



Glossary

NASA – National Aeronautics & Space Administration

NASA HQ - NASA Headquarters in Washington, DC

SMD – Science Mission Directorate

APD – Astrophysics Division – one of 5 Divisions in SMD

ExoPAG – Exoplanet Program Analysis Group

ExEP – Exoplanet Exoploration Program. At HQ & JPL in Pasadena, CA

(Gary Blackwood, Eric Mamajek)

NExScI – NASA Exoplanet Science Institute. At Caltech in Pasadena, CA



Exoplanet Program Analysis Group (ExoPAG)

https://exoplanets.nasa.gov/exep/exopag/overview

- The ExoPAG is led by a Chairperson appointed from the exoplanet community to serve a 3-year term.
- The ExoPAG Chair is supported by a 10-12-member Executive Committee (EC)
 - o EC members are selected to reflect a cross-section of the exoplanet exploration stakeholder community;
 - o EC members are solicited annually and appointed to rotating 3-year terms.
- Together, the ExoPAG Chair and EC comprise a steering group that is responsible for keeping the community informed of ongoing activities and opportunities within the ExoPAG, capturing and organizing community input, and overseeing ExoPAG analyses.
- All members of the community are encouraged to consider nominating themselves of a colleague to serve on the ExoPAG EC. Service on the EC provides an excellent opportunity to:
 - o Initiate a Science Analysis/Interest Group.
 - o Review and contribute to the ExEP Science and Technology Development Gap Lists.
 - o Contribute to APD's efforts to increase diversity, equity, and inclusion at NASA and in the community.
 - o Interact with excellent colleagues.
 - o Inspire the next generation.
 - o Have an impact within our community.

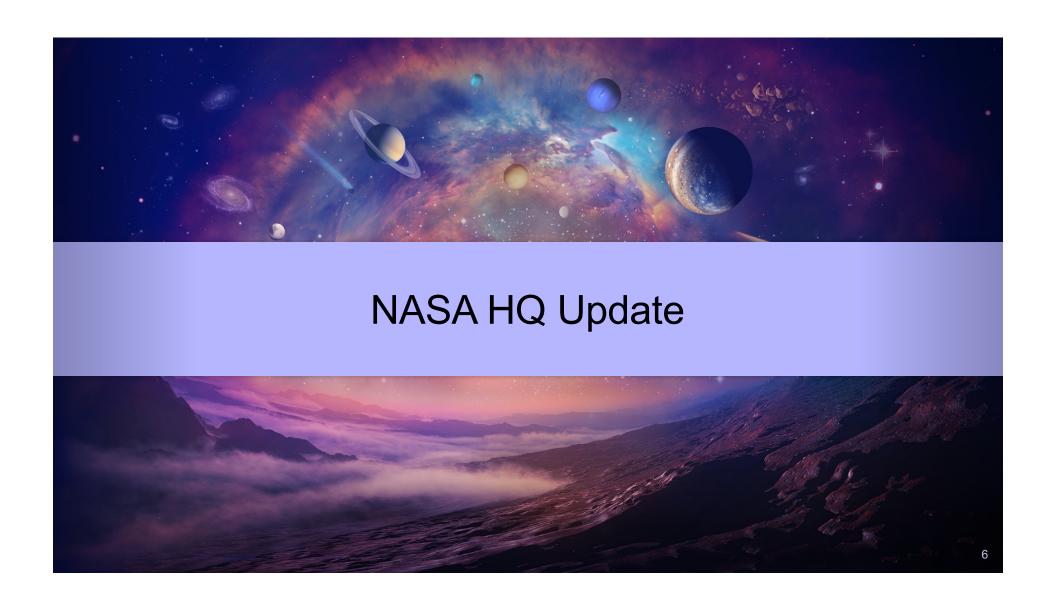


Name	Home Institution
Michael Meyer (Chair)	Univ. of Michigan
Natasha Batalha	NASA ARC
Jacob Bean	Univ. of Chicago
Michael Bottom*	Univ. Hawaii
Knicole Colon*	NASA GSFC
John Debes	STScl
Rebecca Jensen-Clem	Univ. of California, Santa Cruz
Tiffany Kataria	JPL
Ilaria Pascucci*	Univ. Arizona
Josh Pepper	Lehigh Univ.
Dmitry Savransky	Cornell Univ.
Laura Schaefer	Stanford Univ.

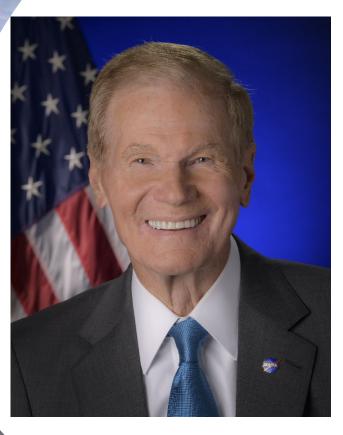
*new member appointed Spring 2021

Programmatic Support:

- Hannah Jang-Condell, NASA HQ Executive Secretary, NASA POC
- Doris Daou, NASA HQ Planetary Science Division Liaison
- Richard Eckman, NASA HQ Earth Science Division Liaison
- Galen Fowler, NASA HQ Heliophysics Division Liaison
- Exoplanet Exploration Program Office, JPL Logistics



Administrator Sen. Bill Nelson



Sen. Bill Nelson was sworn in as the 14th NASA administrator on May 3, 2021, tasked with carrying out the Biden-Harris administration's vision for the agency. Nelson served in the U.S. Senate for 18 years from Florida and as a payload specialist on space shuttle mission 61-C in 1986.



Pam Melroy was sworn in as the NASA deputy administrator on June 21, 2021. Melroy flew three space shuttle missions, piloting STS-92 in 2000 and STS-112 in 2002 and commanding STS-120 in 2007.

Director

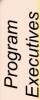
Division



Paul Hertz Astrophysics Division Director



Jeff Volosin Astrophysics Division Deputy Director



E. Lucien Cox SOFIA, GUSTO, XRISM, EXEP

Ed Griego Roman CGI, APD



Operating Missions Athena, Euclid, LISA, UltraSat



Shahid Habib Rachele Cocks Janet Letchworth COR, PCOS, ARIEL, Fermi, XMM, NICER, TESS, Cube Sats, Pioneers



Mark Sistilli Explorers Program Roman IXPE, SPHEREX Balloons

Cutting Cross

Program Scientists



Eric Smith Chief Scientist Webb



Jeanne Davis Assoc Dir for Flight ASM Program Manager



Mario Perez Chief Technologist SAT, RTF



Lisa Wainio Information Manager, Public Affairs Liaison

Administrative Support

Administrative Assistant



Kelly Johnson Maria Washington Jackie Mackall Administrative Assistant Program Support Specialist



Ingrid Farrell Program Support Specialist

Dominic Benford

Roman APRA Lead



Valerie APRA (High Energy) XRISM, UltraSat, PCOS Program



Connaughton



Future



APRA (UV/Optical), SmallSats/Pioneers Hubble, Athena



Thomas Hams APRA (CR, Fund. Phys.) Rockets/Balloons GUSTO, LISA



Hashima Hasan Education/Comms, Citizer Science, Archives, Advisory Committees, NuSTAR, Keck



Douglas Hudgins ExEP Program ADAP Lead TESS, ARIEL



Stefan Immler strophysics Research rogram Mgr, Chandr XMM



Not Pictured

Hannah Jang-Condell XRP, FINESST, EXEP, TESS



Patricia Knezek Astrophysics Explorers Program, SOFIA, Hubble Fellows



William Latter APRA (Lab Astro) Spitzer, SPHEREx,



Not

Pictured

Future

Roopesh Ojha Data Lead NICER, FINESST



Future



Scannapieco ATP / TCAN Lead,



Kartik Sheth COR Program, Senior Review, Inclusion/Diversity



Linda Sparke On detail to the Office of the Administrator



APRA (IR/Submm) Euclid, IXPE



Eric Tollestrup Heather Watson Dep. Technologist, Explorers, SmallSats/Pioneers



Not **Pictured** Future

May 24, 2021

Join the Astrophysics Team at NASA Headquarters

NASA seeks visiting Ph.D.-level scientists to serve as Program Scientists in the Astrophysics Division at NASA Headquarters in Washington, DC. With a budget of \$1.8 billion annually, the Division is responsible for the nation's space-based astrophysics program.

NASA Program Scientists

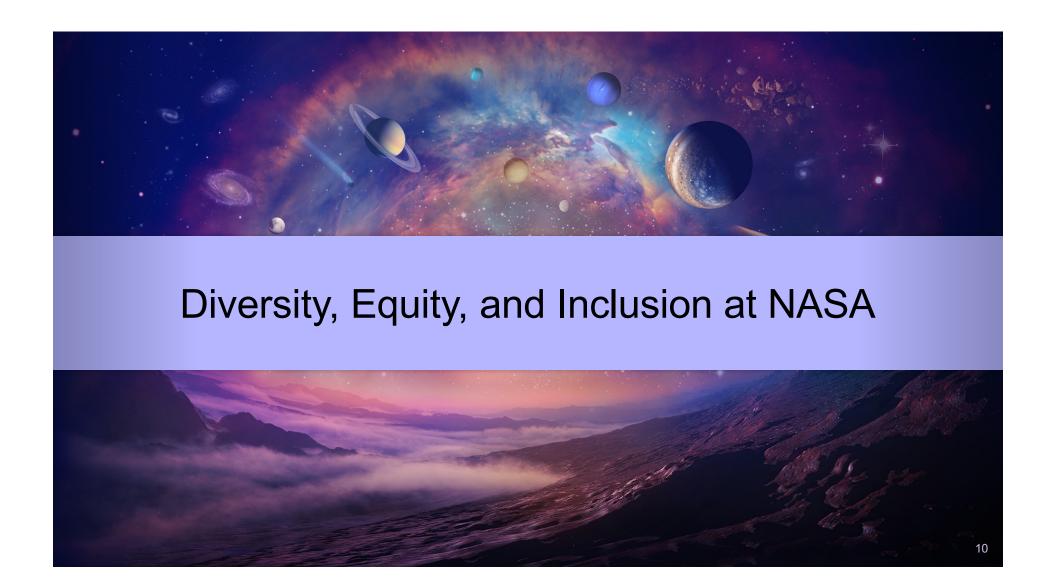
- manage scientific research grants programs and the proposal review process;
- serve as the Headquarters science lead for missions;
- implement NASA's response to the 2020 Decadal Survey;
- · gain insight into federal astrophysics policy and programs;
- run scientific programs with multimillion-dollar budgets, and
- · contribute to a culture of diversity, equity, and inclusion.

Visiting appointments last two years with renewals up to six years.

Positions are available from Fall 2021, though the start date is flexible. Applicants should email a curriculum vitae and cover letter as a single PDF file ASAP but no later than August 6, 2021 to hq-astrophysics-ipasearch@mail.nasa.gov. Decisions will be made on a rolling basis. For more information about the position, please contact Dr. Hannah Jang-Condell at hannah.jang-condell@nasa.gov.

Please feel free to speak to any of us from HQ during this meeting about this opportunity.

https://jobregister.aas.org/ad/6838d5ef





Improving Inclusion at NASA

Inclusion – NASA is committed to a culture of diversity, inclusion, and equity, where all employees feel welcome, respected, and engaged. To achieve the greatest mission success, NASA embraces hiring, developing, and growing a diverse and inclusive workforce in a positive and safe work environment where individuals can be authentic. This value will enable NASA to attract the best talent, grow the capabilities of the entire workforce, and empower everyone to fully contribute.

Strategy 4.1: Increase the diversity of thought and backgrounds represented across the entire SMD portfolio through a more inclusive and accessible environment.

ROSES: SMD's goals are to develop a workforce and scientific community that reflects the diversity of the country and to instill a culture of inclusion across its entire portfolio.

ATP Inclusion Criterion Pilot Program

ROSES-21 will be amended to add the following change to the Astrophysics Theory Program (ATP)

All proposals should include an inclusion plan. This section will address:

- Plans for creating and sustaining a positive and inclusive working environment for those carrying out the proposed investigation, and
- Contributions the proposed investigation will make to the training and development of a diverse and inclusive scientific workforce.

The inclusion plan will be evaluated for adequacy and completeness.

Feedback will be provided to the proposers as part of the panel review summaries. The feedback will not be folded into the adjectival ratings or selection recommendations in the current ROSES cycle, but may in future cycles. NASA plans to invite comments from proposers regarding this pilot process after they receive their review comments.

Anti-Harassment Statement

At NASA we are fully committed to assuring the safety and effectiveness of our workforce and our missions. Consequently, NASA strictly prohibits harassment and is fully committed to providing a safe and harassment-free work environment.

NASA encourages all employees to report and help prevent workplace harassment, and NASA strictly prohibits retaliation for raising allegations of harassment or providing information related to such allegations. The Agency's Anti-Harassment Program provides for prompt, thorough, and impartial investigations of harassment complaints, and individuals reporting harassment are assured that NASA will protect the confidentiality of harassment complaints to the fullest extent possible. The Agency will take immediate and appropriate corrective action in situations involving harassment and proactively in other situations to reasonably prevent harassment from occurring.

Reporting from grant recipients: Recipient institutions are required to notify NASA of any findings/determinations of sexual harassment, other forms of harassment, or sexual assault regarding a NASA-funded Principal Investigator (PI) or co-I, or of the placement of the PI or co-I on administrative leave, or the imposition of any administrative action relating to harassment or sexual assault finding or investigation.

https://www.nasa.gov/offices/odeo/policy-and-publications

https://missionstem.nasa.gov/term-condition-institutional-harassment-discr.html



COVID Impacts: Status of SMD Programs

NASA has been in a mandatory telework posture due to COVID-19 for over one year now; NASA work has continued though there have been impacts

COVID Impacts on Missions:

- Projects continue to respond and replan due to changes due to COVID-caused issues; replans (including changes in cost and schedule estimates) continue to be reviewed and approved through the SMD Program Management Council process
- NASA Centers are planning for ramping up onsite activities when 25% occupancy limit is lifted
- SMD COVID assumptions have been updated, which allows our missions to more effectively plan for operating over the next 12 months

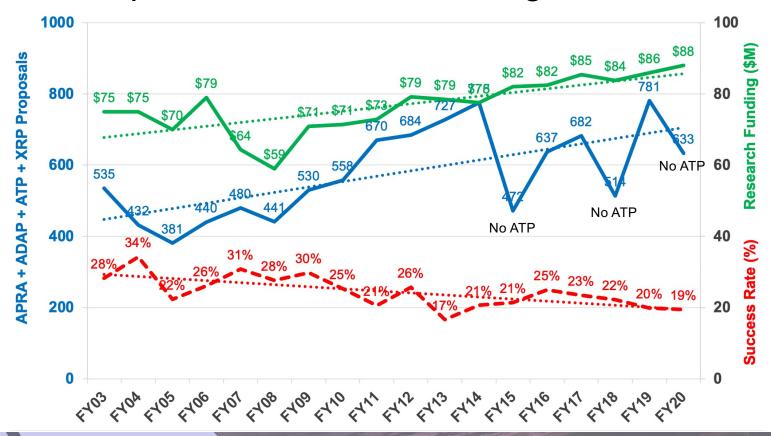
COVID Impacts on R&A:

- No R&A solicitations or selections have been cancelled due to COVID; notifications and funding have continued at the pre-pandemic pace
- · Virtual peer review panels will continue through December 2021, and likely beyond

How this affects the community:

- As vaccinations increase within the community, we will be able to interact more with our project teams, partners, and vendors by increasing on-site work and travel
- SMD is working toward multiple launches scheduled for the fall and winter of this year, including Webb, Lucy, Landsat-9, DART, IXPE, and GOES-T

R&A Proposals, Research Funding, Success Rate

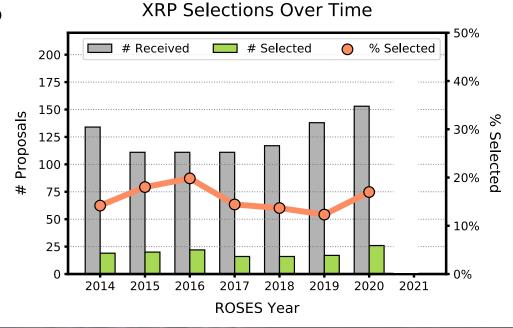


Exoplanet Research Program Updates

- Beginning with ROSES-2020, exoplanet research elements from ADAP, ATP, & APRA-Lab Astro have been moved into XRP.
- Exoplanet technology development remains in APRA
- Selection rates last year went up
- New this year: Dual-Anonymous Peer Review (DAPR)

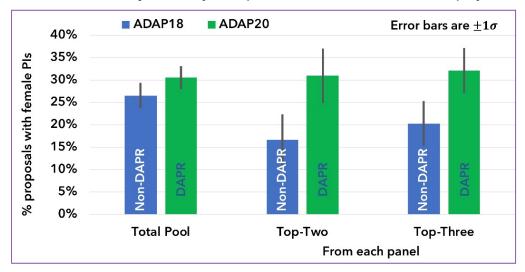
Possible causes for growth in number of proposals:

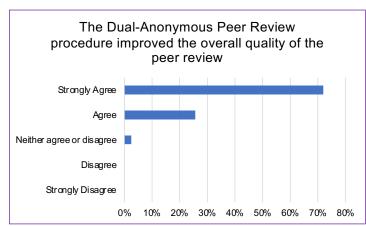
- Growth in exoplanets as a field in general
- Delayed growth due to COVID-19
- Delayed growth because ATP not solicited last year



Dual-Anonymous Peer Review

- Dual-Anonymous Peer Review (DAPR) has successfully been used in multiple Astrophysics programs
- All Astrophysics GO/GI programs have permanently converted
- Astrophysics Data Analysis and Habitable Worlds among ROSES programs converted in 2020
- Will be joined by Exoplanet Research and Astrophysics Theory programs in ROSES-2021





Extreme Precision Radial Velocity Foundation Science

The Extreme Precision Radial Velocity (EPRV) Foundation Science program is a new solicitation released as Appendix 17 to ROSES 2020 on October 9.

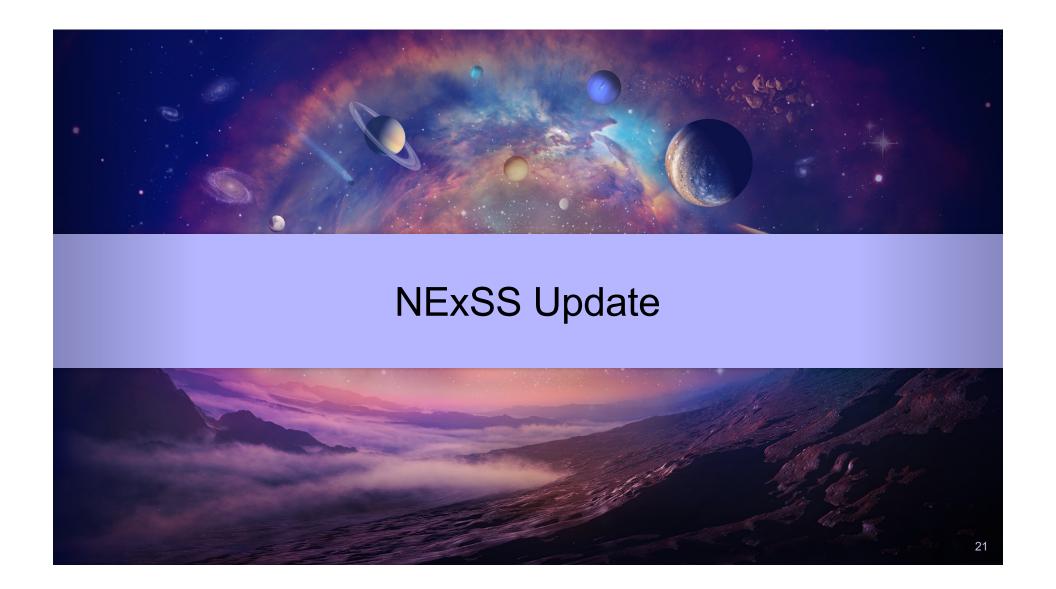
- Represents an initial response to the recommendations of the NASEM's 2018 Exoplanet Science Strategy and the implementation framework developed subsequently by the joint NASA-NSF EPRV Working Group.
- There are currently no plans for additional proposal calls under this program element, but that
 possibility will be considered in the formulation of NASA's response to the 2020 Astrophysics
 Decadal Survey.

Summary of Solicitation

- Central question: "Can stellar variability be understood well enough to mitigate its limitation on radial velocity measurement precision?"
- Full proposals were due January 28, 2021

25 Proposals were received, 6 selected for funding.

• 2-year investigations involve observations, theory/modeling, and/or data analysis, as well as the development of advanced statistical methodologies for analyzing complex RV datasets.





What is NExSS?

An interdisciplinary research coordination network dedicated to the study of planetary habitability and the search for life on exoplanets

A NASA cross-division initiative bringing astrophysicists, planetary scientists, Earth scientists, and heliophysicists together to bring a "systems science" approach to this problem

A way to leverage NASA investments in research and missions to create a community that will accelerate discovery and characterization of potential life-bearing worlds

break down barriers between SMD divisions

Now one of the five ICAR programs

HQ Reps:

Mary Voytek (PSD)
Richard Eckman (ESD)
Doug Hudgins (APD)
Jared Leisner (HPD)

Co-Leads:

Daniel Apai (UA)
Dawn Gelino (Caltech/JPL)
Vikki Meadows (UW)
Shawn Domagal-Goldman
(NASA GSFC)
NEXSS NPMP:
Jessica Noviello (GSFC)



Revamped Website!! NExSS.info

Science Working Groups

Planet Formation

Quantitative Habitability

Life Detection/Biosignatures

Technosignatures

Climate Model Intercomparisons

Planetary Atmospheres

Science Communications

Event Calendar

How to become a NExSS Affiliate

Workshops and Webinars

NfoLD/NExSS Standards of Evidence for Life Detection Workshop (Jul 19-23)

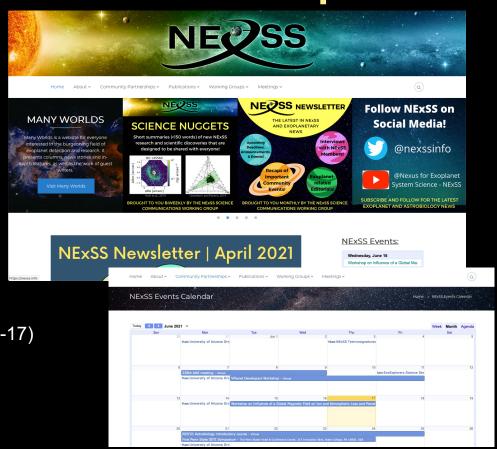
Magnetic Field Affects on Habitability (June 15-17)

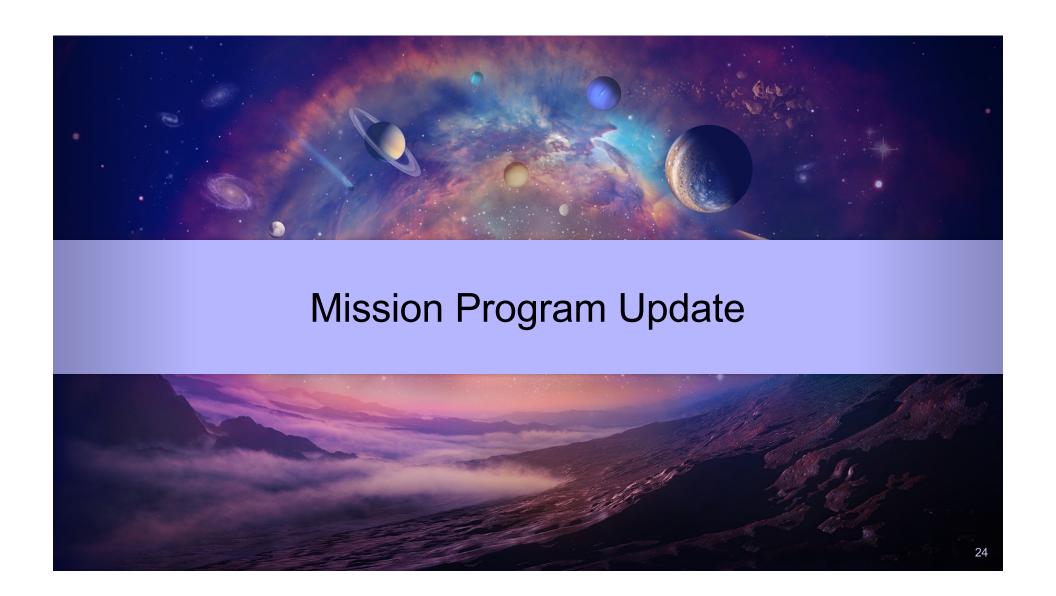
VPLanet Developers Workshop (June 8-11)

Technosignatures Webinar Event (June 3)

Habitable Worlds 2021 (Feb 22-26)

Activities Update







"Space Telescope Delivers the Goods"

Where is TESS Pointing?

Observation Sectors 39-

Orbit 86: June 10 - June 24 Orbit 87: June 25 - July 8

Planet Count:

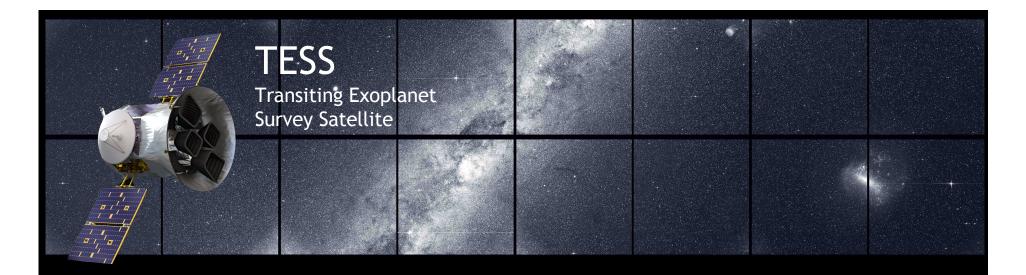
131 confirmed planets 3506 planet candidates

Publication Count: 573 submitted, 475 peer-reviewed (47% exoplanets, 53% astrophysics)

TESS Objects of Interest (TOI) Catalog released
 -Catalog led by Natalia Guerrero (early career)

- Over 2200 exoplanet candidates from TESS' prime mission
- Highlights include bounty of planets with follow-up mass measurements, Earth-sized planets, multiplanet systems, a circumbinary planet, and other "firsts"
- TESS continues to deliver in extended mission!

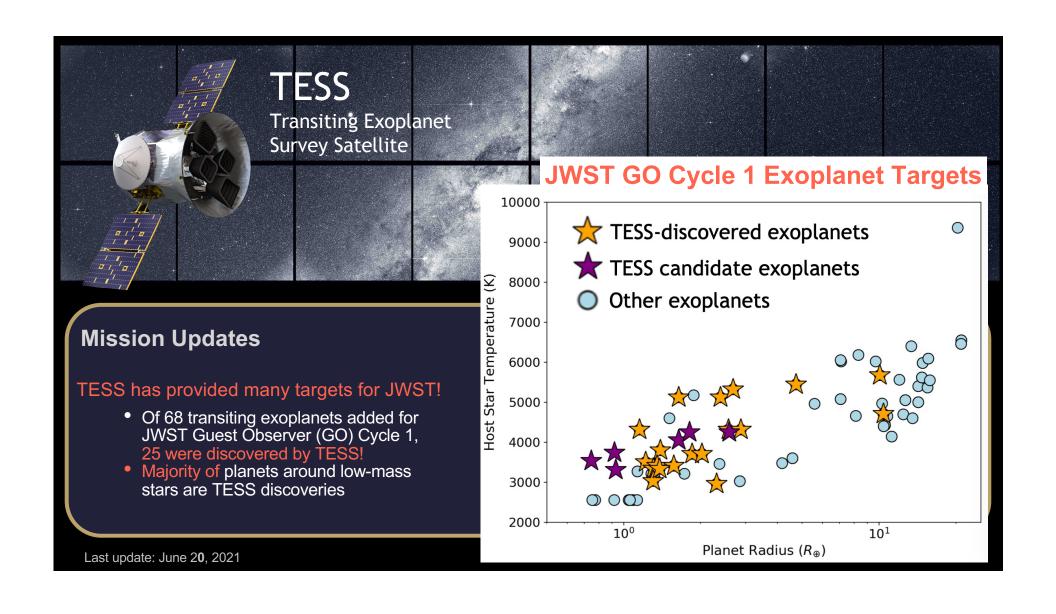
Last update: June 20, 2021



Mission Updates

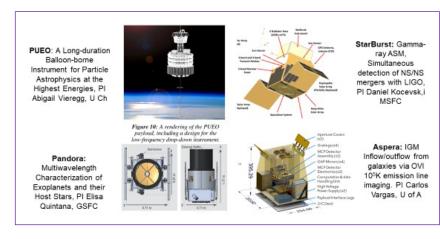
- TESS starts Year 4 of mission June 24/25
- FFI "quick-look" images are being released every orbit, typically within a week from downlink. Currently a "beta test period", with ongoing release anticipated following independent review.
- Guest Investigator Cycle 4 proposals selected. Supporting large programs on topics of AGN, Exoplanets, Eclipsing Binaries, and ground-based supernova follow-up.

Last update: June 20, 2021



Astrophysics Pioneers

- A new class of small missions offered for first time in ROSES-2020. Include SmallSats, CubeSats >6U, major balloon payloads, modest ISS attached payloads, and lunar surface CLPS payloads. \$20M maximum PI cost cap.
- Fills in the gap between existing ROSES investigations (<\$10M for APRA) and existing Explorers MO investigations (~\$35M for SmallSats).
- Solicited through ROSES; relieves burden of writing full Explorers MO proposal (ROSES 2021 Amendment D.15).



- First four selections in January 2020.
- Teams working on Concept Study Report; first gate decision to proceed will be in January 2022.

o ROSES-2021 due date NET March 2022

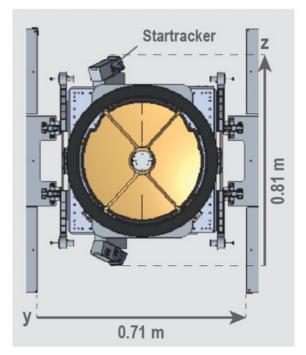
Astrophysics Pioneers: Pandora

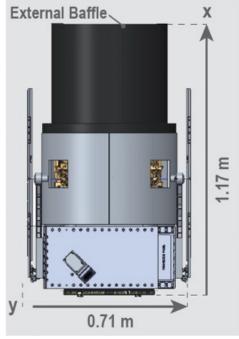
Pandora:

Multiwavelength
Characterization of
Exoplanets and their Host
Stars

PI: Elisa Quintana, NASA GSFC

Stay tuned for Emily Gilbert & Jordon Karburn's talks later today!



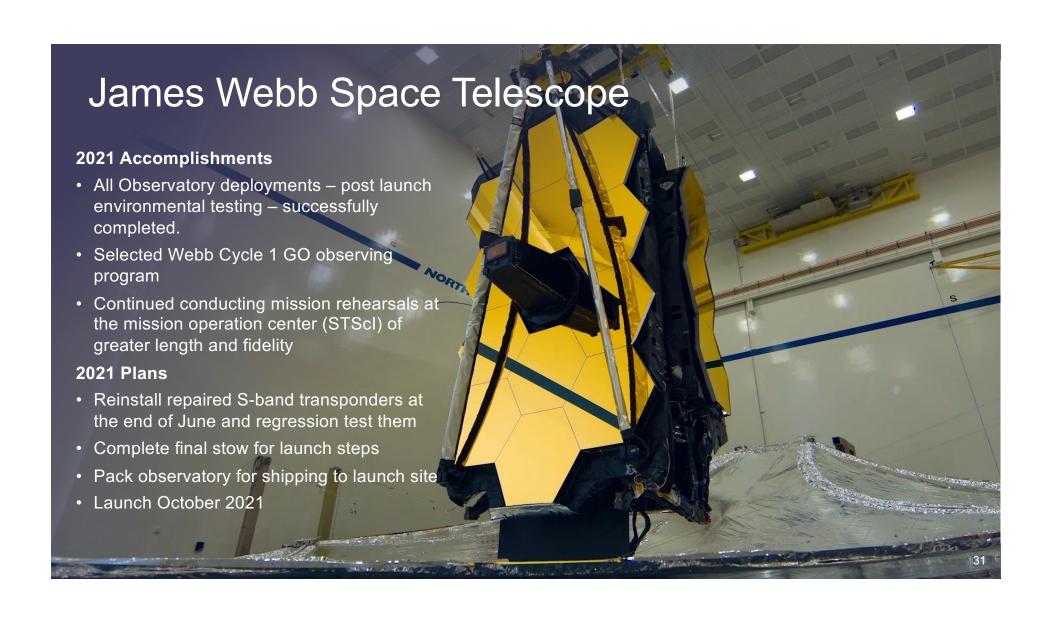


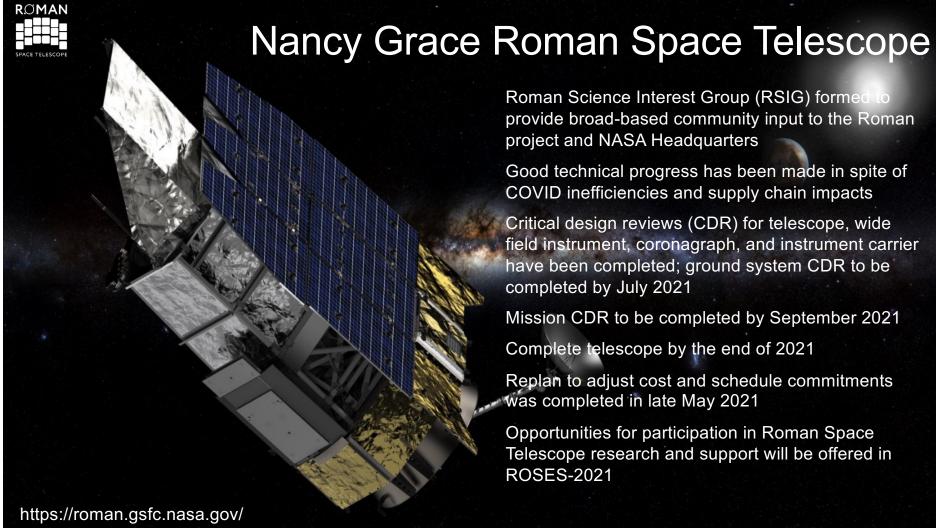




Hubble Space Telescope

NASA continues to work to resolve a problem with the Hubble Space Telescope payload computer that halted on June 13. After performing tests on several of the computer's memory modules, the results indicate that a different piece of computer hardware may have caused the problem, with the memory errors being only a symptom. The operations team is investigating whether the Standard Interface (STINT) hardware, which bridges communications between the computer's Central Processing Module (CPM) and other components, or the CPM itself is responsible for the issue. The team is currently designing tests that will be run in the next few days to attempt to further isolate the problem and identify a potential solution.





Roman Science Interest Group (RSIG) formed to provide broad-based community input to the Roman project and NASA Headquarters

Good technical progress has been made in spite of COVID inefficiencies and supply chain impacts

Critical design reviews (CDR) for telescope, wide field instrument, coronagraph, and instrument carrier have been completed; ground system CDR to be completed by July 2021

Mission CDR to be completed by September 2021

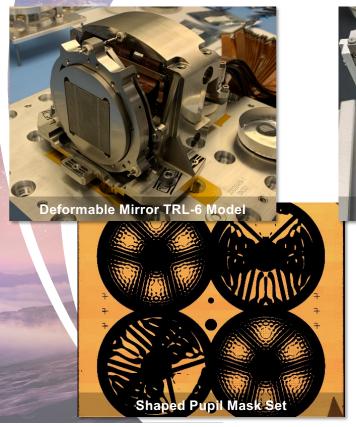
Complete telescope by the end of 2021

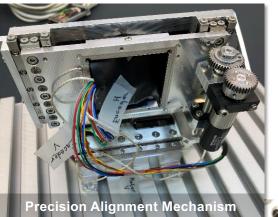
Replan to adjust cost and schedule commitments was completed in late May 2021

Opportunities for participation in Roman Space Telescope research and support will be offered in **ROSES-2021**



Coronagraph Instrument Technology Demonstration Hardware Progress





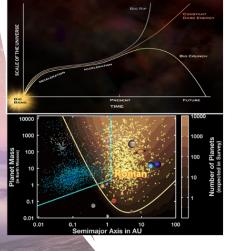






Roman Space Telescope





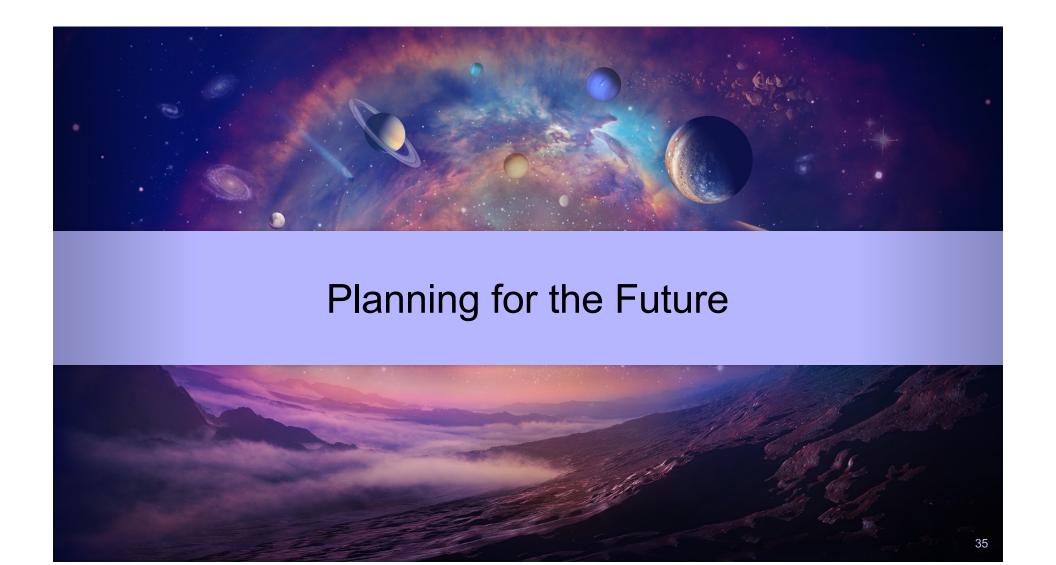
Opportunities for participation in Roman offered in ROSES-2021

- Key Project Teams: Science teams to conduct scientific investigations using the data from the major surveys identified by the Astro2010 Decadal Survey
- Coronagraph Community Participation Program: Investigators to work with the coronagraph instrument team to plan and execute tech demo observations
- Wide Field Instrument Preparatory Science: Investigators to work on science preparation activities related to mission performance verification and science operations preparation

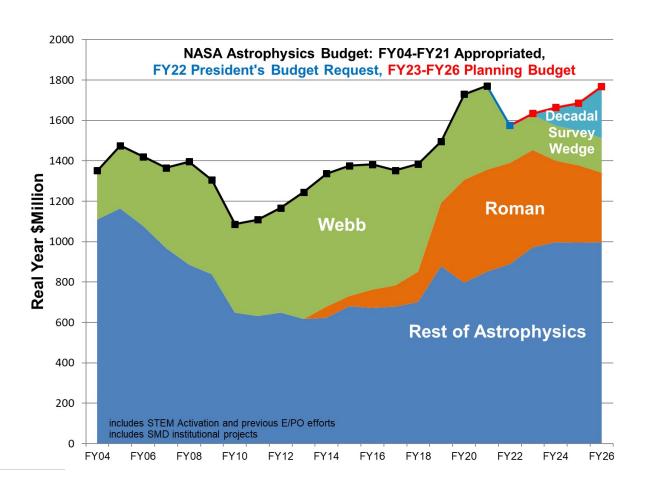
All Roman observing time is available through open processes

- Major Legacy Surveys will be defined using a community-driven open process
- Key Projects funded science investigations using these surveys –openly competed
- Roman observing time will be available for General Observer (GO) projects
- All data will be available to the community with no period of limited access

https://roman.gsfc.nasa.gov/



Astrophysics Budget – FY22 Request



NASA Planning for Astro2020









- NASA is planning for implementing the Decadal Survey
 - Reducing risks of large missions via technology development and through studying lessons learned from prior large missions
 - o Developing options for recommendations in R&A, archives, suborbital, Explorers, Probes
 - o Developing options for flagship risk reduction activities; stay focused on Webb and Roman
 - Holding a wedge in out year planning budget for new initiatives
- NASA plans to provide an initial response to the community within a few months of receiving the Astro2020 Decadal Survey Report
 - Announce implementation of recommendations that can be implemented immediately (within budget, within authority)
 - o Announce plans for developing responses to long-term recommendations
 - Communicate and engage with the community throughout

Keep Informed about NASA

NSPIRES mailing list – information about NASA solicitations

https://nspires.nasaprs.com/

Cosmic Origins mailing list, Exoplanet Exploration mailing list, Physics of the Cosmos mailing list – information about NASA missions and science

https://cor.gsfc.nasa.gov/cornews-mailing-list.php

https://exoplanets.nasa.gov/exep/exopag/announcementList/

https://pcos.gsfc.nasa.gov/pcosnews-mailing-list.php

NASA Astrophysics Federal Advisory Committees

Astrophysics Advisory Committee (APAC)

https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/nac/science-advisory-committees/apac

NASEM Committee on Astronomy and Astrophysics (CAA)

http://sites.nationalacademies.org/bpa/bpa 048755

Astronomy and Astrophysics Advisory Committee (AAAC)

https://www.nsf.gov/mps/ast/aaac.jsp

Sign up to be a panel reviewer:

https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/volunteer-review-panels

Why Volunteer to Serve on a NASA Peer Review Panel?

Personal professional development:

- · See how the whole review process works
- · Learn what constitutes excellent proposals
- Network with your professional colleagues and NASA scientific staff

Institutional achievement:

- Improve at competing for NASA money
- Increase knowledge of NASA's research and technology programs

Investment in the future:

- Help select the most transformative science
- Ensure that all proposals receive a fair and competent review

All reviewers receive an honorarium from NASA
All reviews through (at least) the end of 2021 are virtual
Sign up to be a panel reviewer:

https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/volunteer-review-panels or contact a NASA program officer (for contact info, see https://science.nasa.gov/researchers/sara/program-officers-list)

