impede our ability to robustly determine composition

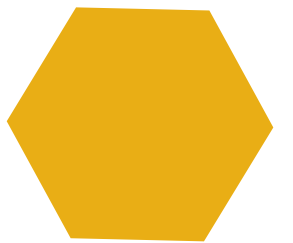


N. Batalha, T. Lewis, J. Fortney, N. Batalha, E. Kempton, et al submission T-1 week

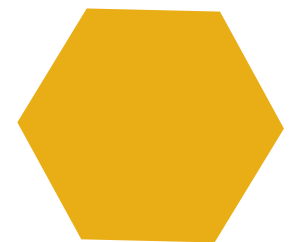
Capabilities



High precision spectroscopy



Ability to detect (sometimes constrain) dominant absorber



Simultaneous extreme precision RV

Challenges



Attaining highest precision possible. Need to ensure DHS and faster readout mode in Cycle 2



Emission and trace gasses



Need mass to get robust atmospheric composition