



EXPLORE SOLAR SYSTEM&BEYOND

2021 Joint PAG Meeting January 8, 2021

Paul Hertz Director, Astrophysics Division Science Mission Directorate

Charts to be posted on the PAG web pages



Highlights of 2020





2

HELIOPHYSICS



PLANETARY SCIENCE

EARTH

SCIENCE

ASTROPHYSICS



BIOLOGICAL & PHYSICAL SCIENCE



JOINT AGENCY SATELLITE

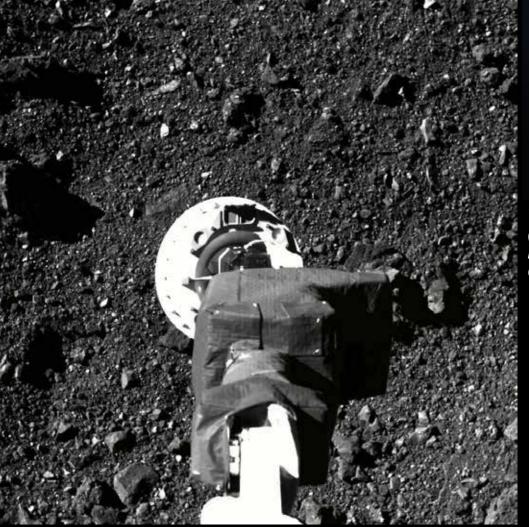
NASA SCIENCE AN INTEGRATED PROGRAM

NASA's Mars 2020 Perseverance rover launched on the Atlas V-541 rocket from Launch Complex 41 at Cape Canaveral Air Force Station, Florida on July 30, 2020, at 7:50 a.m. ET. Perseverance (and the Ingenuity Mars helicopter tech demo) will land on Mars on February 18, 2021, around 3:30 pm ET.

OSIRIS-REx



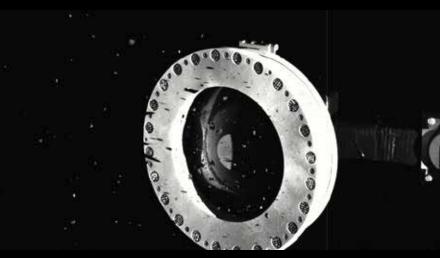
Touch-and-Go Sample Acquisition Mechanism (TAGSAM) Oct 22





Touch-and-Go ('TAG') at Nightingale Crater Oct 20

> Sample stowed in Sample Return Capsule Oct 28







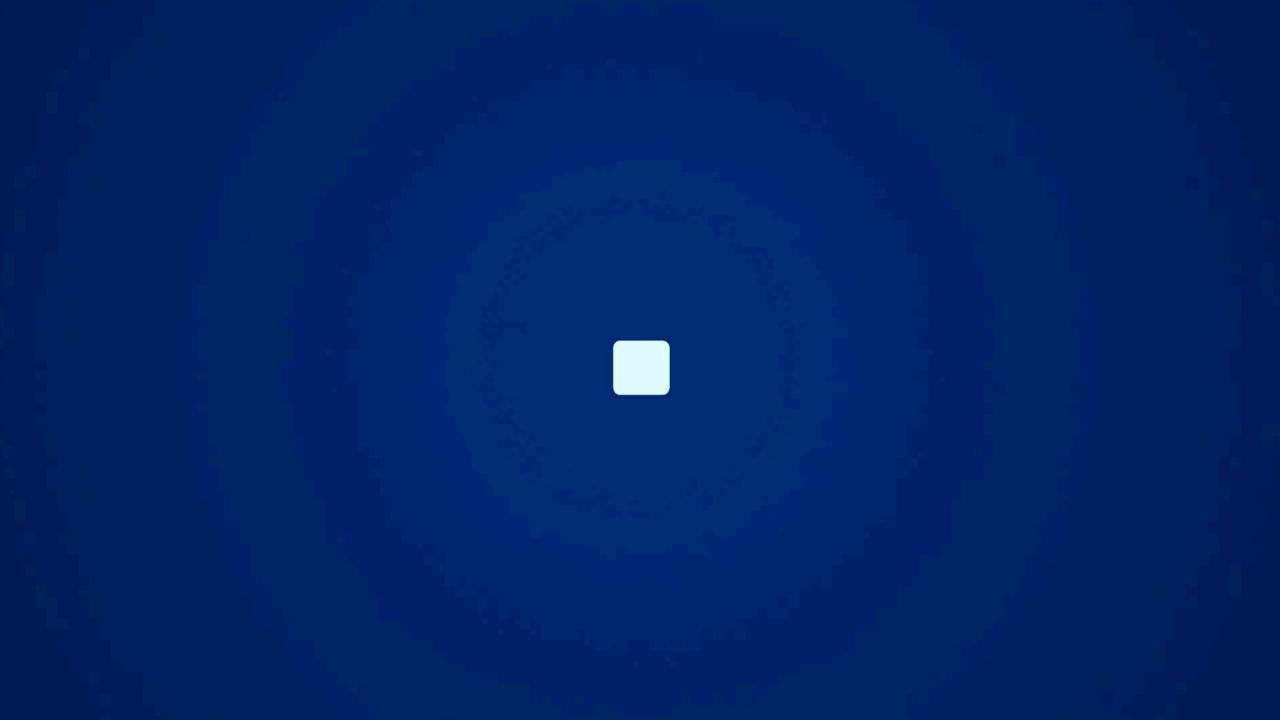
The fully assembled and folded James Webb Space Telescope on the vibration table at Northrop Grumman Space Park (September 2020). This is the configuration that Webb will be in when it is mated to the Ariane 5 launch vehicle in 2021.

Nancy Grace Roman Space Telescope





February 28, 2020 – NASA confirmed the Wide Field Infrared Survey telescope (WFIRST) for development May 20, 2020 – NASA named its Wide Field Infrared Survey Telescope (WFIRST), in honor of Nancy Grace Roman, NASA's first chief astronomer, who paved the way for space telescopes focused on the broader universe



2020 Nobel Prize in Physics

2020 Black Holes (Penrose, Reinhard, & Ghez)

2019 Our Place in the Universe (Peebles, Mayor, & Queloz)

2017 Gravitational Waves (Weiss, Barish, & Thorne)

2011 Dark Energy (Perlmutter, Schmidt, & Riess)



Roger Penrose "for the discovery that black hole formation is a robust prediction of the general theory of relativity" Reinhard Genzel "for the discovery of a supermassive compact object at the centre of our galaxy" Andrea Ghez "for the discovery of a supermassive compact object at the centre of our galaxy"

Building Excellent NASA Teams Requires Inclusion and Diversity

- At NASA, we recognize that excellence is only achieved with inclusive and diverse teams. We are creating a multi-pronged approach.
 - Directorate level: Hosting incubator workshops and implementing actions from those workshops focused on short-term changes to how we are operating and how we grow our leaders. <u>Studying barriers to inclusion in mission leadership</u>. Standing up a long-term activity focused on sustained engagement, systemic, and lasting changes.
 - Division level: Division task forces working to align division-level practices with the NASA core value and SMD science strategy. Examining the R&A process for better inclusion and diversity. Adopting a Code of Conduct to improve the inclusion and process of our panels and teams.
- Proposal Processes: Recognizing we have influence through our calls for proposals and what we reward in our selections. Piloting dual-anonymous peer review and seeking to expand that. Actively looking into how we can be a model for inclusivity.

Enhancing Participation of Minority Serving Institutions in Space Science Monday, Jan 11 @ 6:50 pm ET Safety

Mission

Success

Integrity

Inclusion

Excellence

COVID-19 Impacts

Research:

NASA is focused on continuing our research programs and providing stability

- Virtual review panels for ROSES solicitations and AO mission evaluations are going well; all-virtual review panels for ROSES programs will continue until at least June 1, 2021
- NASA is thinking about continuing virtual review panels, at least in part, even after inperson meetings cease to pose a health hazard

NASA does not want the pandemic to derail careers of future leaders; we are focused on mitigating impacts

- Given current funding constraints, NASA will prioritize up to 15% of the R&A funding available for new awards toward augmentations and funded extension requests for existing awards that:
 - Are in their last year (or the last year of their first no-cost-extension);
 - Have costed their funds in a timely manner; and
 - Are for the explicit support of near-finishing graduate students / post-docs (including third-year NPPs) and non-tenured / soft-money early career researchers

COVID-19 Impacts

Missions:

NASA continues to experience disruption in the development of all missions due to COVIDrelated restrictions

• We assume these disruptions will continue for the foreseeable future

Many missions are expected to stay within their cost commitments (known as the ABC or Agency Baseline Commitment, which includes HQ held reserves above project budget)

- ABC is set at Confirmation Review
- In astrophysics, this includes NASA contributions to Euclid and XRISM

Some missions have experienced challenges that affect cost and schedule commitments

- In astrophysics, this includes Webb, Roman, and IXPE
- Missions that have been Confirmed since COVID began (e.g., SPHEREx), or will be Confirmed in the future (e.g., future Explorers) have assumed impacts from COVID included within their cost and schedule commitments

To date, challenges to Flagships (Webb, Roman) have been accommodated with no impact to Explorers or R&A

Challenges to Explorers have been accommodated within the Explorers Program



The NASA Team



Division **ASA** Astrophysics

Scientists Program



Dominic

Benford

APRA Lead

Roman

William Latter APRA (Lab Astro) Spitzer, SPHEREx, Fermi



Valerie

Connaughton

APRA (High Energy)

XRISM, UltraSat

Pamela Marcum Exoplanet Research Program (XRP)



Dan Evans

PCOS Program

NICER

Dual Anon.PR

Roopesh Ojha Data Management, FINESST, XMM



Michael Garcia

APRA (UV/Optical).

SmallSats/Pioneers

Hubble, Athena

Aki Roberge ASMP, Roman



Scannapieco ATP / TCAN Lead,



Evan



Kartik Sheth



COR Program



Linda Sparke



APRA (IR/Submm) On detail to the Office Euclid, IXPE of the Administrator





Dep. Technologist,

Explorers,

SmallSats/Pioneers

Not Pictured

January 4, 2021





Division

Director

Eric Smith Chief Scientist

Paul Hertz

Astrophysics Division

Director



Jeanne Davis Assoc Dir for Flight ASM Program Manager

Jeff Volosin

Astrophysics Division

Deputy Director

Mario Perez Chief Technologist SAT, RTF

ASTROPHYSICS

NASA's Science Mission Directorate

Lisa Wainio Information Manager, **Public Affairs Liaison**

Not Pictured

xecutives

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E. Lucien Cox

SOFIA, GUSTO,

XRISM. ExEP

Program



Ed Griego

Astrophysics

Operating Missions



Kelly Johnson Administrative Assistant

Shahid Habib

COR, PCOS, ARIEL,

Athena, Euclid, LISA,

UltraSat



Not

Pictured

Future

Ingrid Farrell Program Support Specialist



Roman







Astrophysics Program Abbreviations: ASM – Astrophysics Strategic Missions; COR – Cosmic Origins; ExEP – Exoplanet Exploration Program; PCOS - Physics of the Cosmos

Swift

Thomas Hams

APRA (CR. Fund. Phys.)

Rockets/Balloons

GUSTO, LISA



Hashima Hasan Education/Comms. Citizen Science. Archives.

Advisory Committees, NuSTAR, Keck







XMM



Program, SOFIA, Hubble Fellows



Future



Douglas Hudgins



Stefan Immler Astrophysics Research Program Mgr, Chandra,







Webb





NASA Town Halls

NASA Town Hall R&A Program Town Hall STScI Town Hall Webb Space Telescope Town Hall Science Activation Next Phase SOFIA Town Hall Roman Space Telescope Town Hall

Program Analysis Groups (PAGs)

COPAG Mon @ 12:00 pm PhysPA SIGs Far-IR/Origins (Tue @ 12:00 pm) SIGs Low Freq Radio (Wed @ 12:00 pm) UV/Vis/Tech (Thu @ 12:00 pm) Cosmic Origins (Fri @ 12:00 pm) AAS 237 DEDICT 237TH MEETING OF THE AMERICAN ASTRONOMICAL SOCIETY VIRTUALLY ANYWHERE 10 – 15 JANUARY 2021

220	Tuesday, Jan 12 @ 1:40 pm ET
Splinter	Wednesday, Jan 13 @ 12:00 pm ET
319	Wednesday, Jan 13 @ 1:40 pm ET
419	Thursday, Jan 14 @ 1:40 pm ET
Splinter	Thursday, Jan 14 @ 4:10 pm ET
519	Friday, Jan 15 @ 1:40 pm ET
520	Friday, Jan 15 @ 1:40 pm ET

PhysPAG Mon @ 12:00 pm SIGs Multi-Messenger (Tue @ 12:00 pm) Inflation Probe (Wed @ 12:00 pm) X-ray (Wed @ 6:50 pm) Gravitational Wave (Thu @ 12:00 pm) Cosmic Structure (Thu @ 4:10 pm)

Enhancing Participation of Minority Serving Institutions in Space Science (Mon @ 6:50 pm)

Session

Join the Astrophysics Program Analysis Groups (PAGs)

The Cosmic Origins PAG (COPAG), Exoplanet Exploration PAG (ExoPAG) and Physics of the Cosmos PAG (PhysPAG) want you

Join the Executive Committee (EC), a Science Analysis Group (SAG), a Science Interest Group (SIG), or a Technology Interest Group (TIG)

WHY?

- The PAG provides NASA Astrophysics with analysis of community input and feedback on its programs; the PAG reports to NASA at meetings of the Astrophysics Advisory Committee (APAC)
- The EC coordinates the activities of the PAG and its SAGs, SIGs, and TIGs
- The SIGs and TIGs are where the community gathers to discuss common areas of interest, and the SAGs are specific efforts to analyze a specific problem; these analyses have an impact, e.g. ADAP offerings, Great Observatories report
- The PAG and its SIGs, TIGs, and SAGs will aid in analyzing and discussing the Decadal Survey; this will be important and impactful to NASA as it decides how to implement the recommendations

WHAT? HOW?

https://cor.gsfc.nasa.gov/copag/

- NASA seeks ECs, SIGs, TIGs, and SAGs that are inclusive and diverse across a variety of axes to be representative of the broad astrophysics community
- Each PAG has a letter to the community inviting applications
- Please speak to the Program Scientists or Chief Scientists to learn more

https://exoplanets.nasa.gov/exep/exopag/

https://pcos.gsfc.nasa.gov/physpag/

Virtual NASA at the AAS

237TH MEETING OF THE AMERICAN ASTRONOMICAL SOCIETY VIRTUALLY ANYWHERE 10 – 15 JANUARY 2021



NASA Science Webinars							
Date	Time (ET)	Presenter(s)	Presentation Title				
Monday, January 11	12:00 - 12:30 pm	Aki Roberge, NASA	Exoplanet Science with the Nancy Grace Roman Space Telescope				
Monday, January 11	12:00 - 12:30 pm	Jonathan Gardner, NASA	The James Webb Space Telescope Science				
Tuesday, January 12	2:30 - 3:00 pm	James De Buiser, USRA	SOFIA: Science from the Stratosphere				
Tuesday, January 12	4:00 - 4:30 pm	Dan Evans, NASA	Dual-Anonymous Peer Review at NASA				
Wednesday, January 13	12:30 - 1:00 pm	Ryan Hickox, Dartmouth	First Black Holes				
Wednesday, January 13	1:30 - 2:00 pm	Travis Fischer, STScl	The ULLYSES Program: Charting Young Stars' Ultraviolet Light with Hubble				
Wednesday, January 13	5:00 - 5:30 pm	Dominic Benford, NASA	Wide Field Survey Science with the Nancy Grace Roman Space Telescope				
Thursday, January 14	12:00 - 12:30 pm	John Mather, NASA	Overview of the James Webb Space Telescope				
Thursday, January 14	2:00 - 2:30 pm	Grant Tremblay, Harvard	The Once & Future Great Observatories				
Thursday, January 14	4:00 - 4:30 pm	Marc Kuchner, NASA	Citizen Science				

Ask the Director: Paul Hertz will be available for Q&A, Thursday, January 14 @ 2:40 pm ET

> Informal Chat with NASA Staff, Every Day, Monday - Friday @ 2:40 pm ET

Zoom Room Chats @ 2:40 – 3:10 pm ET						
Date	Presenter(s)	Chat Topic				
Mon, Jan 11	Eliad Peretz, NASA	Orbiting Configurable Artificial Star - ORCAS				
Mon, Jan 11	Lynn Cominsky, Sonoma State U	NASA's Neurodiversity Network				
Mon, Jan 11	Naseem Rangwala, NASA	How to do Astronomy from 40,000 Feet				
Mon, Jan 11	NASA Staff	Informal Chat with NASA Staff				
Tue, Jan 12	Steven Crawford, NASA	Open Science at NASA				
Tue, Jan 12	Steve Finkelstein, U Texas	JWST Early Release Science: CEERS				
Tue, Jan 12	Kristen Erickson, NASA	NASA Science Activation: NASA's Approach to Connect Science to Learners and Communities				
Tue, Jan 12	Taifa Simpson, USRA	NASA Postdoctoral Program Information Session				
Tue, Jan 12	NASA Staff	Informal Chat with NASA Staff				
Wed, Jan 13	Erin Smith, NASA	The James Webb Space Telescope Current Status				
Wed, Jan 13	Jack Burns, UC Boulder	Transformative Radio Astrophysics from the Moon				
Wed, Jan 13	Evan Scannapieco, NASA	Astrophysics R&A Diversity – Equity - Inclusion Task Force				
Wed, Jan 13	NASA Staff	Informal Chat with NASA Staff				
Thu, Jan 14	Paul Hertz, NASA	Q&A/Chat with NASA's Director of Astrophysics, Paul Hertz				
Thu, Jan 14	Kristen Erickson, NASA	NASA Science Activation: NASA's Approach to Connect Science to Learners and Communities				
Thu, Jan 14	Taifa Simpson, USRA	NASA Postdoctoral Program Information Session				
Thu, Jan 14	NASA Staff	Informal Chat with NASA Staff				
Fri, Jan 15	Stefan Immler, NASA	NASA Astrophysics Research and Analysis, Q&A with Stefan Immler				
Fri, Jan 15	NASA Staff	Informal Chat with NASA Staff 18				

Keep Informed about NASA

NSPIRES mailing list – information about NASA solicitations https://nspires.nasaprs.com/

Cosmic Origins mailing list, Exoplanet Exploration mailing list, Physics of the Cosmos mailing list – information about NASA missions and science

https://cor.gsfc.nasa.gov/cornews-mailing-list.php

https://exoplanets.nasa.gov/exep/exopag/announcementList/

https://pcos.gsfc.nasa.gov/pcosnews-mailing-list.php

NASA Astrophysics Federal Advisory Committees Astrophysics Advisory Committee (APAC) <u>https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/nac/science-advisory-committees/apac</u> NASEM Committee on Astronomy and Astrophysics (CAA) <u>http://sites.nationalacademies.org/bpa/bpa_048755</u> Astronomy and Astrophysics Advisory Committee (AAAC) <u>https://www.nsf.gov/mps/ast/aaac.jsp</u>

Sign up to be a panel reviewer:

https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/volunteer-review-panels



Research Program Update



2021 Astrophysics Research Program Elements

ROSES-21:

Supporting Research and Technology

- Astrophysics Theory Program (ATP), every other year
- Astrophysics Research & Analysis (APRA)
- Strategic Astrophys Tech (SAT) (dependent on Astro2020)
- Roman Technology Fellowships (RTF)

Data Analysis

- Astrophysics Data Analysis (ADAP)
- GO/GI programs for Fermi, Swift, NuSTAR, TESS, NICER

Mission Science and Instrumentation

- Astrophysics Pioneers (suborbital science investigations)
- Suborbital payloads solicited through APRA
- XRISM Guest Scientist New
- Roman Research and Support Opportunities New

Cross Divisional

- Exoplanets Research Program (XRP)
- Topical Workshops, Symposia and Conferences (TWSC)
- Citizen Science Seed Funding Program New
- Graduate Student Research Awards (FINESST)

Not in ROSES-21:

Separately Solicited

- GO/GI/Archive/Theory programs for Hubble, Chandra, SOFIA, Webb
- NASA Hubble Fellowship Program (NHFP)
- NASA Postdoctoral Program (NPP)
- Support for XMM-Newton U.S. PIs selected by ESA

Not Solicited this Year

- Theoretical and Computational Astrophysics Networks (TCAN), every three years
- Astrophysics Explorers U.S. PIs (APEX USPI), every two to three years

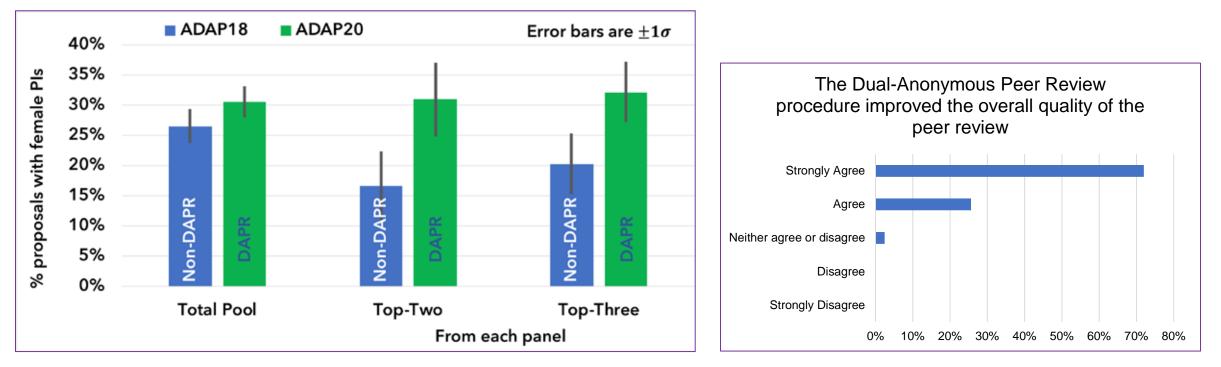
Red – evaluated using dual-anonymous peer reviews

NASA Research Program Town Hall Splinter Session Wednesday, Jan 13 @ 12:00 pm ET

> NASA R&A Zoom Chat NASA Virtual Booth Friday, Jan 15 @ 2:40 pm ET

Dual-Anonymous Peer Review

- Dual-Anonymous Peer Review (DAPR) has successfully been used in multiple Astrophysics programs
- All Astrophysics GO/GI programs have permanently converted
- Astrophysics Data Analysis and Habitable Worlds among SMD ROSES programs converted in 2020
- Will be joined by Exoplanet Research and Astrophysics Theory programs in ROSES-2021



NASA Science Webinar : Dual Anonymous Peer Review at NASA Daniel Evans, Tuesday, Jan 12 @ 4:00 pm ET

R&A Grant Extensions & Flexibilities

(COVID-19 mitigation)

NASA does not want the pandemic to derail careers of future leaders; we are focused on mitigating impacts

Within current funding constraints, NASA will prioritize augmentations and funded extension requests for existing awards that:

Are in their last year (or the last year of their first no-cost-extension);

Have costed their funds in a timely manner; and

Are for the explicit support of near-finishing graduate students / post-docs (including third-year NPPs) and non-tenured / soft-money early career researchers

NASA has issued a ROSES call for funded extensions (ROSES-20, Appendix E.10)

Existing awardees may submit Post COVID-19 Recovery proposals at any time until the final due date of March 5, 2021. Requests received by January 4, 2021, will be processed as a group. Requests submitted after January 4, 2021 but before March 5, 2021, will form a second group and will be processed together.

This initiative must be funded from the current R&A Program, size of commitment is approximately 15% of funding available for new awards in FY21

There will be 15% fewer new awards in FY21

Government-wide flexibility for paying salaries of researchers, even if they could not work because of COVID, expired on September 30. NASA has established a process to consider extending this flexibility to pay salaries on a case-by-case basis

https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/covid-and-awards

Why Volunteer to Serve on a NASA Peer Review Panel?

Personal professional development:

See how the whole review process works Learn what constitutes excellent proposals Network with your professional colleagues and NASA scientific staff

Institutional achievement:

Improve at competing for NASA money

Increase knowledge of NASA's research and technology programs

Investment in the future:

Help select the most transformative science

Ensure that all proposals receive a fair and competent review

Sign up to be a panel reviewer:

https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/volunteer-review-panels



Mission Program Update



Astrophysics Missions in Operations



STScI Town Hall (Session 319) Wednesday, Jan 13 @ 1:40 pm ET SOFIA Town Hall (Session 519) Friday, Jan 15 @ 1:40 pm ET

Astrophysics Mission Classes

Mission Class	How initiated	Total Cost (PI cost cap when different)
Large: Great Observatory or Flagship	Decadal Survey	> \$1B
Medium: Probe	Decadal Survey	~\$1B
Small: Medium Explorer (MIDEX)	Explorer AO	~\$450M (\$290M)
Small Explorer (SMEX)	Explorer AO	~\$225M (\$145M)
Standard Mission of Opportunity *	SALMON AO	\$80M
SmallSat Mission of Opportunity *	SALMON AO	\$40M
Pioneers SmallSat *	ROSES	\$20M
APRA CubeSat	ROSES	<\$5M **
Suborbital: Pioneers Balloon	ROSES	\$20M
APRA Balloon	ROSES	<\$10M **
APRA Sounding Rocket	ROSES	<\$5M **

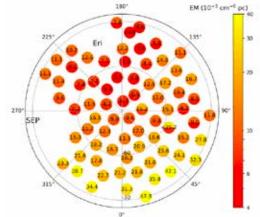
* includes ISS-attached experiments

** not explicitly cost capped; value is historical upper bound for support within APRA

Astrophysics CubeSats

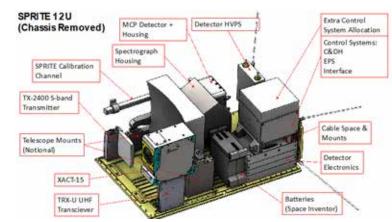
Solicited annually in ROSES/APRA, ~1 new start per year, ~<\$5M each total cost

HaloSat: PI Phil Karret (U of Iowa), Launch May 2018,Reentered Jan 2021, OIV line in Galaxy halo, determine mass and structure of Galaxy halo

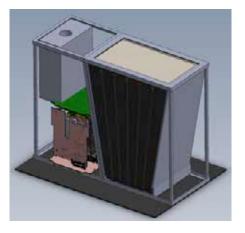




CUTE: PI Kevin France (CU), Launch Sep 2021, UV Imaging of hot Jupiter ablation, (Arika Egan & Ambily Suresh in lab)

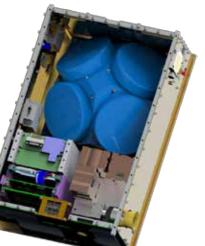


SPRITE, PI Brian Fleming (CU), Launch NET Jan 2023, UV spectra of ionizing radiation from star forming galaxies



BlackCat: PI Abe Falcone (Penn St U), Launch NET Mar 2024, 2-20 KeV wide FOV localization of X-ray transients, real-time 'cell phone' downlink

BurstCube: PI Jeremy Perkins (NASA GSFC), Launch NET Dec 2021, GRB monitor w/ TDRSS real-time event notification



Astrophysics Pioneers

New in 2020

Major extended duration balloon payloads, CubeSats larger than 6U, and modest ISS attached payloads are more expensive than ROSES/APRA can accommodate (<\$10M maximum)

Pioneers: A new class of small missions offered for first time in ROSES-2020, \$20M maximum PI cost cap

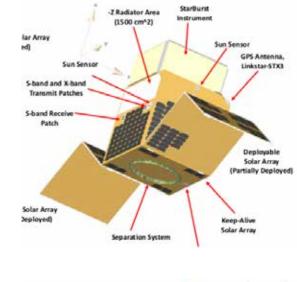
- Include SmallSats, CubeSats >6U, major balloon payloads, and modest ISS attached payloads with a \$20M cost cap, not including launch
- Fill in the gap between existing ROSES investigations (<\$10M for APRA) and existing Explorers MO investigations (~\$35M for SmallSats)
- Solicit through ROSES; relieves burden of writing full Explorers MO proposal
- Manage as Research and Analysis projects with enhanced research project processes with defined gates and light touch management from WFF and HQ, rather than flight project processes appropriate for a Small Explorer (SMEX) mission

Received 24 proposals on October 8, 2020 (17 SmallSats, 7 Balloons); most were selectable Selection of 4 proposals announced January 2021 (3 SmallSats, 1 Balloon) Next round of Pioneers proposals due in Fall 2021

Astrophysics Pioneers-2020 Selections

PUEO: A Long-duration Balloon-borne Instrument for Particle Astrophysics at the Highest Energies (PI Abigail Vieregg, U. Chicago)

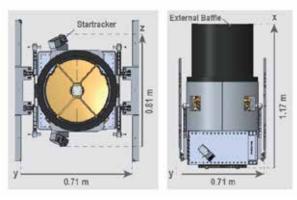


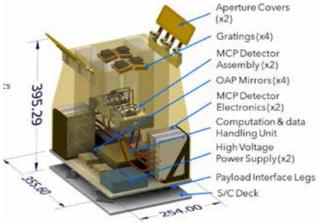


StarBurst: Gamma-ray ASM,

Simultaneous detection of NS/NS mergers with LIGO (PI Daniel Kocevski, NASA MSFC)

Pandora: Multiwavelength Characterization of Exoplanets and their Host Stars (PI Elisa Quintana, NASA GSFC)



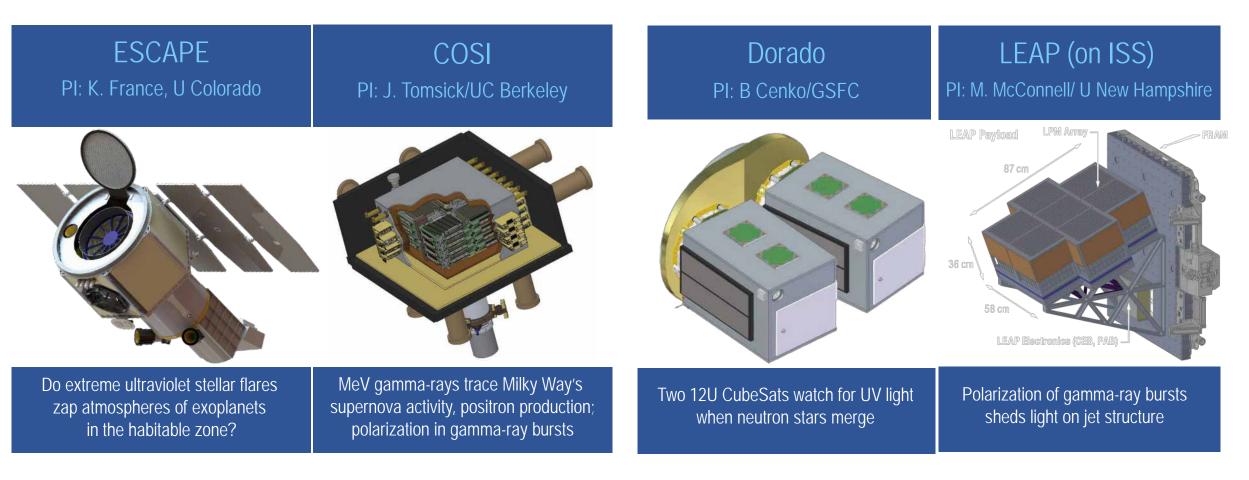


Aspera: IGM Inflow/outflow from galaxies via OVI 10⁵K emission line imaging (PI Carlos Vargas, U. Arizona)

Astrophysics Explorers in Competitive Phase A

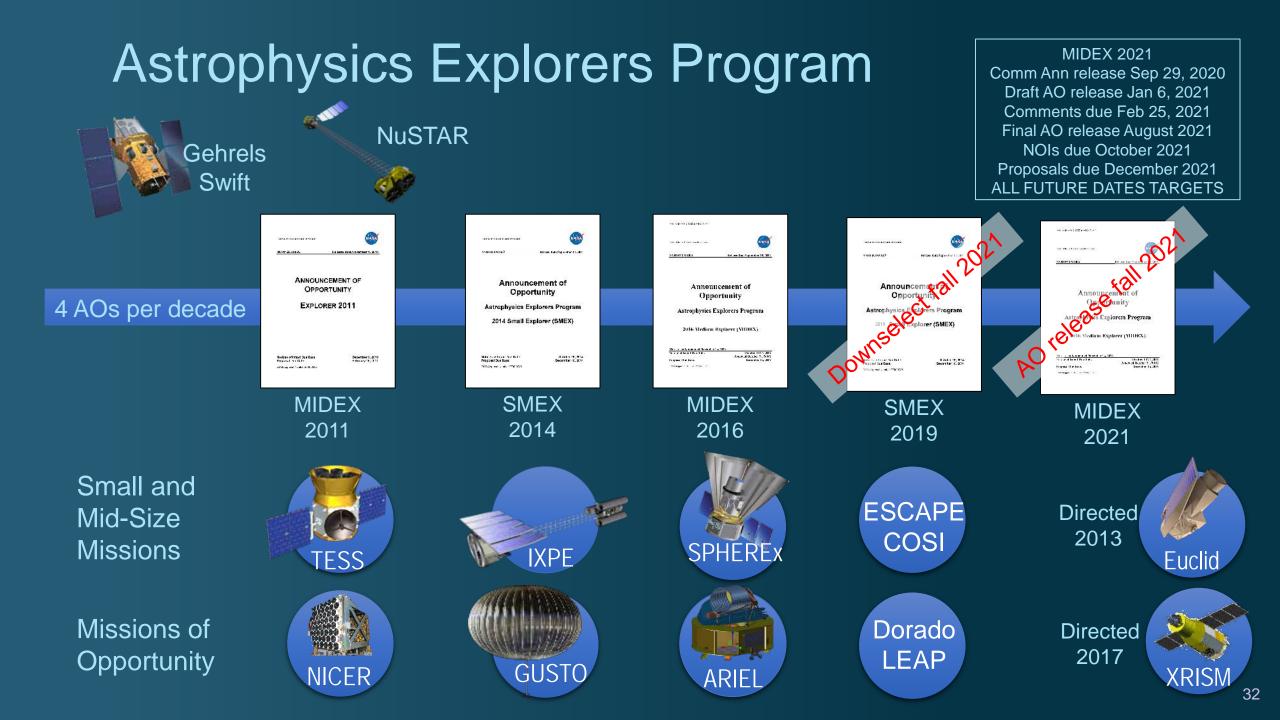
Small Explorers

Missions of Opportunity



Concept Study Reports due March 4, 2021

SMEX/MO downselect fall 2021









Astrophysics and Artemis

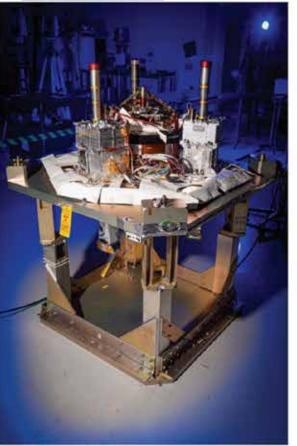


Every opportunity for lunar science is open to astrophysics – if you have a great idea, propose it

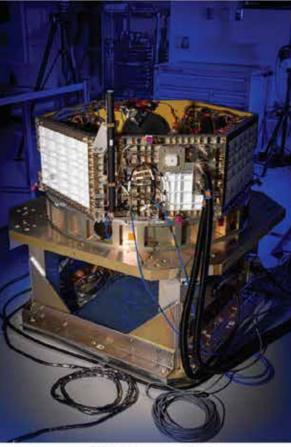
Artemis enables astrophysics

- All science opportunities enabled by Project Artemis include astrophysics
- Most important criterion for proposals remains the astrophysics science merit There are many opportunities to propose astrophysics that uses Artemis capabilities
- Lunar surface astrophysics experiments can be proposed to the PRISM program of small landed payloads (in ROSES)
 - o PRISM Step 2 proposals are due February 3, 2021
 - Two lunar surface astrophysics experiments have been selected and manifested for 2021: Low-frequency Radio Observations from the Near Side Lunar Surface Instrument (PI: R. MacDowall, GSFC) Next Generation Lunar Retroreflectors (PI: D. Currie, University of Maryland)
- Astrophysics Explorers Mission of Opportunity calls (including 2021 Explorers MO) allow proposals for cislunar smallsat missions
- APRA and Pioneers calls (in ROSES) allow proposals for cislunar cubesats and smallsats Astro2020 Decadal Survey will identify any compelling astrophysics that is both a high priority and enabled by the capabilities being developed within the Artemis program

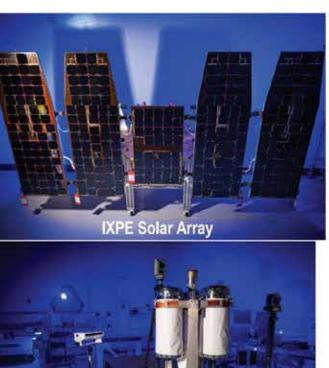
Imaging X-ray Polarimeter Explorer



Instrument & Deployable Boom Integrated to Top Deck



IXPE Spacecraft
Flight Hardware Assembly is Near Complete



Mirror Module Assembly (MMAs)

Integrated on MMSS Deck

KDP-D successfully passed on November 2, 2020

All observatory elements have been delivered to Ball Aerospace, Boulder CO

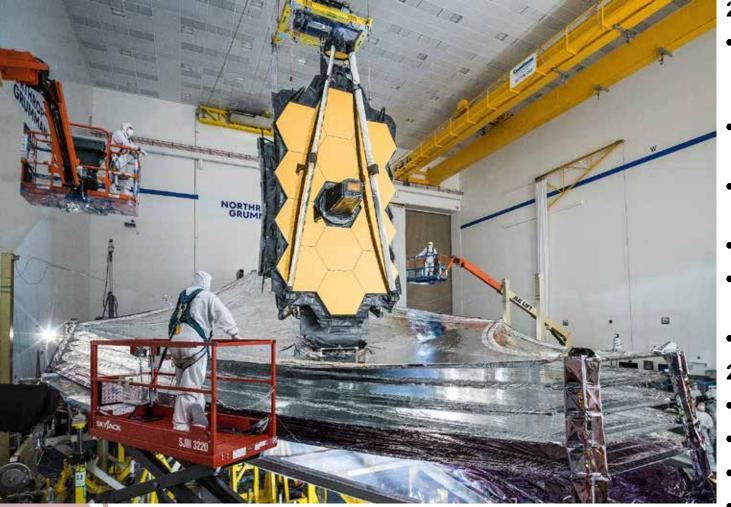
Observatory integration began December 7, 2020

Revised launch date is November 2021

https://ixpe.msfc.nasa.gov/

Image credits: Ball Aerospace

James Webb Space Telescope



The final deployment of Webb's sunshield on Earth (December 2020). Webb will undergo folding and stowing before shipment and mating to the Ariane 5 in 2021.

2020 Accomplishments

- Work continues at Northrop Grumman, but at lower efficiency due to social distancing practices required by COVID19 response
- Changed launch date from March 2021 to October 2021
- Conducted several mission rehearsals at the STScI mission operation center
- Completed Observatory-level environmental tests
- Completed Observatory-level post environmental test deployments
- Received ~1200 proposals in the Cycle 1 GO call
 2021 Plans
- Final stow after post environmental deployments
- Ready Observatory for shipping to launch site
- Additional mission rehearsals at STScl
- Launch Webb in October 2021

Webb Town Hall (Session 419) Thursday, Jan 14 @ 1:40 pm ET

James Webb Space Telescope



The final deployment of Webb's sunshield on Earth (December 2020). Webb will undergo folding and stowing before shipment and mating to the Ariane 5 in 2021. NASA Science Webinar: Webb Monday, Jan 11 @ 12:00 pm ET

Webb Zoom Chat @ NASA Booth Wednesday, Jan 13 @ 2:40 pm ET

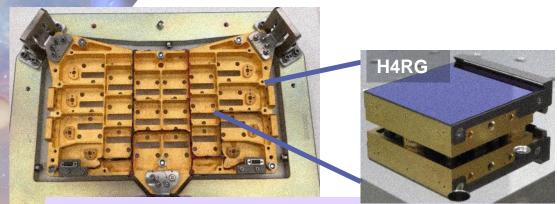
NASA Science Webinar: Webb Thursday, Jan 14 @ 12:00 pm ET

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https://webb.nasa.gov/

Roman Hardware Progress



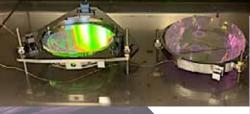


The detector mosaic array will hold 18 H4RGSensor Chip Assemblies (SCAs).15 of 18 required SCA detectors are in hand.

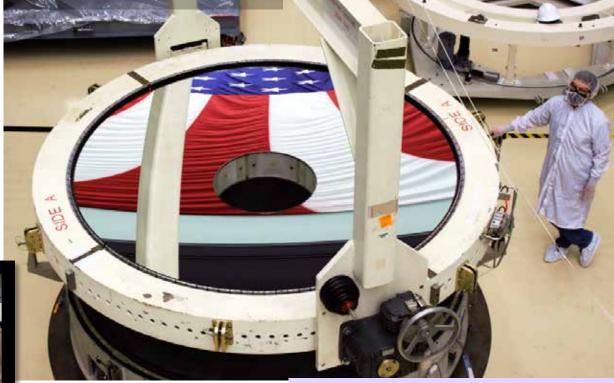
Element Wheel EDU

Grism/Prism





Engineering Test/Development Units and Mock-ups aid in maturing designs and assembly processes.



Sunshade Engineering Development Unit



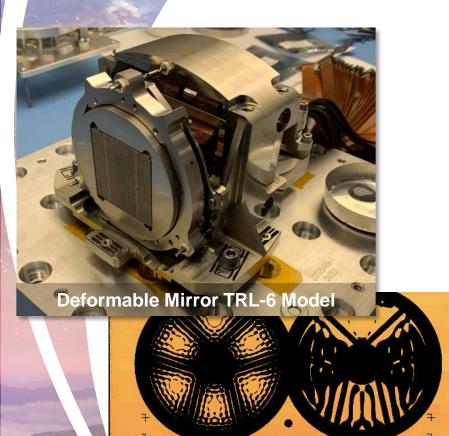
Primary Mirror

Primary and secondary mirror fabrication complete. Telescope finished by end of 2021.

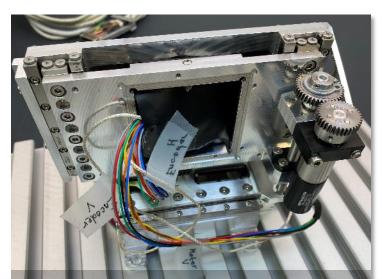
https://roman.gsfc.nasa.gov/

Coronagraph Instrument Technology Demonstration Hardware Progress





Shaped Pupil Mas



Precision Alignment Mechanism





https://roman.gsfc.nasa.gov/

Roman Space Telescope



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Roman Science Interest Group (RSIG) formed to provide broad-based community input to the Roman project and NASA Headquarters

RSIG documents available at https://roman.gsfc.nasa.gov/science/rsig.html

Critical design reviews for telescope, wide field instrument, coronagraph, instrument carrier, spacecraft, and ground system to be completed by July 2021

Mission critical design review (CDR) is September 2021

Complete telescope by the end of 2021

Cost and schedule commitments are unchanged since beginning of Phase B in 2018, but COVID impacts have liened cost and schedule reserves

• Review of COVID impacts to cost and schedule underway in early 2021

Opportunities for participation in Roman Space Telescope research and support will be offered in ROSES-2021 (next chart)

https://roman.gsfc.nasa.gov/

Roman Town Hall (Session 520) Friday, Jan 15 @ 1:40 pm ET NASA Science Webinars: Roman Space Telescope Exoplanet Science: Monday, Jan 11 @ 12:00 pm ET Wide Field Survey Science: Wed, Jan 13 @ 5:00 pm ET

Roman Space Telescope



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Opportunities for participation in Roman Space Telescope research and support will be offered in ROSES-2021

- Key Project Teams: Science teams to conduct scientific investigations using the data from the major surveys identified by the Astro2010 Decadal Survey
- Coronagraph Community Participation Program: Investigators to work with the coronagraph instrument team to plan and execute tech demo observations
- Wide Field Instrument Preparatory Science: Investigators to work on science preparation activities related to mission performance verification and science operations preparation

All Roman observing time is available through open processes

- Major Legacy Surveys will be defined using a community-driven open process
- Key Projects funded science investigations using these surveys will be openly competed
- Roman observing time will be available for General Observer (GO) projects
- All data will be available to the community with no period of limited access

https://roman.gsfc.nasa.gov/

Roman Town Hall (Session 520) Friday, Jan 15 @ 1:40 pm ET NASA Science Webinars: Roman Space Telescope Exoplanet Science: Monday, Jan 11 @ 12:00 pm ET Wide Field Survey Science: Wed, Jan 13 @ 5:00 pm ET

Astrophysics Missions in Development



Launch dates are current project working dates; Agency Baseline Commitment launch date could be later; impacts of COVID-19 not yet known

NASA participation in Athena



ESA's Athena X-ray Observatory

- NASA formal project in 2021/2022
- ESA mission adoption in 2022
- Launch in early 2030s

Opportunities for US scientists

- Join Athena working groups
- Future opportunities
 - US members of Athena science team
 - o Guest Observer program

NASA's hardware contributions are in the \$100M-\$150M range

NASA contributions consist of various enabling technologies:

- X-IFU Focal Plane Detectors and Readout Electronics (GSFC, NIST)
- Use of NASA Testing Facilities and involvement in mirror calibration (MSFC)
- WFI VERITAS ASIC Design (Stanford)
- WFI Background Analysis Model (BAM) Development (PSU, SAO, MIT, Stanford
- Vibration Isolation System (Moog SoftRide)

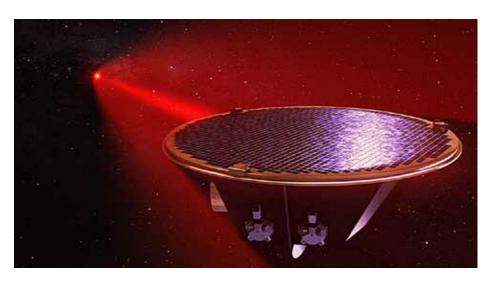
Additional NASA contributions will include:

- Science Ground Segment support
- US Guest Observer Facility
- Guest Observer programs

NASA Athena Science Team

• Co-chairs: L. Brenneman & J. Miller

NASA participation in LISA



ESA's LISA Gravitational Wave Observatory

- NASA formal project in 2022
- ESA mission adoption in 2023
- Launch in mid 2030s

Opportunities for US scientists

- Join the LISA Consortium
- Future opportunities
 - o LISA Preparatory Science
 - o Guest Investigator program

NASA's hardware contributions are in the \$300M-\$400M range

NASA contributions consist of various enabling technologies:

- Telescopes (GSFC, U. Florida)
- Laser Systems (GSFC)
- Charge Management Device (U. Florida)

Additional NASA contributions will include:

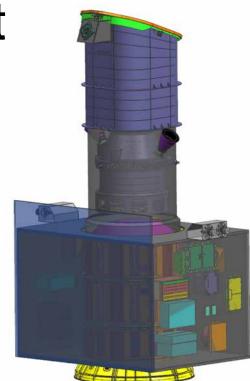
- Systems engineering support
- Phasemeter design consultation
- Science Ground Segment support
- Preparatory Science programs
- Guest Investigator programs

NASA LISA Study Team

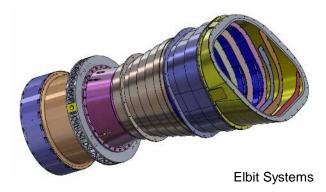
- Chair: K. Holley-Bockelman
- Reports on Technology Assessment (2016), Data Access for U.S. Community (2020)

NASA participation in UltraSat

- NASA is joining Israel's UltraSat mission
- UltraSat: a wide-field (>200 sq deg) UV survey & transient detection mission from the Israel Space Agency & Weizmann Institute of Science
 - 50 cm diameter primary mirror
 - Camera contributed by DESY in Germany
 - Launch NET late 2024 for a 3-year mission
- Science: gravitational wave sources, supernovae, variable and flare stars, time domain astronomy, etc.
- Point-and-stare observing plan from super-geostationary orbit
- Transient alerts within <20 min
 - 12-month proprietary non-alert data
- NASA participation:
 - Rideshare launch to GTO
 - Science team membership competed slots (via ROSES) on Working Groups with full data access during proprietary period
 - Enabling community-wide data analysis through availability in NASA archive & ADAP/XRP
 - Participation in alert definition & protocols



ULTRASAT Concept Source: Israel Aerospace Industries (IAI)





Planning for the Future



Why Astrophysics?





How did galaxies, stars, and planets come to be?



Are we alone?

2001

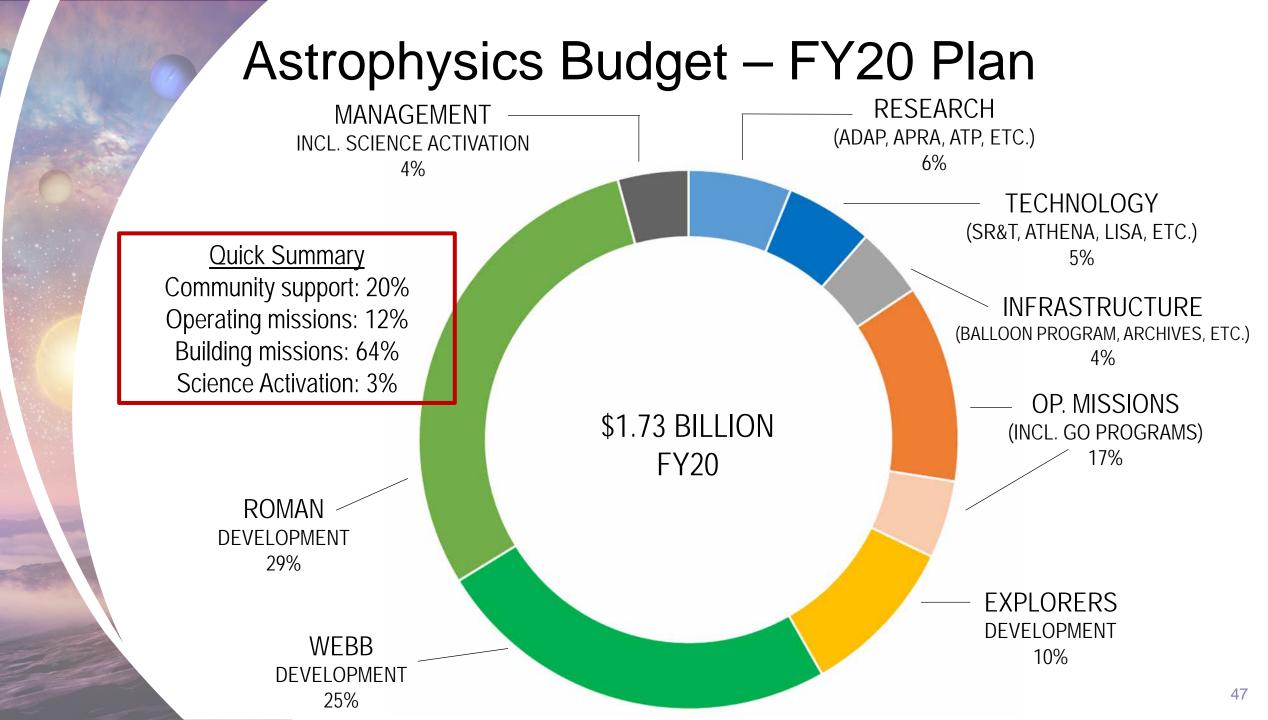
Enduring National Strategic Drivers

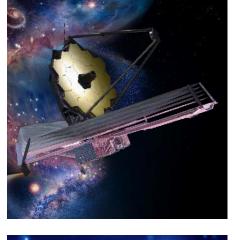




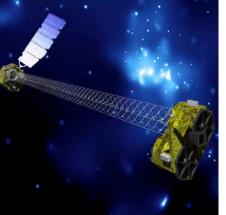


Astrophysics is humankind's scientific endeavor to understand the universe and our place in it.











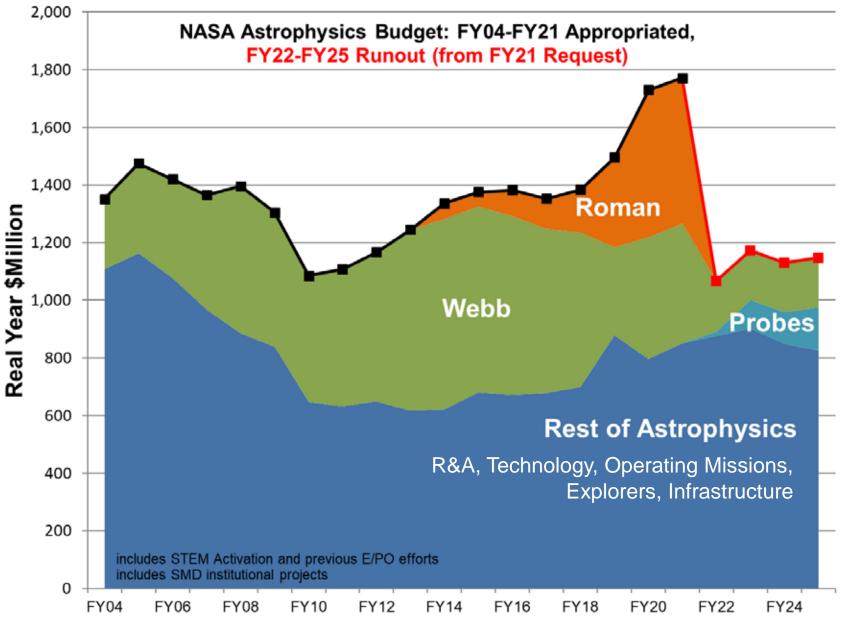
The FY 2021 NASA Budget Request included no funding for the Roman Space Telescope and only close out funding (\$12M) for SOFIA

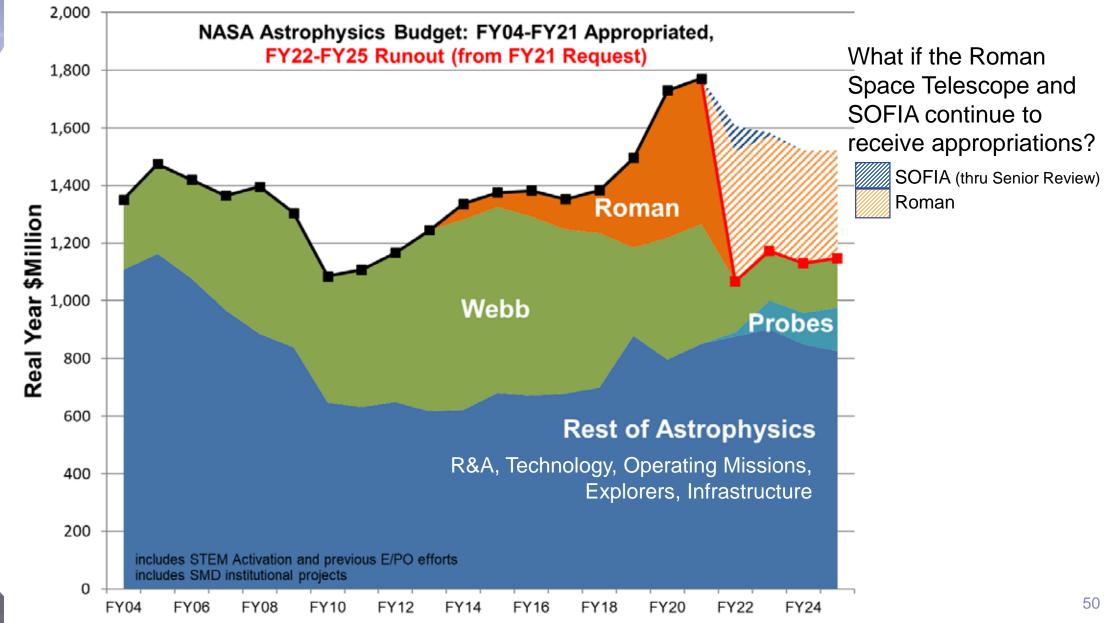
The FY 2021 Omnibus Appropriation Bill

- Provides \$1.77B for Astrophysics (including the James Webb Space Telescope)
- Directs \$414.7M for Webb, same as the request
- Directs \$505.2M for Roman, \$505.2M more than the request
- Directs \$93.3M for Hubble, \$5M more than the request
- Directs \$85.2M for SOFIA, \$73.2M more than the request
- Directs \$10M for "search for life technology development"

The total funding provided is an increase of \$525.2M over the request.

- Does not completely cover the increases for Roman, SOFIA, and Hubble
- Reductions are required from the planned Astrophysics program to accommodate the difference





Astrophysics Decadal Survey Missions

1982 Decadal Survey *Chandra*

Astronomy d Astrophysics for the 1980s

1972

Decadal Survey

Hubble

and Astrophysics for the 1970s

Reports of the Panel

ASTRONOMY ASTROPHYSICS Sp

1991 Decadal Survey *Spitzer* 2001 Decadal Survey Webb 2010 Decadal Survey *Roman*

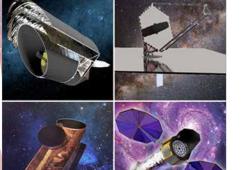
New Worlds,



2021 Decadal Survey

Technology Development and Risk Reduction Activities





Large Mission Concepts

iSAT Concept

Completed

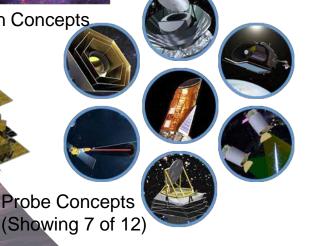
Large Mission Concept Studies / Probe Mission Concept Studies / In-Space Assembly of Telescopes (iSAT) Study / Large Mission Management Study / STMD Technology Collaborations

Ongoing

Segmented Mirror Technology Program / Binary Star Coronagraph Technology / Deformable Mirrors / Starshade Technology / Extreme Precision Radial Velocity Research and Technology / Detectors (at all wavelengths) / X-ray Mirrors / Cryocoolers

Testbeds (Coronagraph, Ultrastable, X-ray & Cryogenic)

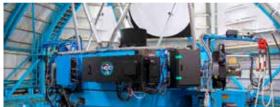
PI-led Strategic Astrophysics Technology (SAT) Advancements









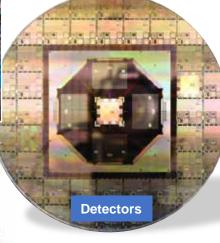










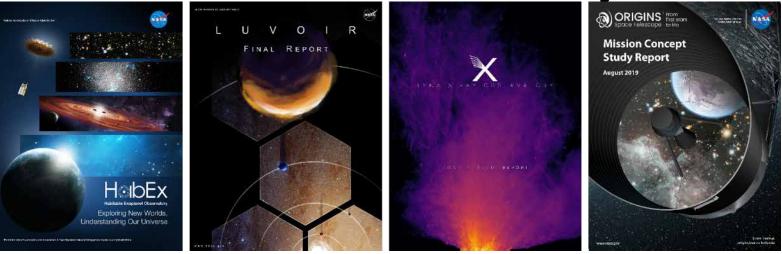


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For more information on technology development activities, see the Astrophysics Technology Development Database (http://www.astrostrategictech.us/)

Crvocooler

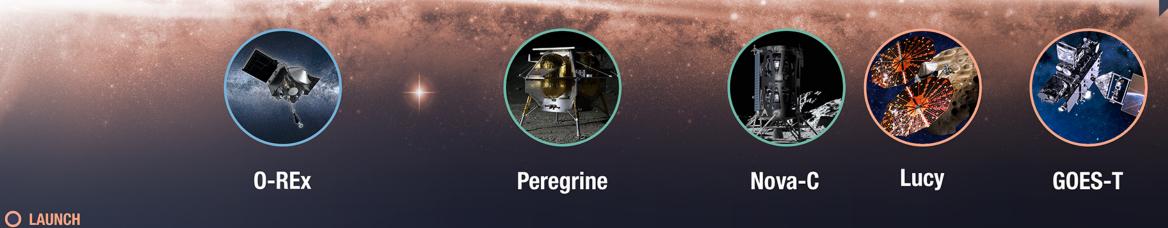
Astro2020 Decadal Survey Status



- Large Mission Concept Studies presented to Astro2020 in November 2019
- Probe Mission Concept Studies submitted to Astro2020 in November 2019
- Last public meeting of the Steering Committee on August 25, 2020
 - o Agencies presented updated programmatic and budget guidance
 - o Co-Chairs stated publicly that report will be delivered by Spring 2021
- NASA is planning ahead for implementing the Decadal Survey
 - o Reducing risks of large missions via technology development
 - Planning underway for recommendations in R&A, archives, suborbital, etc.
 - Developing options for Probe and flagship pre-formulation management
 - Holding a wedge in out year planning budget for new initiatives



2021 – A Year of Science



O LANDING

O DEPARTURE



National Aeronautics and Space Administration

2021 EXPLORESCIENCE

Anyone who registered for the AAS 237 meeting before December 1 will receive by mail a copy of the 2021 Explore Science NASA Calendar

www.nasa.gov

Copies can also be ordered from the Government Printing Office at https://bookstore.gpo.gov/products/2021-explore-science-nasa-calendar



Backup





Astrophysics Strategic Planning

https://science.nasa.gov/astrophysics/documents



	Request (\$M)	Approps. (\$M)	Comments
Astrophysics w/ Webb	1,245.7	1770.9	
Webb	414.7	414.7	Development capped at \$8.8B
Astrophysics	831.0	1356.2	Increase of \$525.2M over request
Roman	0	505.2	Development capped at \$3.2B
SOFIA	12.0	85.2	Review mission at appropriate time to determine whether to extend mission
Hubble	88.3	93.3	
Cos Origin		[10.0]	\$10M for search for life technology development – included in request, no impact
Sci Act	45.6	45.6	
Everything else	685.1	626.9	\$58.2M undistributed reduction

COVID Impacts to Astrophysics Missions in Development

Missions are in launch date order

- Webb Launch delay, cost impacts within reserves, replan approved July 2020
- IXPE Launch delay approved, KDP-D November 2020
- GUSTO Balloon program impact delays certification of super-pressure launch vehicle
- XRISM JAXA announced launch delay
- Euclid ESA maintaining schedule
- SPHEREx Schedule and cost replan approved, KDP-C December 2020
- SMEX/MO Phase A extended to March 2021, further schedule and cost impacts TBD, KDP-B (downselect) fall 2021
- Roman Schedule and cost impacts likely, mission CDR 2021
- ARIEL Too early to tell, KDP-C Fall 2022
- Athena Too early to tell, KDP-A 2021
- LISA Too early to tell, KDP-A 2022

Many missions' launch delay and cost impacts may be covered within project and HQ-held reserves

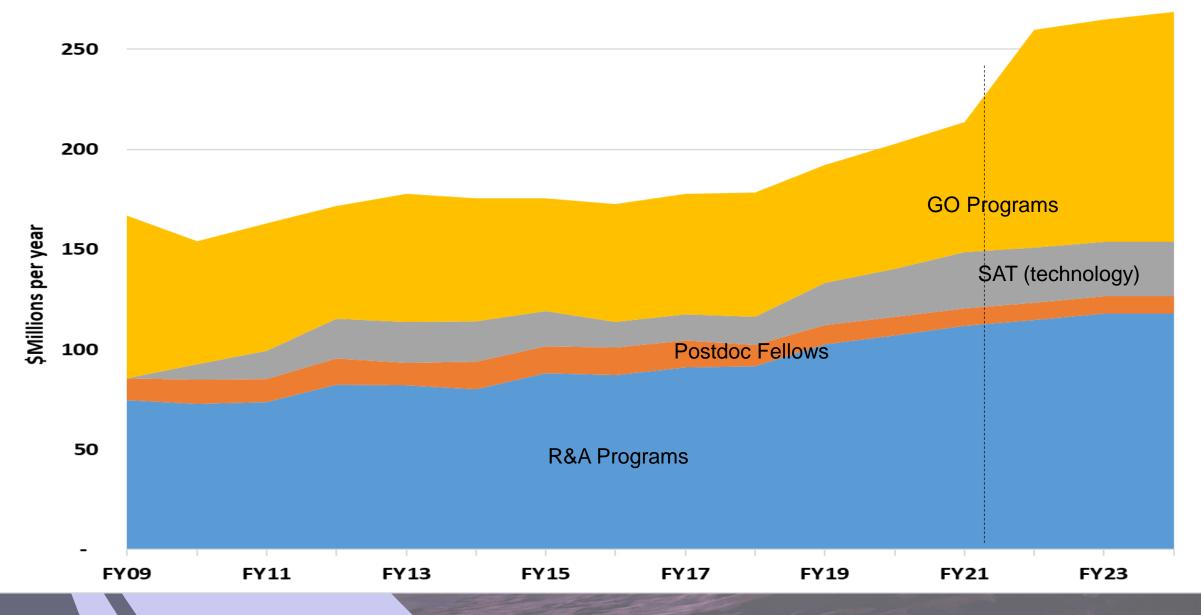
R&A Reviews since the Start of COVID-19

No solicitation was canceled due to COVID-19 and some due dates were postponed to give PIs more time.

R&A Review	Number of Proposals	Selection Rate	New PIs *	PI Notification	Review Format	Comment
FINESST (Graduate Student Awards)	158	13%	N/A	108 days	Virtual	
TESS GI Cycle 3	155	32%	76%	137 days	Virtual	
NuSTAR GO Cycle 6	172	34%	39%	88 days	Virtual + dual anonymous	GO/GI dual anonymous pilot program
Fermi GI Cycle 13	109	38%	24%	126 days	Virtual	
Hubble GO Cycle 28	1,080	18%	33%	86 days	Virtual + dual anonymous	
Chandra GO Cycle 22	520	31%	31%	132 days	Virtual	
Astrophysics SmallSat Studies	32	25%	100%	148 days	Virtual	
TCAN (Theory)	22	18%	100%	97 days	Virtual	
XRP (Exoplanets Research)	153	17%	77%	185 days	Virtual	Cross-Division
ADAP (Data Analysis)	313	13%	82%	141 days	Virtual + dual anonymous	R&A dual anonymous pilot program
Pioneers SmallSat Missions	24	17%	100%	89 days	Virtual	Confirmation gate in 2021

^t New PI defined as one who has not been a PI in this program in the past five years

Astrophysics Community Funding



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From Open Data to Open Science

All NASA mission science data are public

Publications funded by NASA, including peer review journal articles, are open access and freely available to the public

NASA has initiated an open science data initiative that is making targeted investments in cloud computing, open-source software, Artificial Intelligence/Machine Learning, and open data search and discovery services

 Includes two new ROSES calls targeted at supporting open-source tool development and the opening of legacy software

NASA is developing a policy to ensure that the results of its Federally funded scientific research and technology development are shared openly; this policy will cover:

- Information produced by NASA Science Missions
- Information produced by NASA research awards: includes, but not limited to, experiments, research on sub-orbital platforms, field campaigns, or citizen science projects
- NASA-funded publications, data, and software created in the pursuit of scientific knowledge

Draft will be released for public comment

Zoom chat at NASA booth with Steven Crawford, SMD Open Science Officer Tuesday, Jan 12 @ 2:40 - 3:10 pm ET

Science Engagement

As a part of SMD's Science Activation (SciAct) program, Astrophysics brings the excitement of the science from its portfolio to provide content to help learners of all ages "do" science.

NASA Science Activation's Next Phase

- Hear from NASA SMD, including Kristen Erickson, Paul Hertz, and Hashima Hasan, and from PI's of Astrophysics SciAct projects.
- Find out how you can participate in as a subject matter expert; come to splinter session or contact the SciAct PI's.

NASA Science Activation Next Phase Splinter Session Thursday, Jan 14 @ 4:10 pm ET

Science Activation Zoom Chats NASA Virtual Booth Tuesday, Jan 12 @ 2:40 pm ET Thursday, Jan 14 @ 2:40 pm ET

Citizen Science

Citizen Science is a form of open collaboration in which individuals participate voluntarily in the scientific process – Citizen Science is a science investigation that relies on volunteers

Current projects at https://science.nasa.gov/citizenscience

Backyard Worlds: Planet 9 project at <u>https://backyardworlds.org</u> announced the first extreme T subdwarfs and most of the known brown dwarfs colder than 500 K

Planet Patrol launched at <u>https://exoplanetpatrol.org</u>; volunteers help vet exoplanet candidates from the TESS mission

Proposers to any ROSES program element may incorporate citizen science and crowdsourcing methodologies into proposals, where such methodologies advance the proposed investigation

Citizen Science Seed Funding Program in ROSES funds prototyping of citizen science projects offered. ROSES-20 deadline was in December 2020; 18 proposals for Astrophysics

NASA Citizen Science Community Workshop series online will continue in 2021

NASA Science Webinar: Citizen Science Thursday, Jan 14 @ 4:00 pm ET