

NASA's ExoPAG Study Analysis Group (SAG) 21:

The Effect of Stellar Contamination on Space-based Transmission Spectroscopy

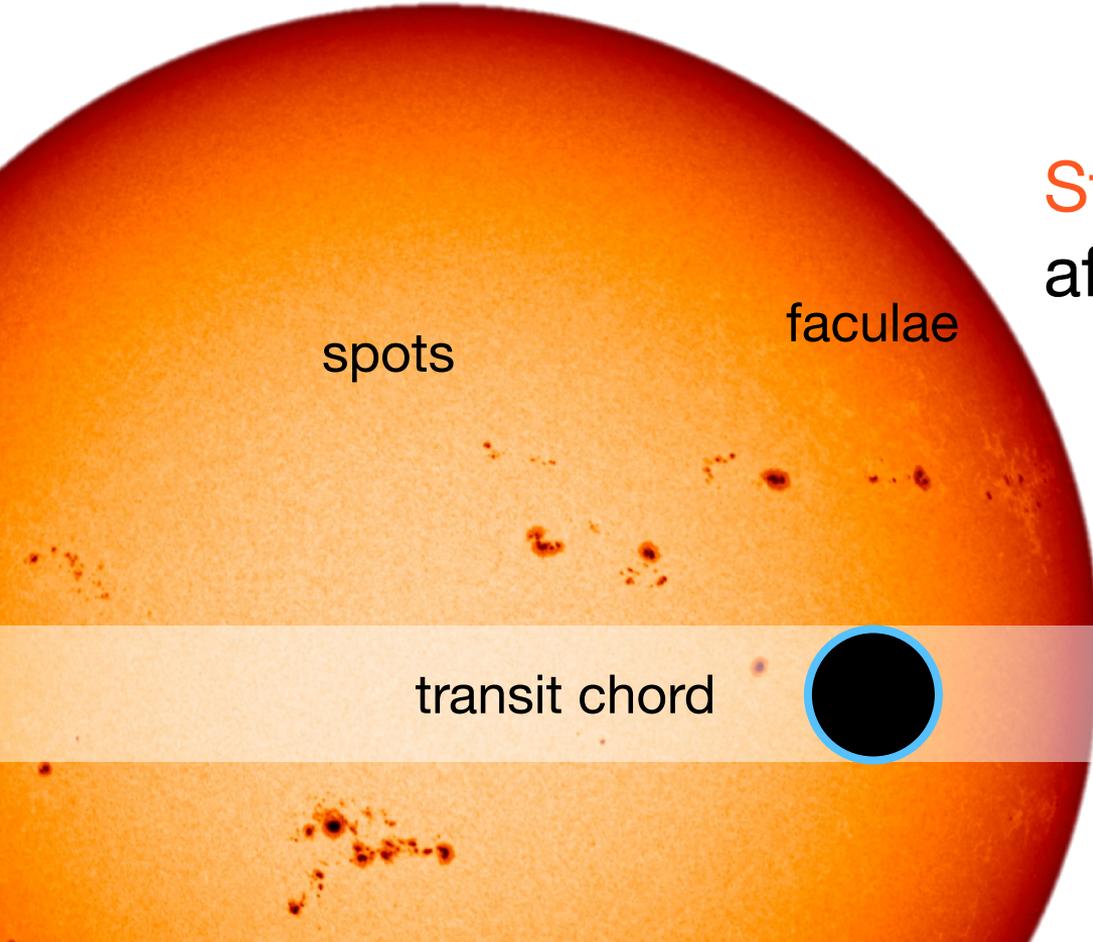
Nestor Espinoza (STScI) & Benjamin Rackham (MIT) on behalf of SAG21
ExoPAG 23 Update | January 6th, 2021

Outline

- 1. What is and who is part of SAG21**
- 2. Timeline of SAG21**
- 3. Subgroups and Science Questions**
- 4. Community Symposium**

1. What is and Who is Part of SAC 21

The Challenge: “Stellar Contamination”



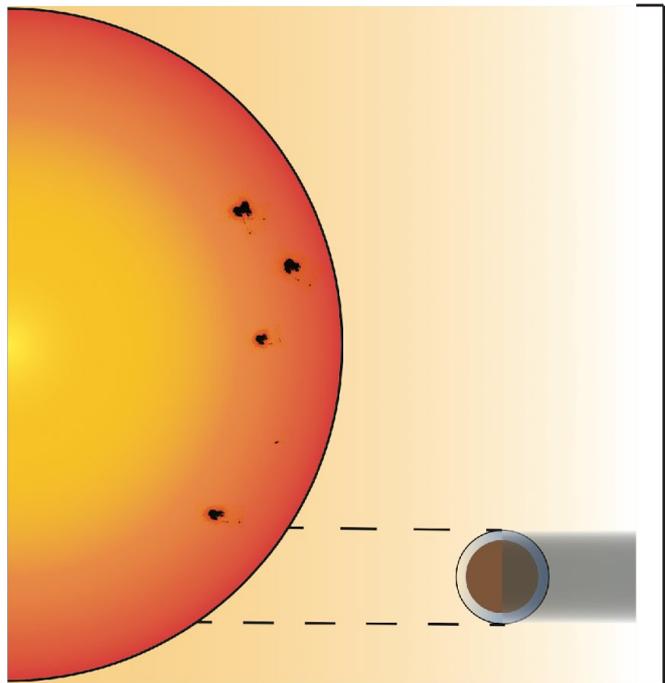
spots

faculae

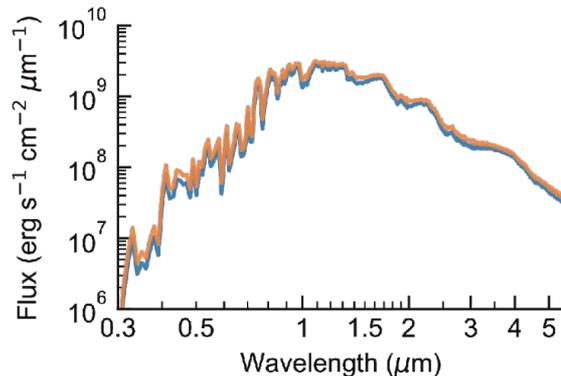
transit chord

Stellar heterogeneity
affects transits depths too!

The Transit Light Source Effect

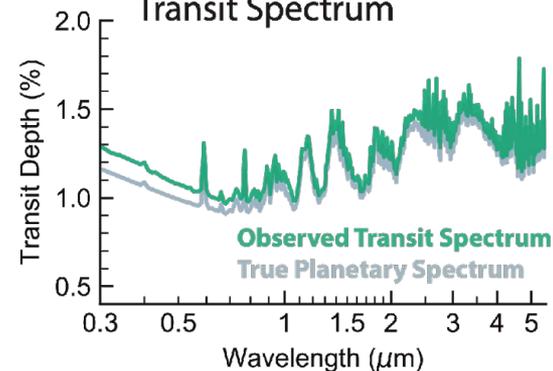


Pre-transit Stellar Disk is the
Assumed Light Source



Actual Light Source is the Chord
Defined by the Planet's Projection

Spectral Difference due to
Different Spot/Faculae
Contributions Contaminates
Transit Spectrum

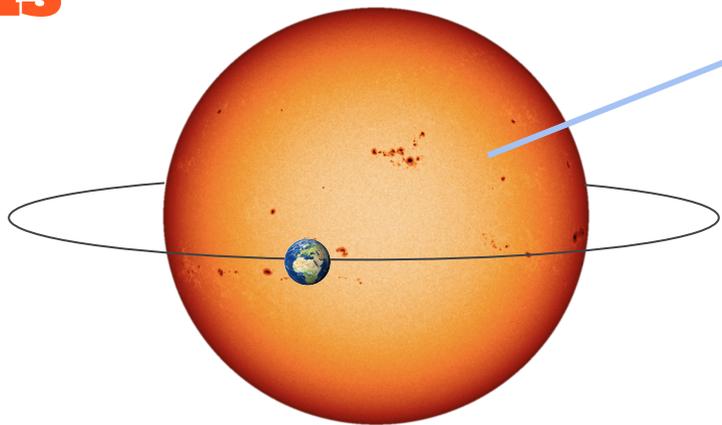


Rackham et al. (2018)

See also: Pont+08, Bean+10, Berta+11, Sing+11, Aigrain+12, Huitson+13, Jordán+13, Kreidberg+14, McCullough+14, Nikolov+15, Herrero+16, Zellem+17

**To what extent will this impact
space-based transmission spectra?**

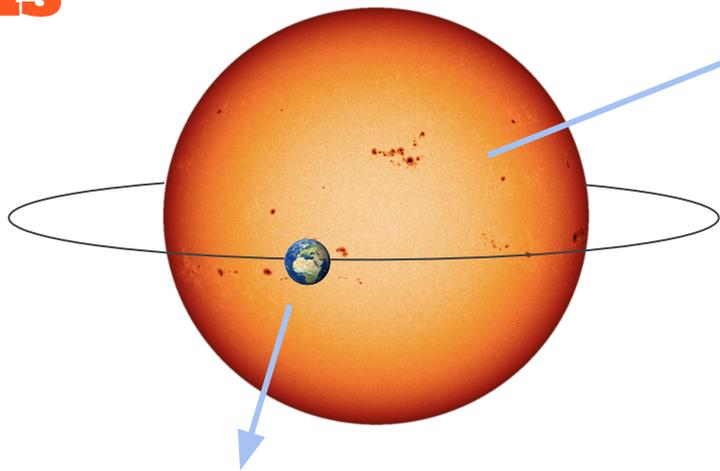
Goals



**What do we know &
what can we learn from the star?**

**e.g., chromospheric activity,
photometric monitoring,
polarization**

Goals



What do we know & what can we learn from the star?

e.g., chromospheric activity, photometric monitoring, polarization

What can we learn from transits?

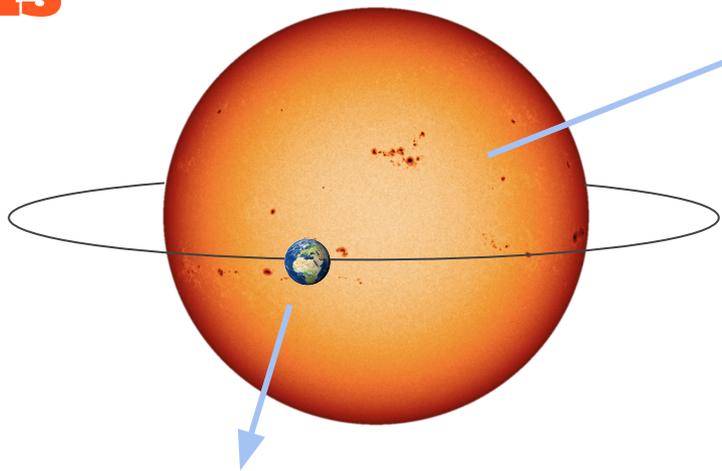
Planet

e.g., transit spectroscopy

Star

e.g., unocculted surface, occulted active regions, flares.

Goals



What do we know & what can we learn from the star?

e.g., chromospheric activity,
photometric monitoring,
polarization

What can we learn from transits?

Planet

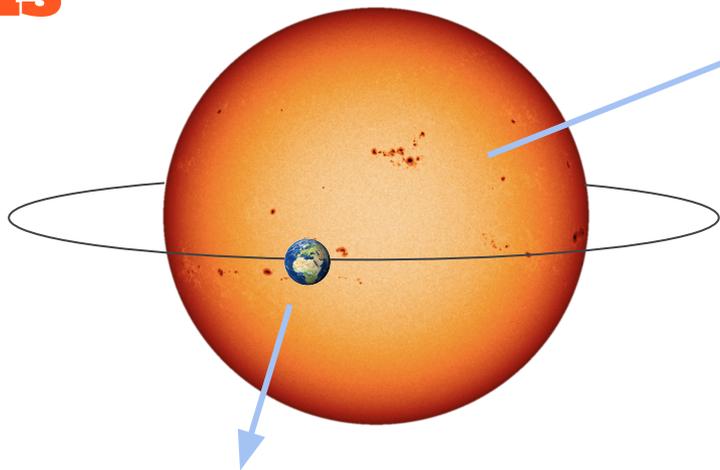
e.g., transit spectroscopy

Star

e.g., unocculted surface,
occulted active regions, flares.

What will the impact be on future studies?

Goals



What do we know & what can we learn from the star?

e.g., chromospheric activity,
photometric monitoring,
polarization

What can we learn from transits?

Planet

e.g., transit spectroscopy

Star

e.g., unocculted surface,
occulted active regions, flares.

What will the impact be on future studies?

What complementary observations will be useful?

Main deliverable:

SAG21 report to NASA by mid-2021

Current members (106 researchers)

Current members (106 researchers)

Gender identity:

Your answer _____

Ethnic origin:

- White
- Hispanic and/or Latinx
- Black and/or African American
- Native American
- Asian/Pacific Islander
- Other: _____

Career stage

- Undergraduate or Postbaccalaureate
- Graduate student
- Postdoctoral researcher
- Non-tenure-track Faculty/Staff
- Non-tenured Faculty/Staff
- Tenured Faculty/Staff
- Other: _____

Current members (106 researchers)

Gender identity:

Your answer _____

Ethnic origin:

White

Hispanic and/or Latinx

Black and/or African American

Native American

Asian/Pacific Islander

Other: _____

Career stage

Undergraduate or Postbaccalaureate

Graduate student

Postdoctoral researcher

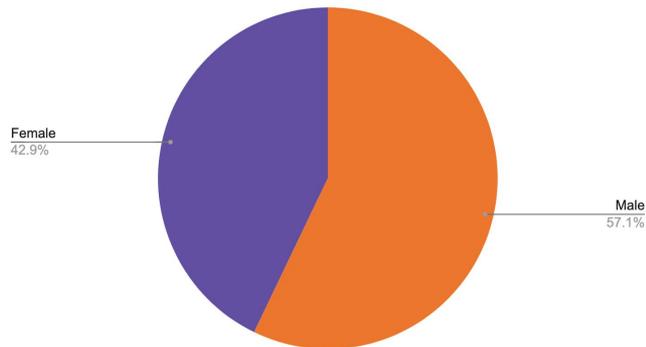
Non-tenure-track Faculty/Staff

Non-tenured Faculty/Staff

Tenured Faculty/Staff

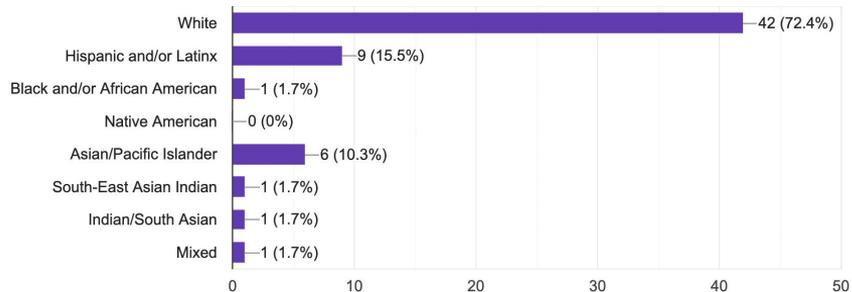
Other: _____

Gender identity (57 responses)



Ethnic origin:

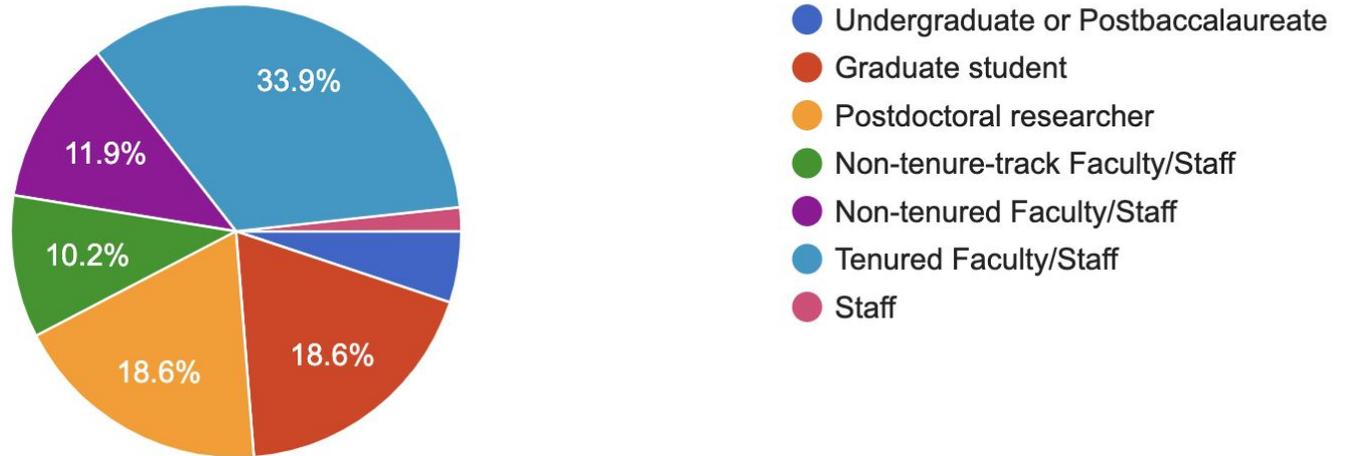
58 responses



Current members (106 researchers)

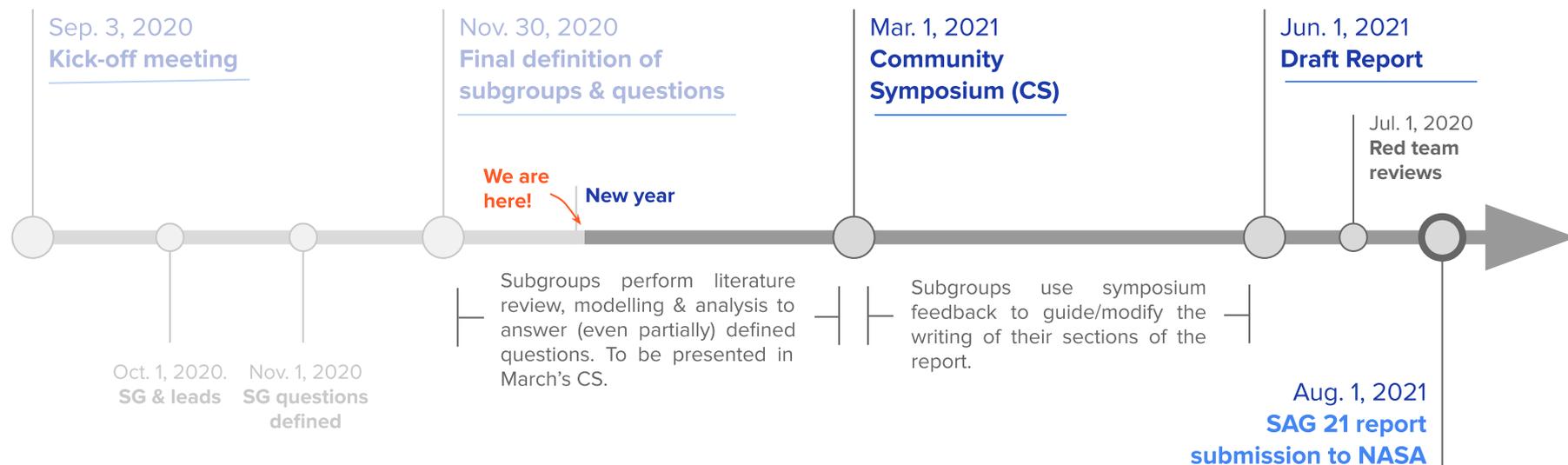
Career stage

59 responses



2. Timeline of SAG21

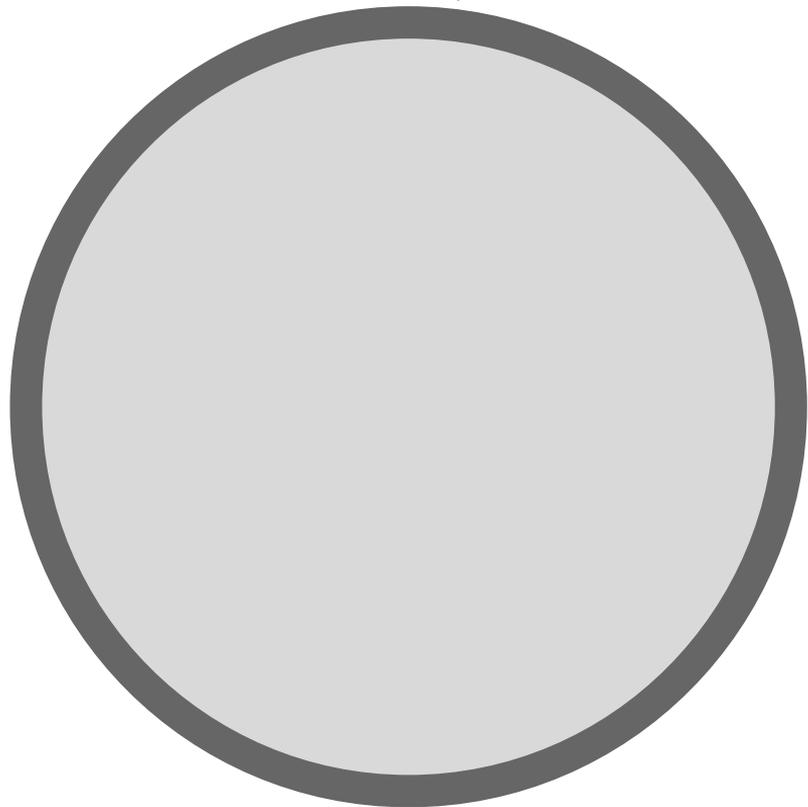
SAG21 Timeline



3. Subgroups and Science Questions

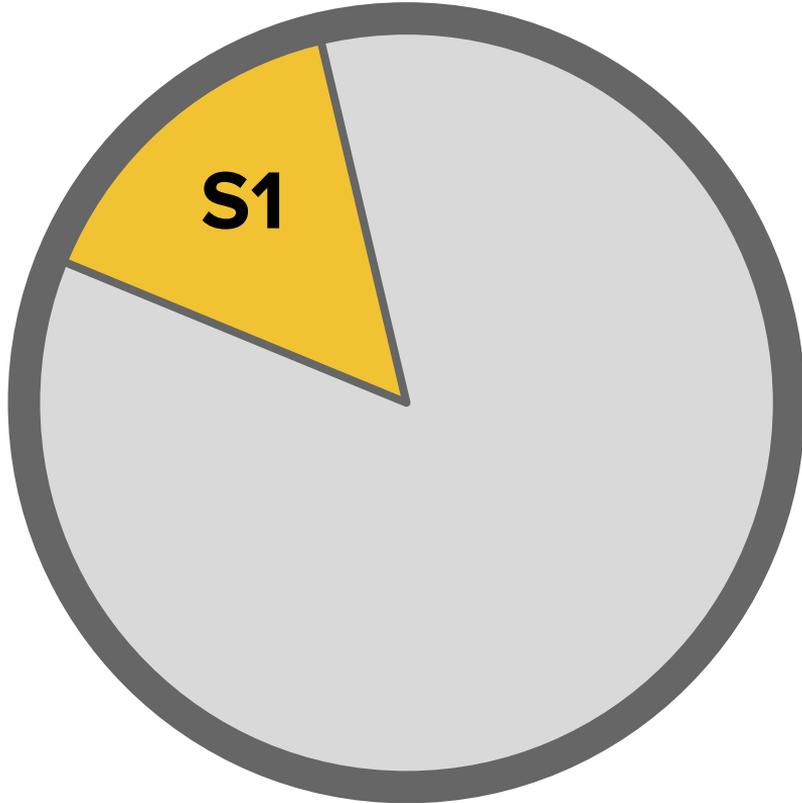
Subgroups

SAG 21



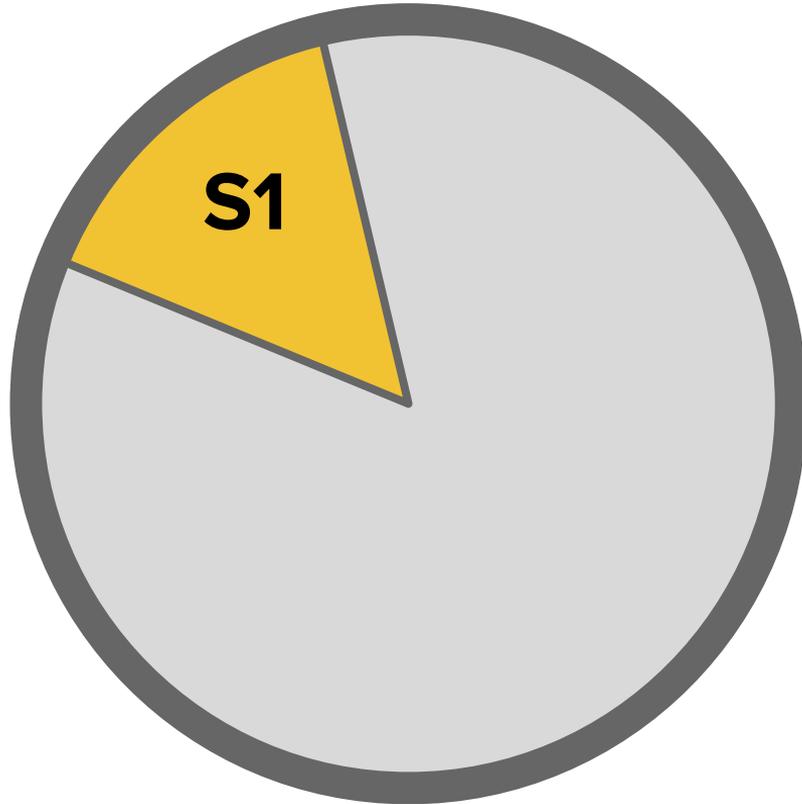
S1: Stellar Photospheric Heterogeneity

Leads: Svetlana Berdyugina, Heidi Korhonen & Alexander Shapiro



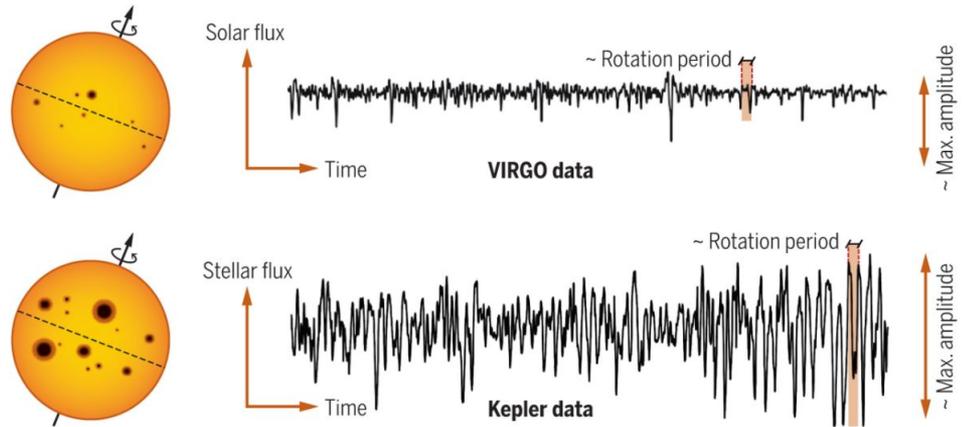
S1: Stellar Photospheric Heterogeneity

Leads: Svetlana Berdyugina, Heidi Korhonen & Alexander Shapiro



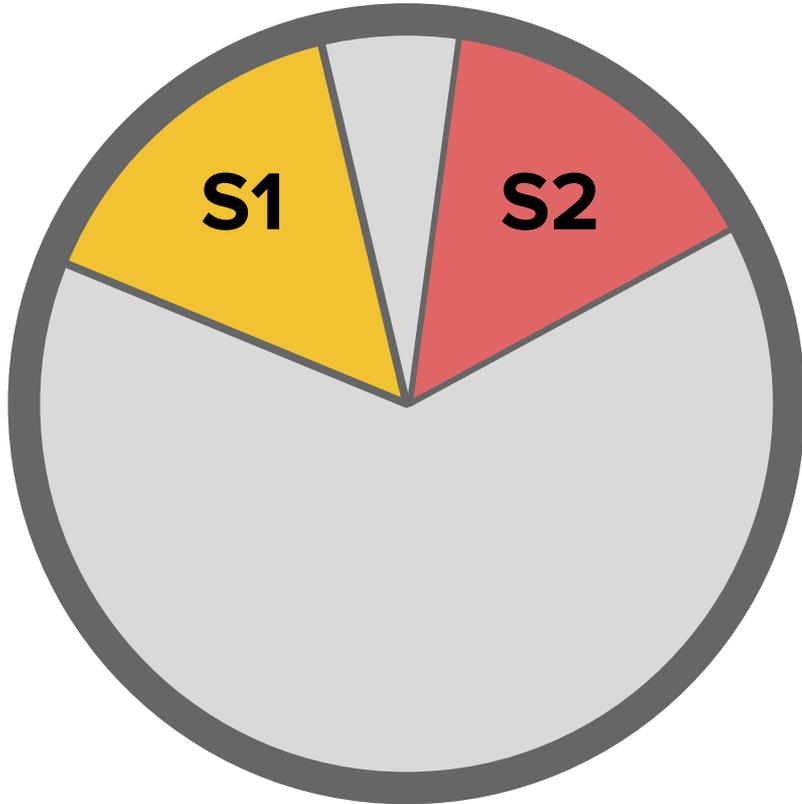
Photometric monitoring

Figure source: [Santos & Mathur \(2020\)](#)



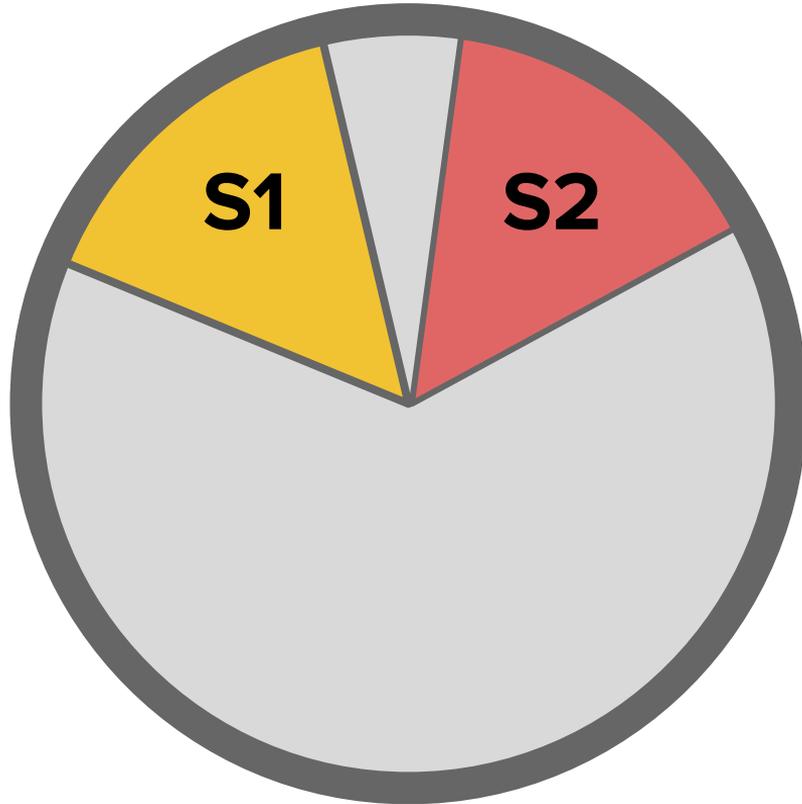
S2: Stellar Spectral Decomposition

Leads: Joanna Barstow, Benjamin Rackham, & Nestor Espinoza



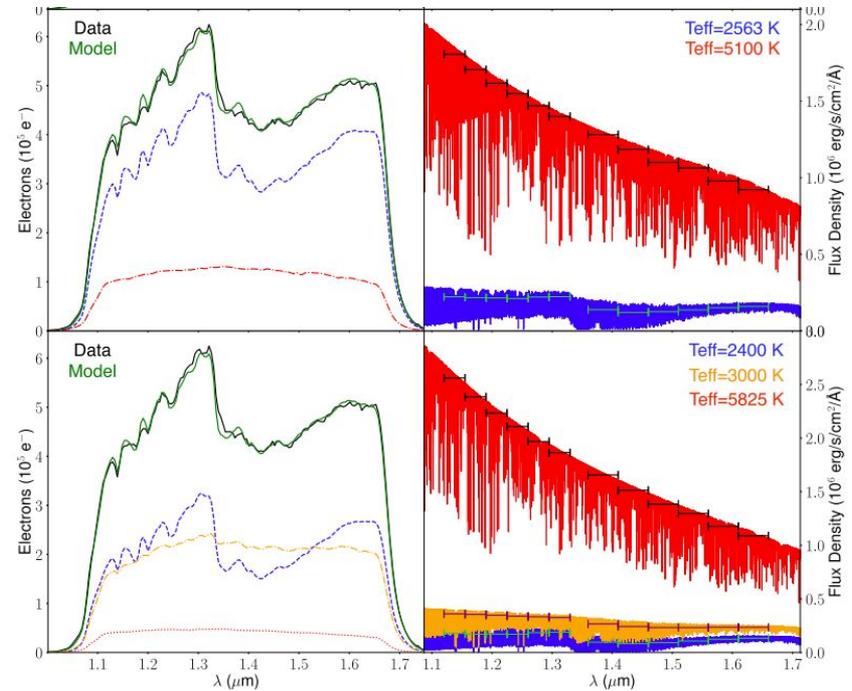
S2: Stellar Spectral Decomposition

Leads: Joanna Barstow, Benjamin Rackham, & Nestor Espinoza



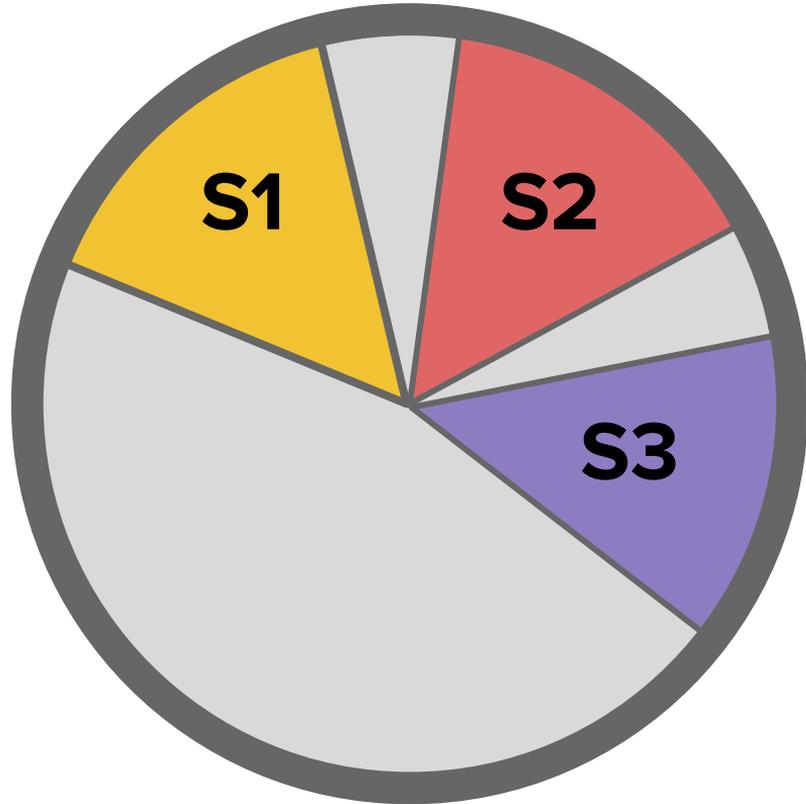
The case of TRAPPIST-1

[Wakeford et al. \(2019\)](#)



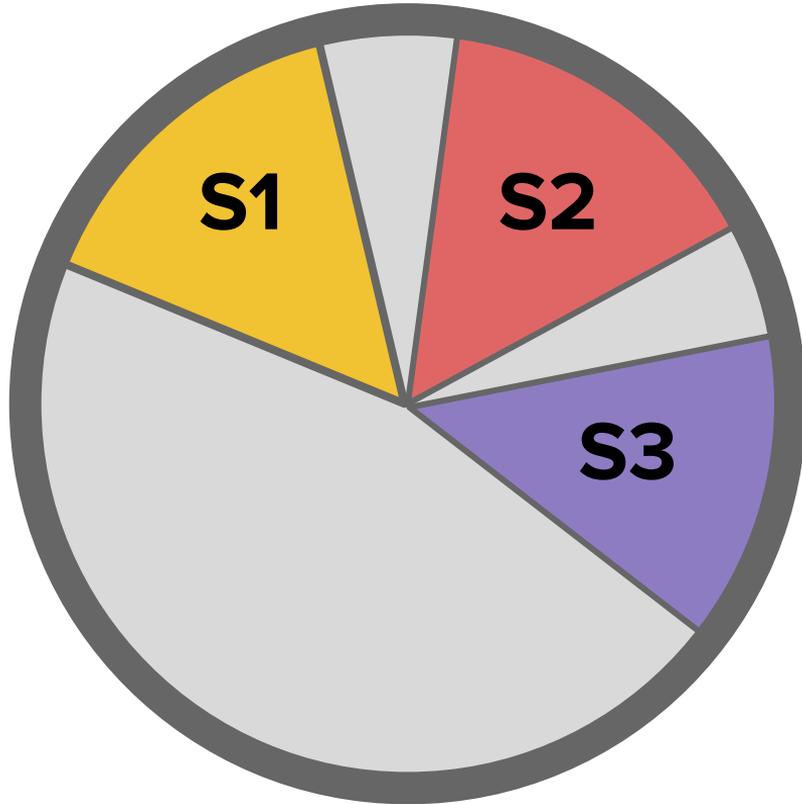
S3: Occulted Active Regions

Leads: Mahmoud Oshagh & Brett Morris



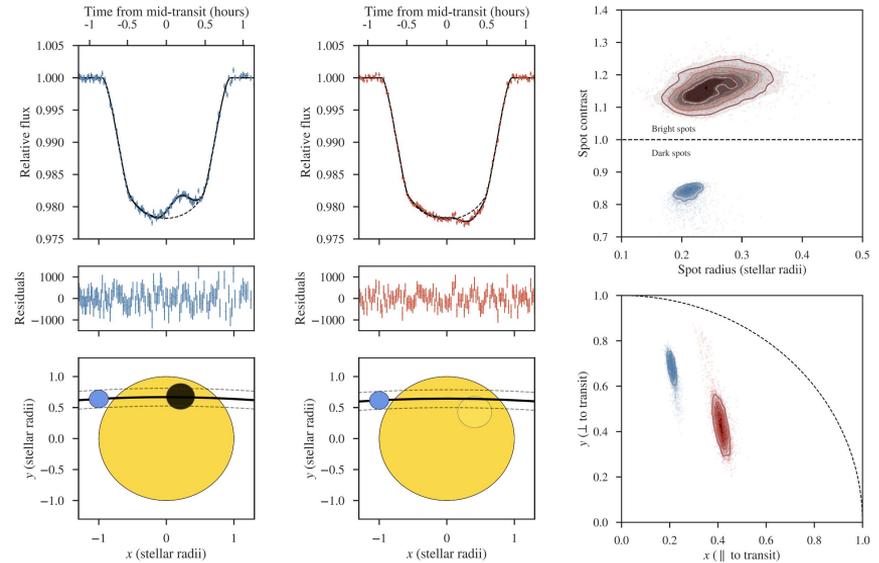
S3: Occulted Active Regions

Leads: Mahmoud Oshagh & Brett Morris



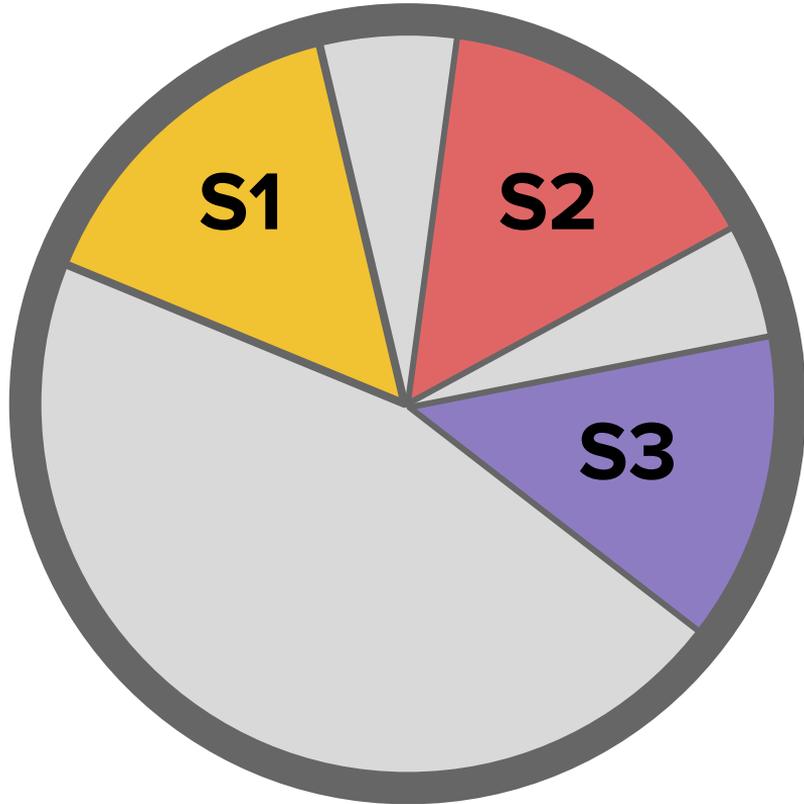
The case of WASP-19b

Figure source: [Espinoza et al. \(2019\)](#)



S3: Occulted Active Regions

Leads: Mahmoud Oshagh & Brett Morris



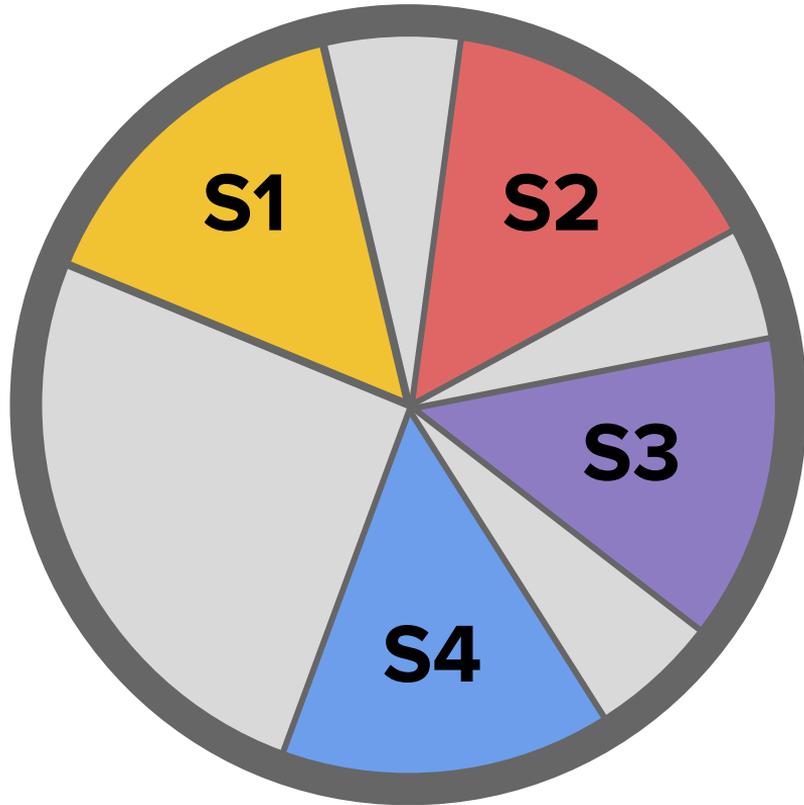
The case of WASP-19b

Figure source: [Espinoza et al. \(2019\)](#)



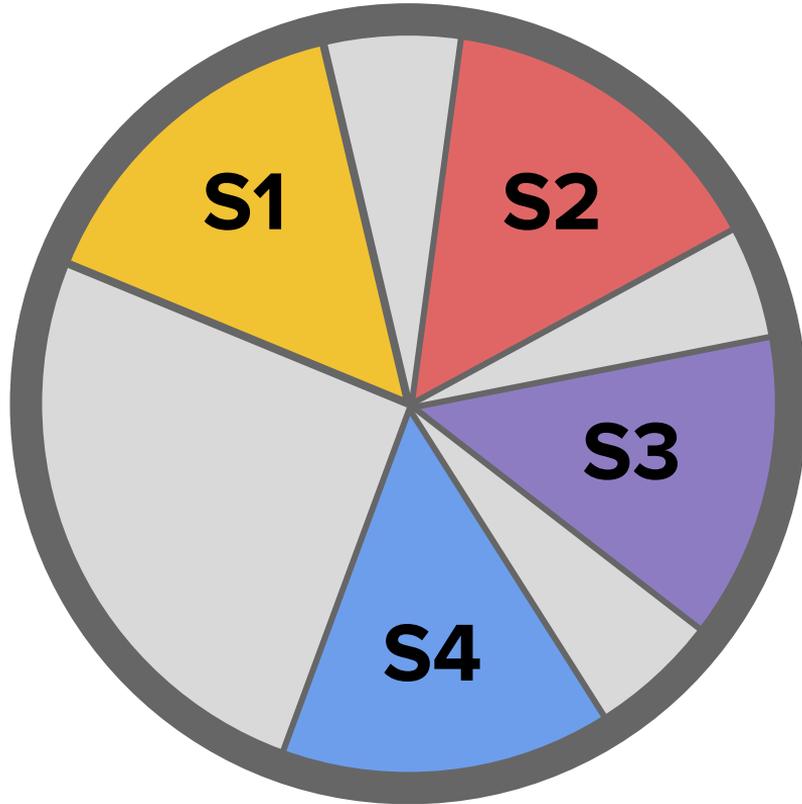
S4: Unoculted Active Regions

Leads: Yvonne Unruh & Ben Montet



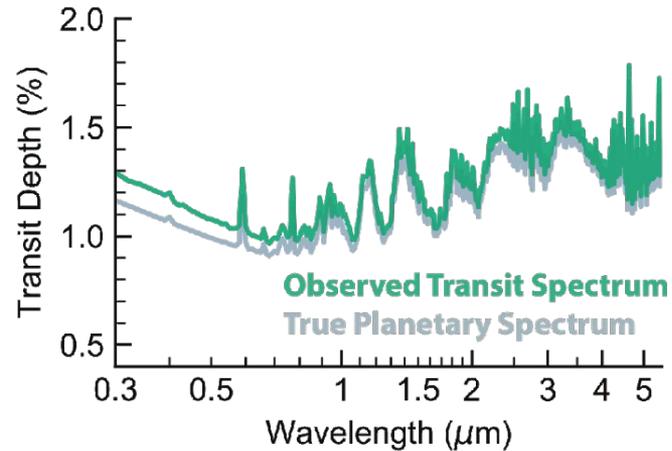
S4: Unocculted Active Regions

Leads: Yvonne Unruh & Ben Montet



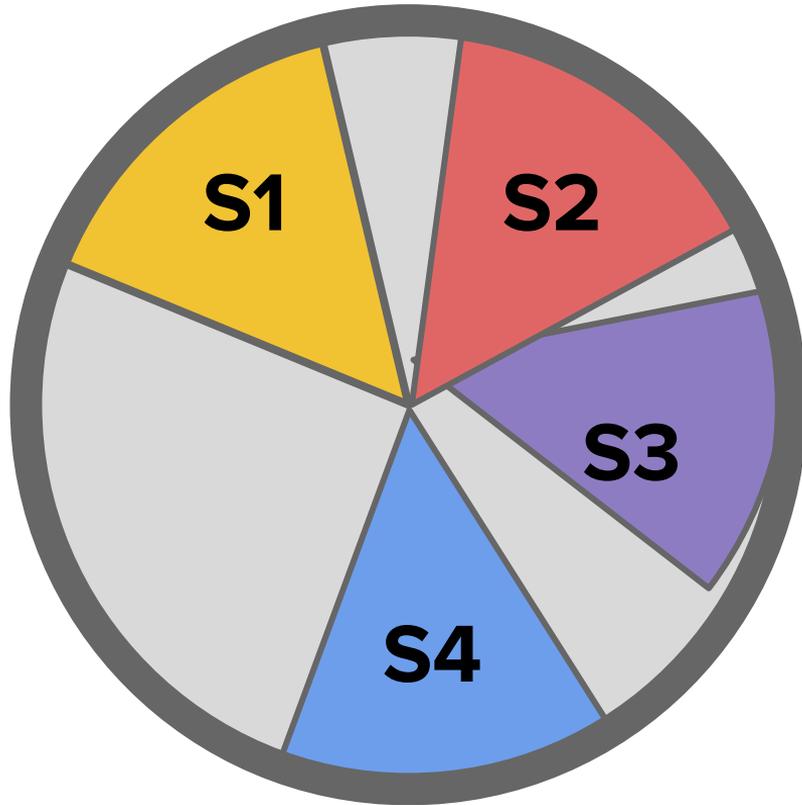
The Transit Light Source Effect

Figure source: [Rackham et al. \(2018\)](#)



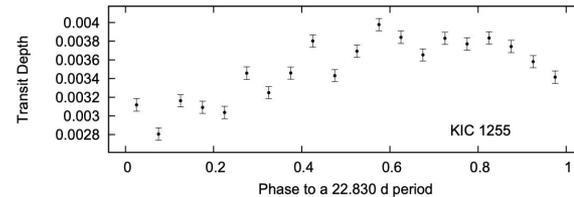
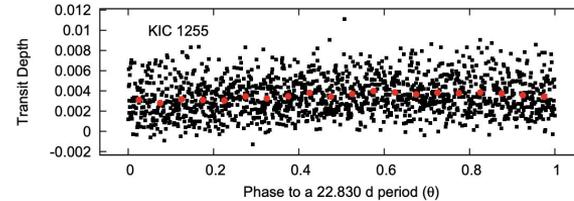
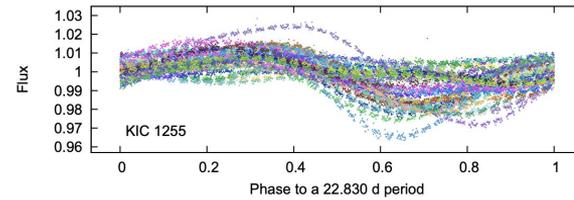
S4: Unoculted Active Regions

Leads: Yvonne Unruh & Ben Montet



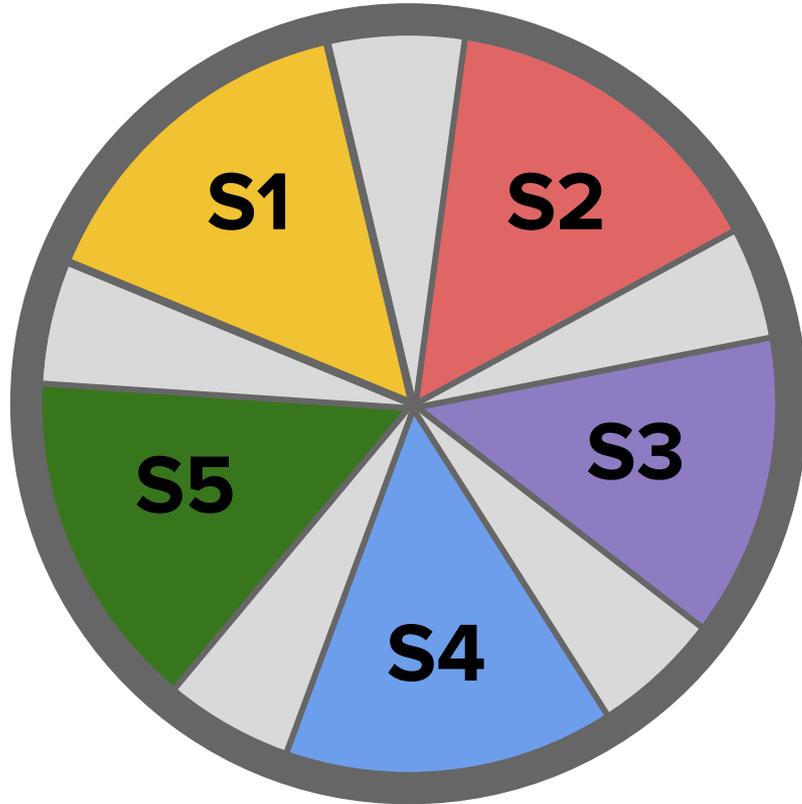
Transit depth variations in time

Figure source: [Croll et al. \(2015\)](#)



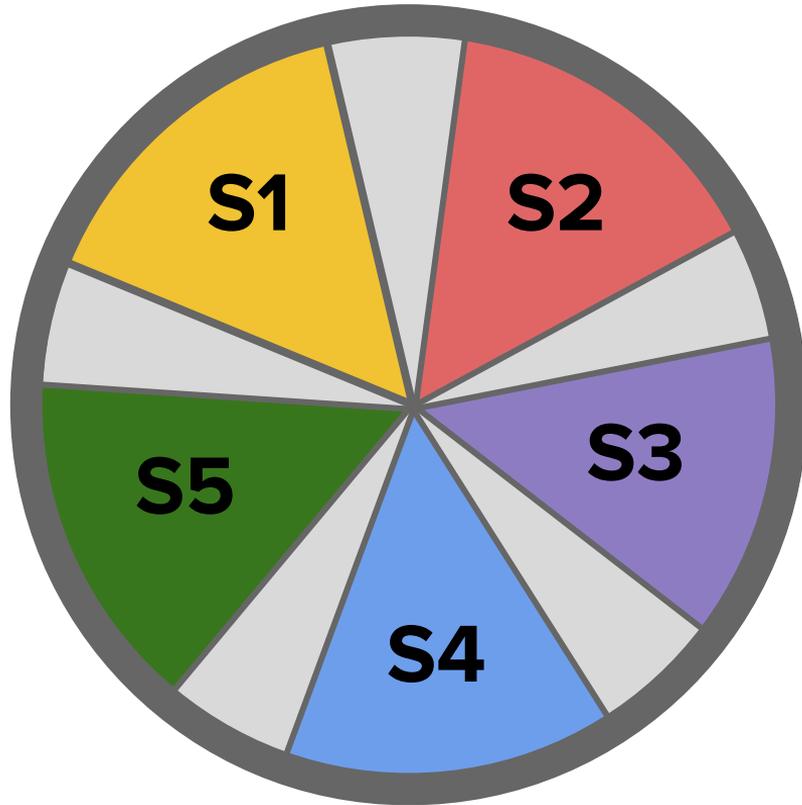
S5: Future Complementary Observations

Leads: Elisa Quintana & Rob Zellem



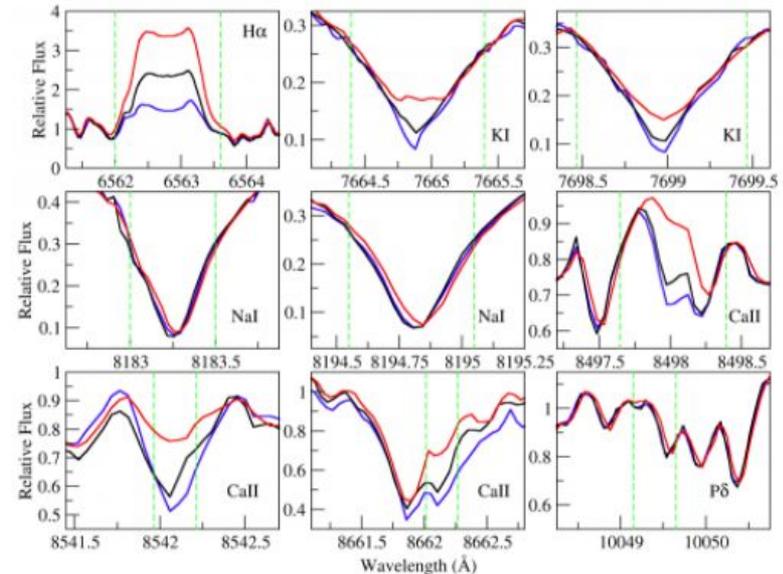
S5: Future Complementary Observations

Leads: Elisa Quintana & Rob Zellem



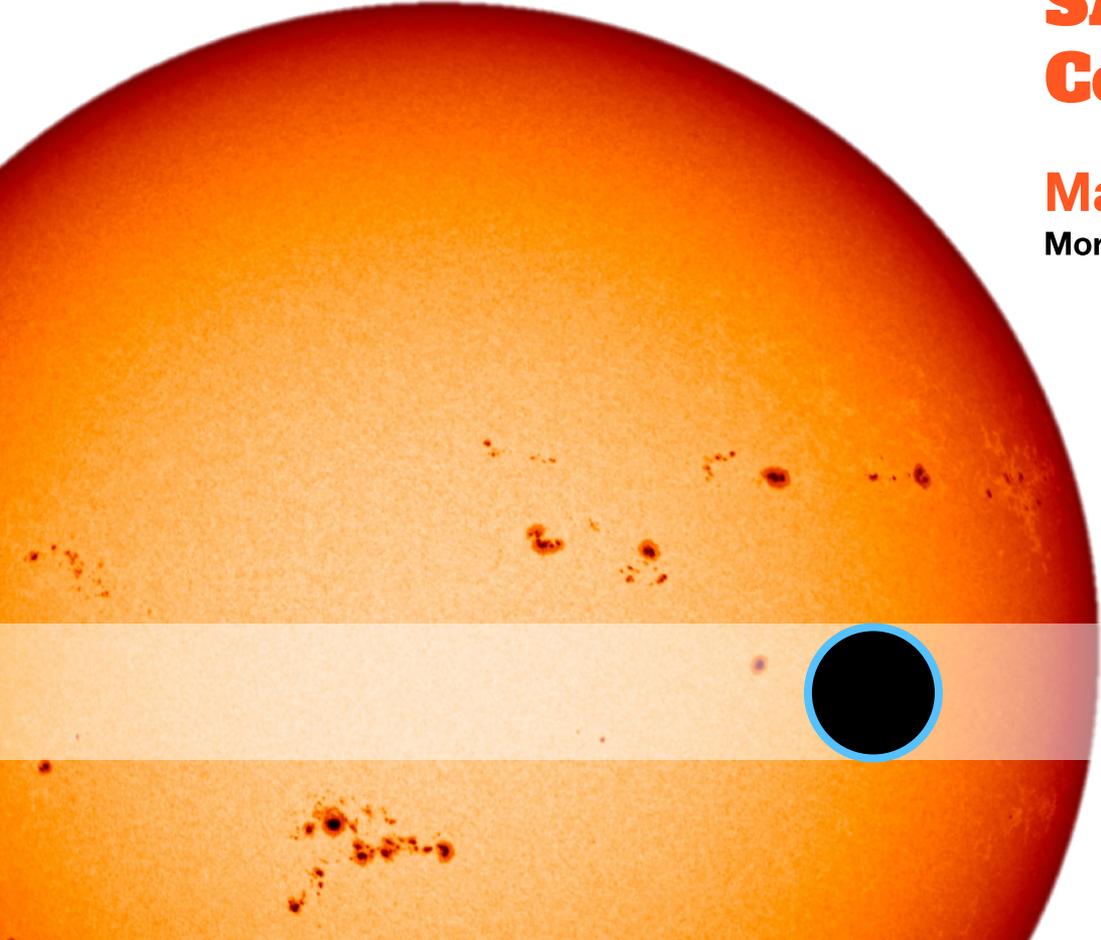
Spectroscopic monitoring

Figure source: [Robertson \(2016\)](#)



All this information (+more):
sites.google.com/view/sag21

4. Community Symposium



SAG21's (virtual) Community Symposium

March 8 and 9, 2021

More info: sites.google.com/view/sag21symposium

Presentations from
subgroup leads

Contributed talks from
the community

RSVP open!

Summary

1. **SAG21's goal is to deliver a report to NASA by mid-2021:** currently over 100 members, with over 50 “active” members divided in 5 sub-groups.
2. **SAG21 is on track with its self-defined timeline:** currently working on literature reviews, methods & analyses on defined questions.
3. **SAG21's Community Symposium registration is open until January 18th, 2021:** objective is to both share SAG21 work to the community and receive input from it.