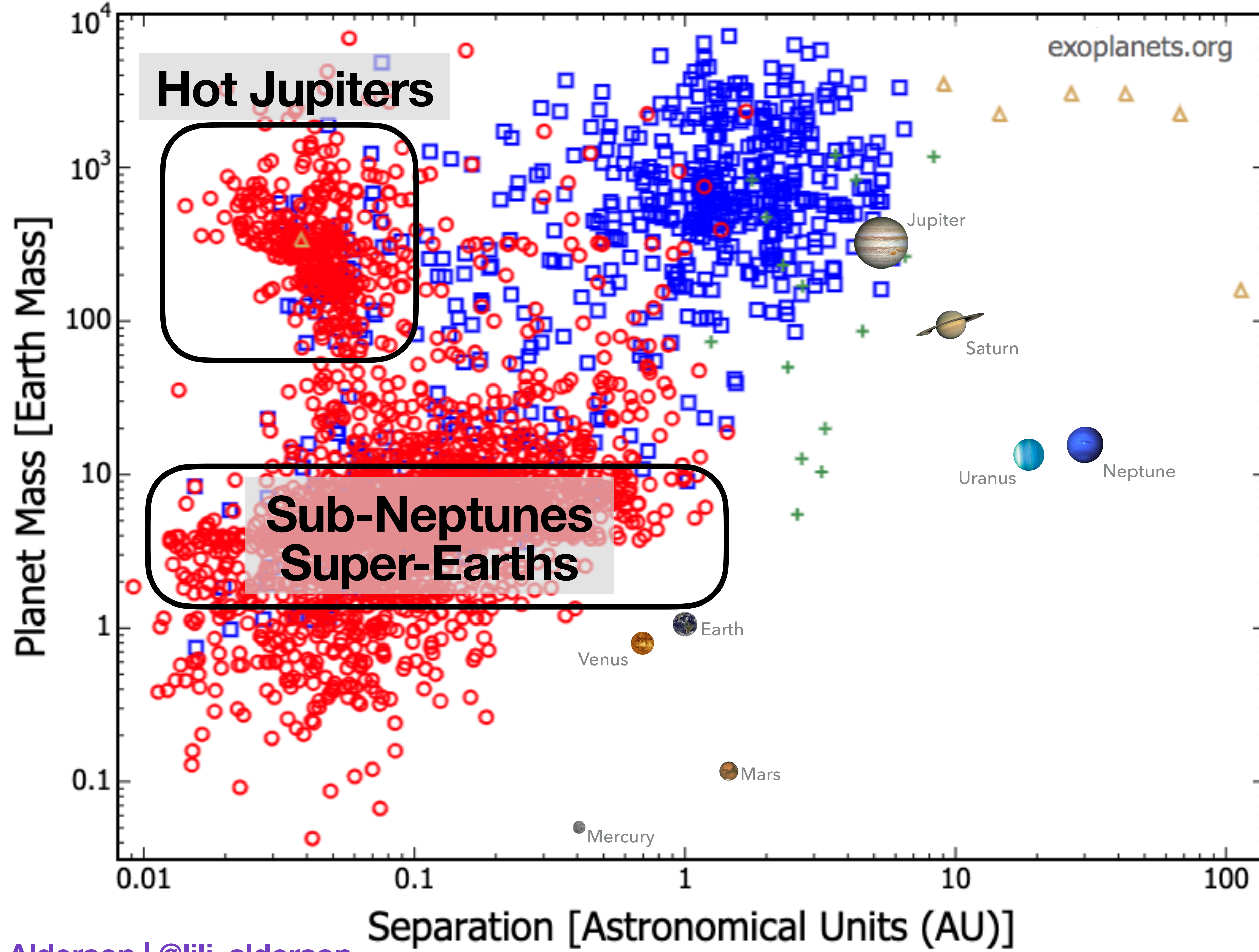


Atmospheres Across the Radius Valley

Lili Alderson



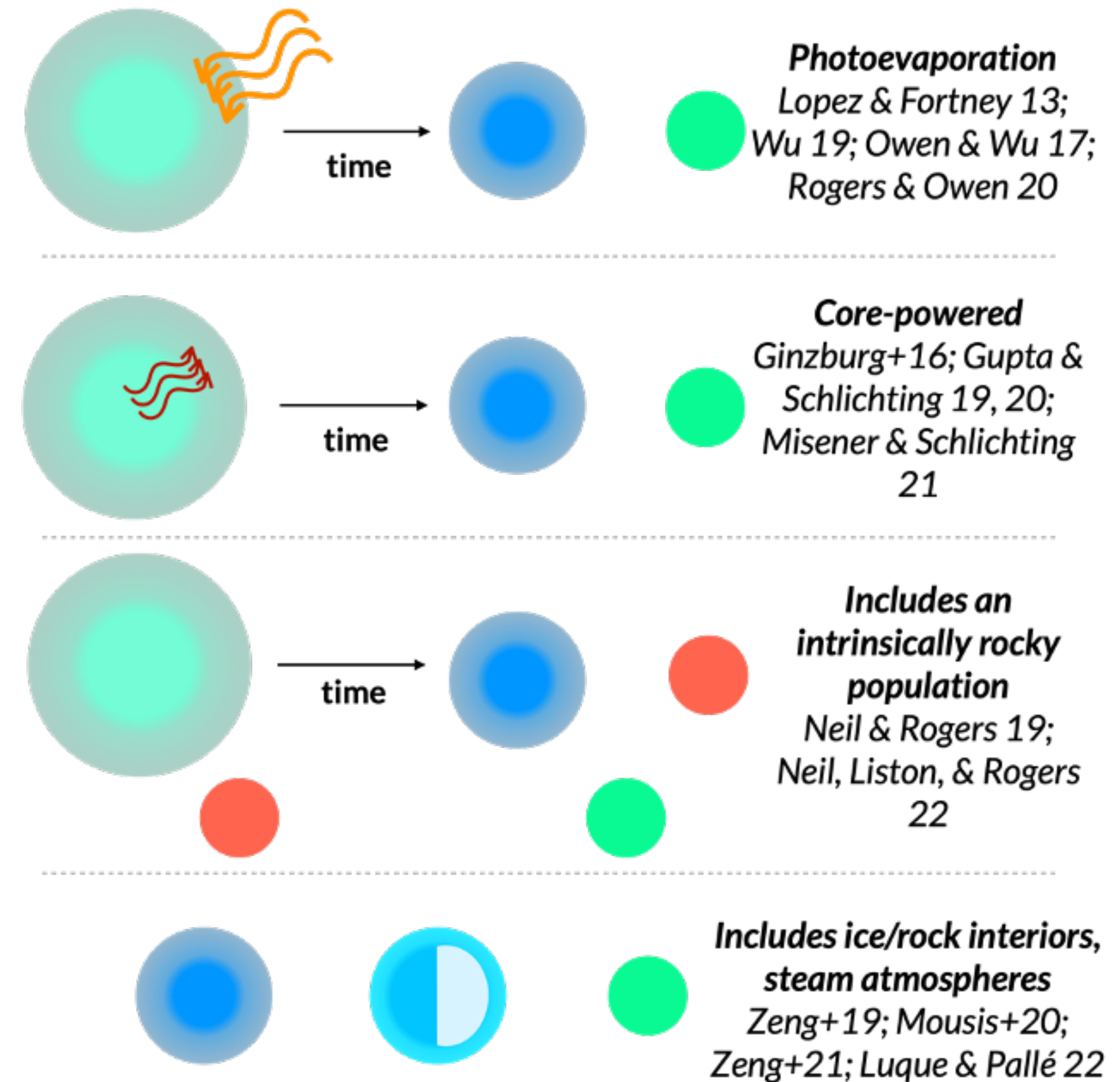
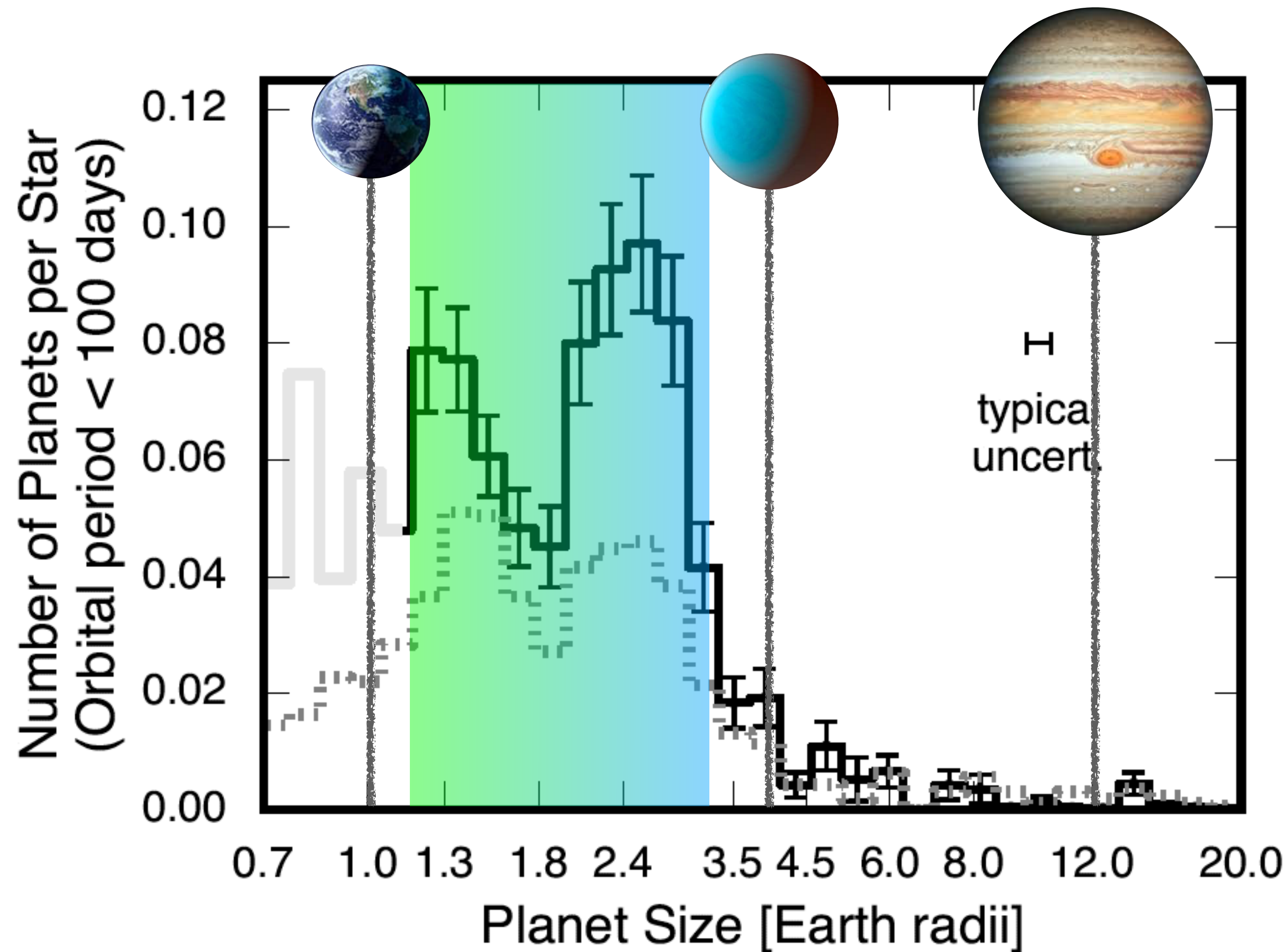


Discovery Methods

- Transiting
- Radial Velocities
- △ Direct Imaging
- + Gravitational Microlensing

Radius Valley

- How did it get here??! Atmospheres can provide clues

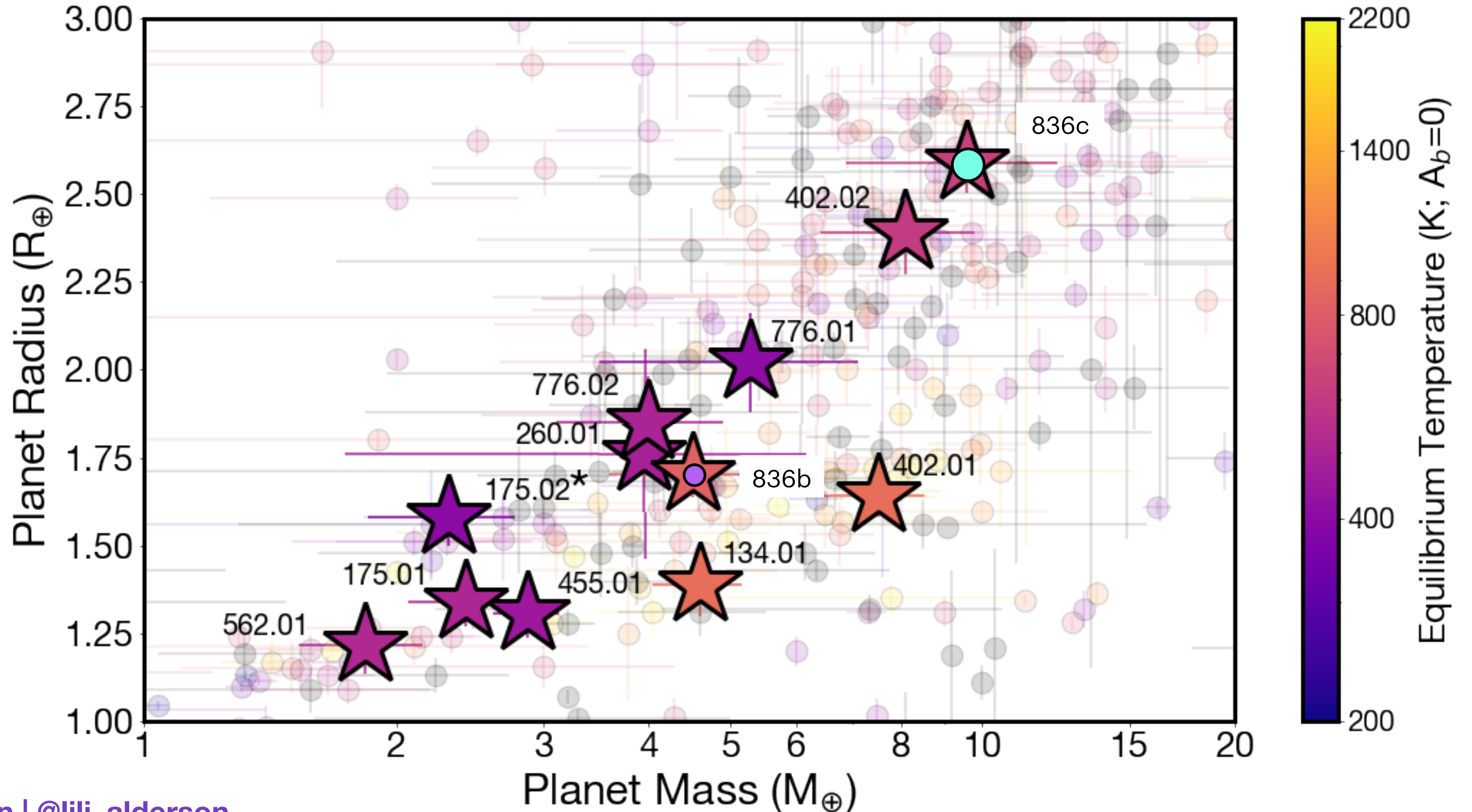


Compositions of Mini-Planets for Atmospheric Statistical Study (COMPASS)

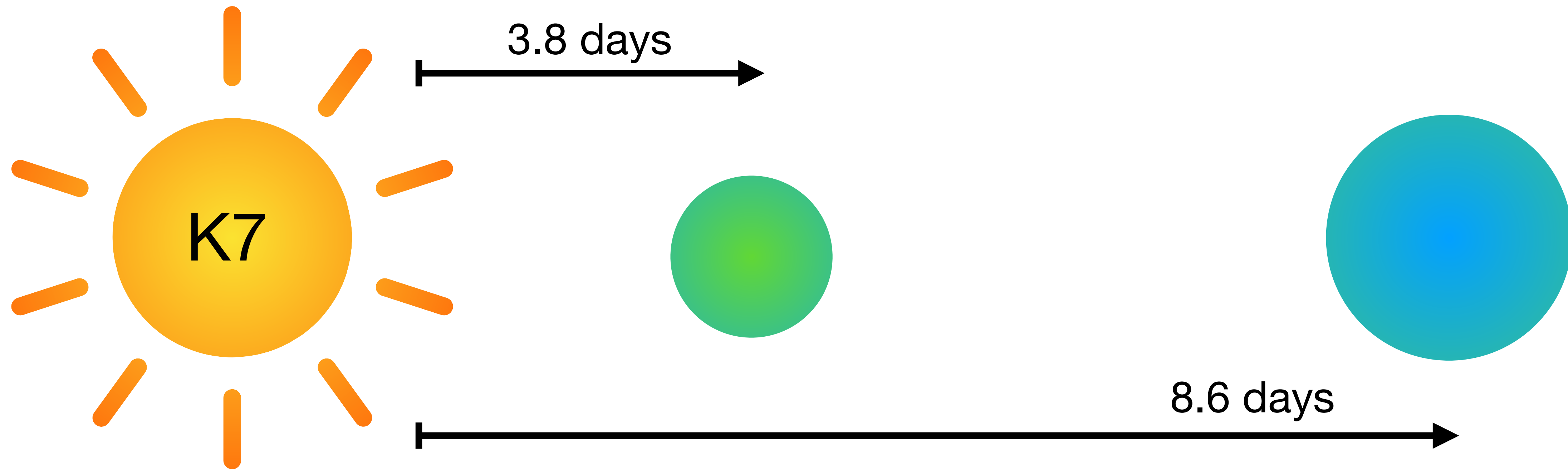
- designed to build a critical link between atmospheric characterization and planetary demographics
- observing 11 exoplanets in transmission with NIRSpec/G395H (3–5 μ m), including four pairs of planets in the same system
- aim to measure the prevalence of major molecular species expected to provide key insights into the formation and evolution pathways of exoplanets



COMPASS Sample



TOI-836 System



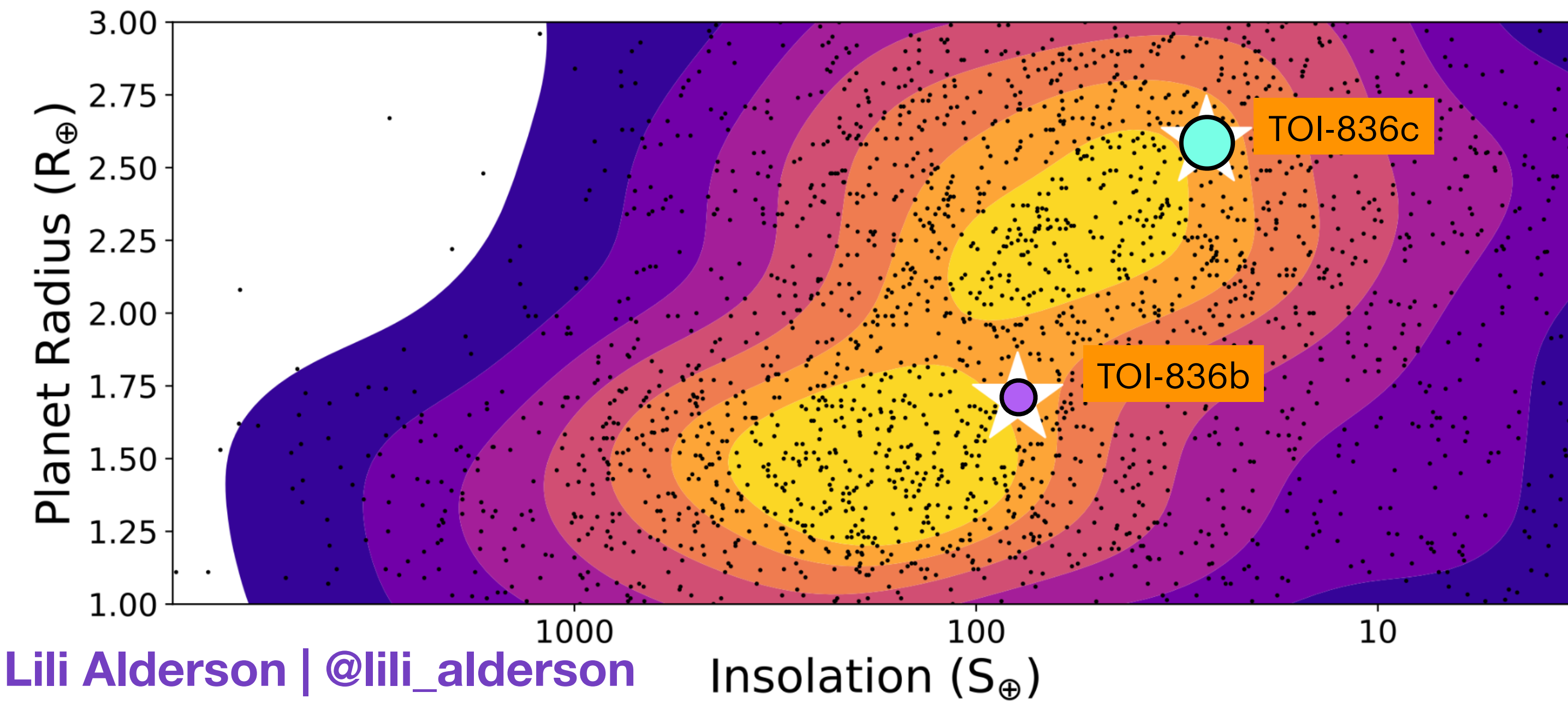
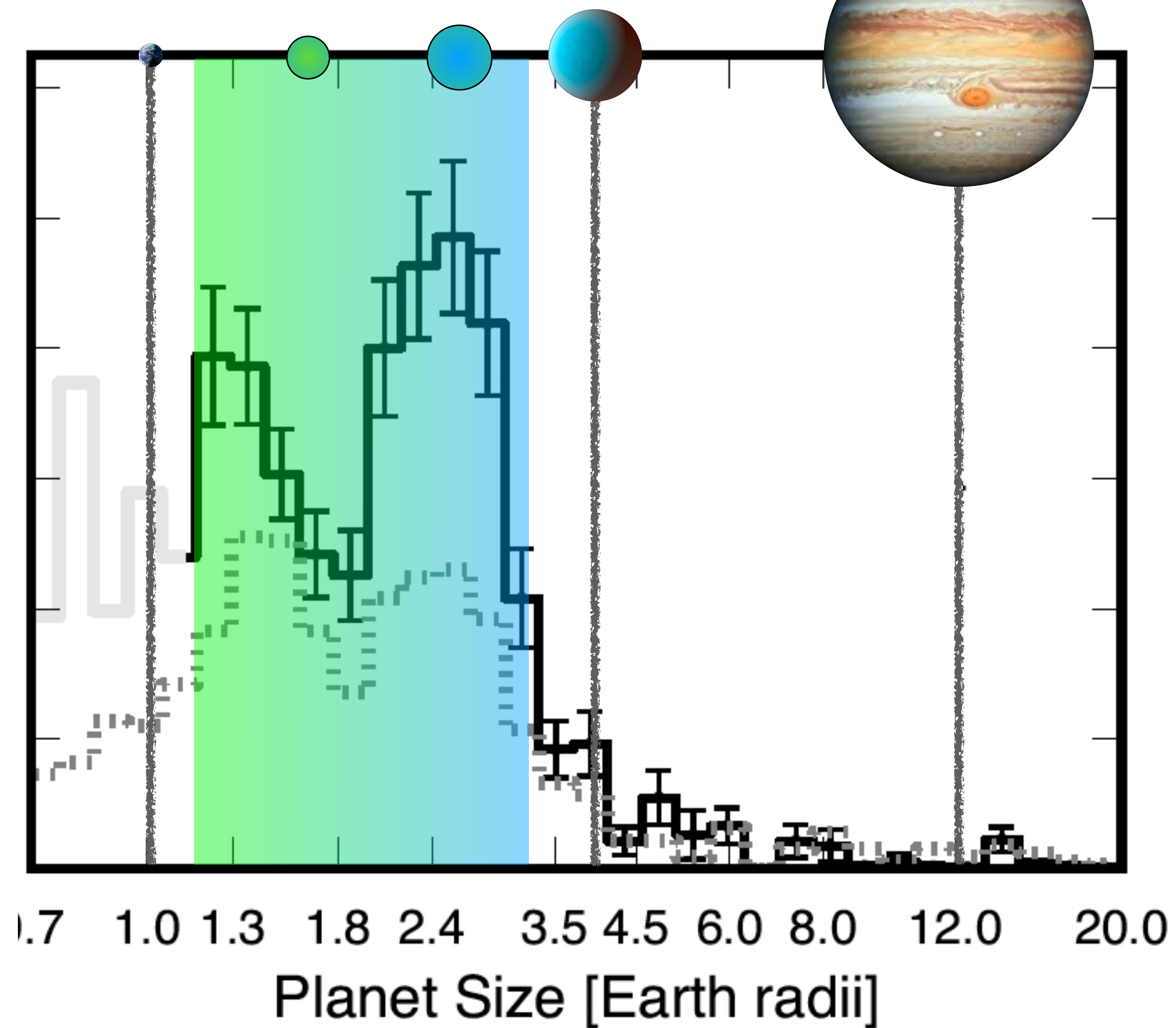
- Super-Earth TOI-836b
 - 1.704 R_E
 - 4.53 M_E
 - $T_{eq} \sim 870K$

- Sub-Neptune TOI-836c
 - 2.58 R_E
 - 9.6 M_E
 - $T_{eq} \sim 665K$

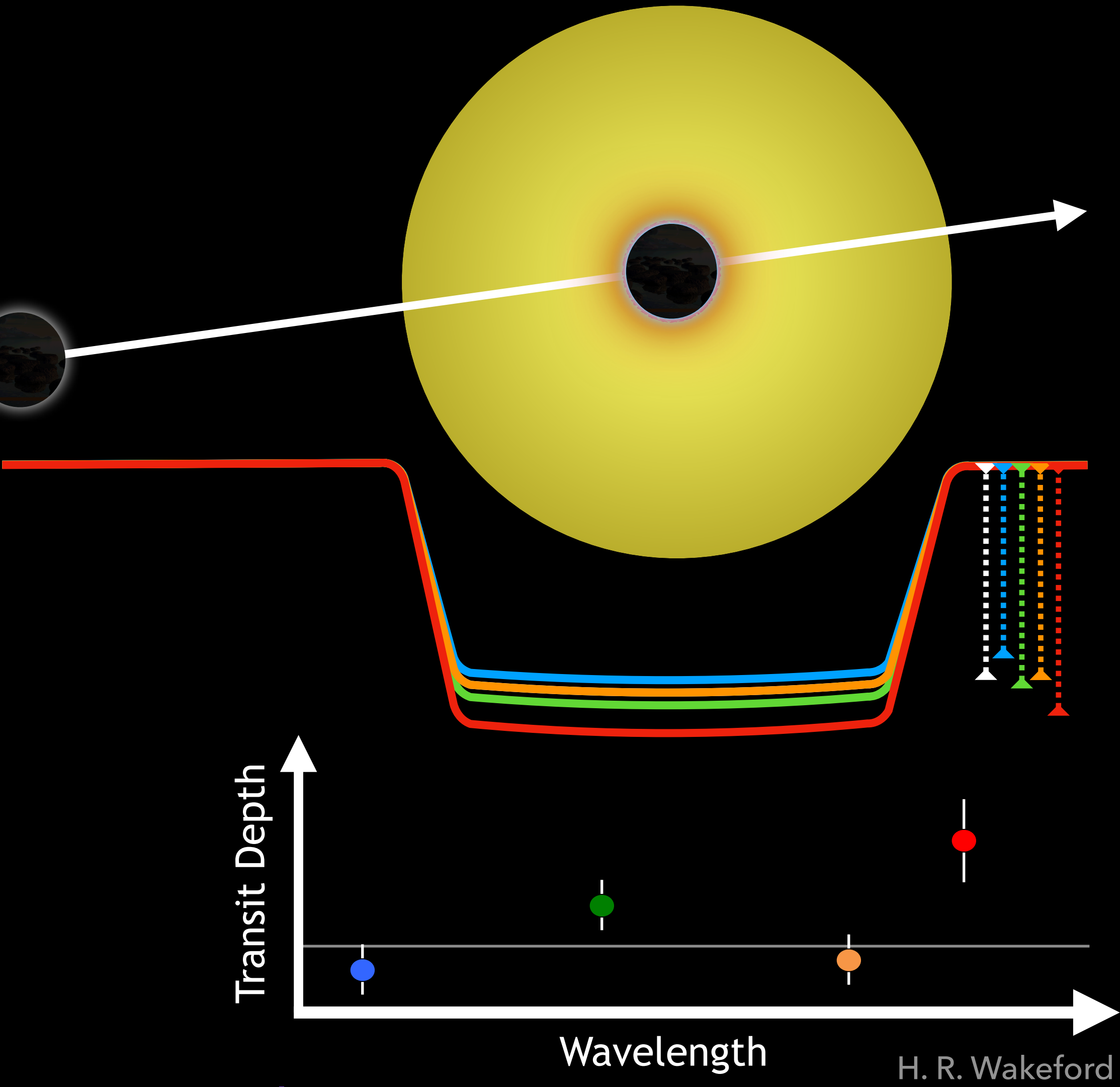
TOI-836 System

- System straddles the radius valley
- Expected to be driven by photoevaporation or core powered mass loss

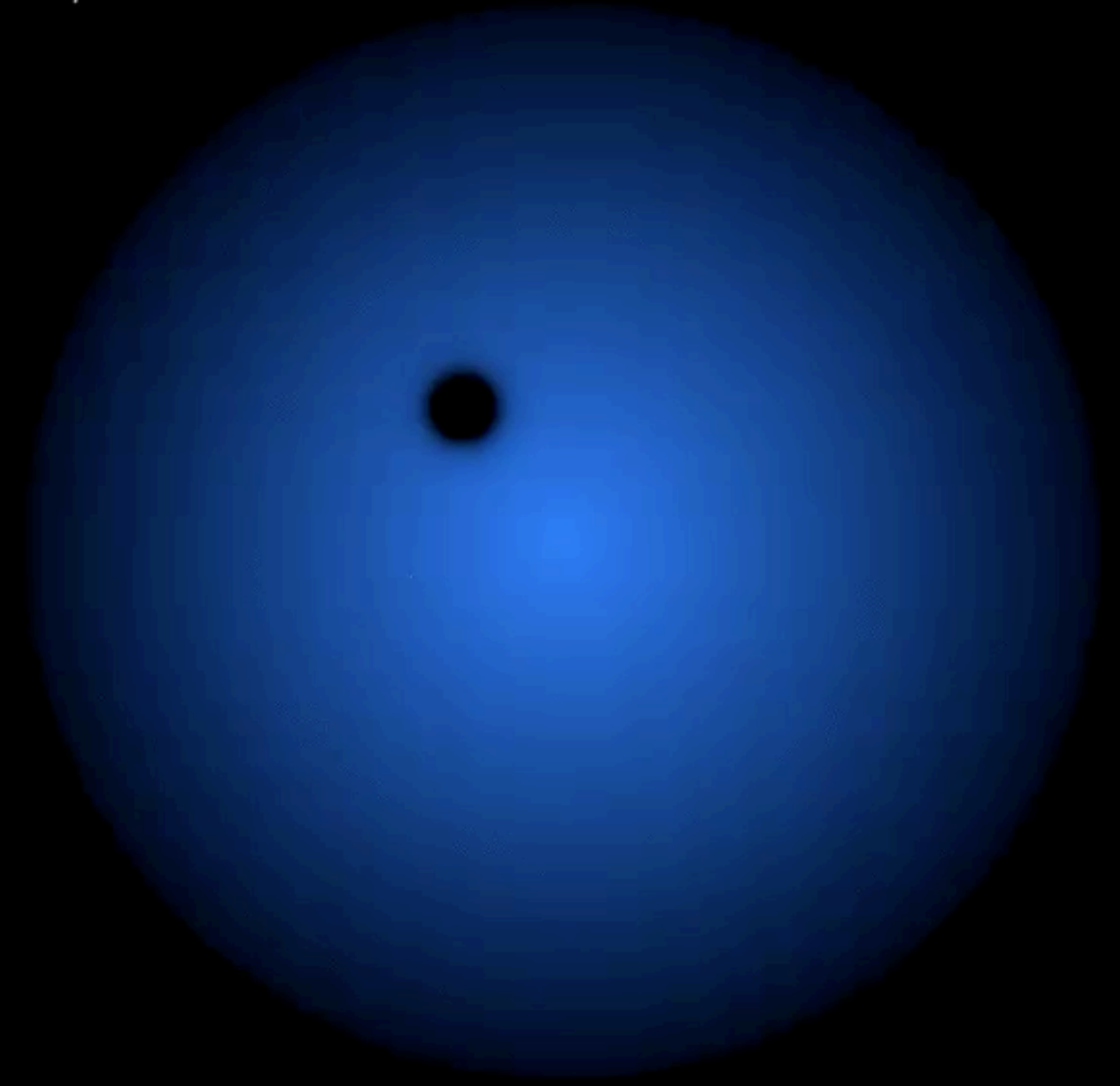
Number of Planets per Star
(Orbital period < 100 days)



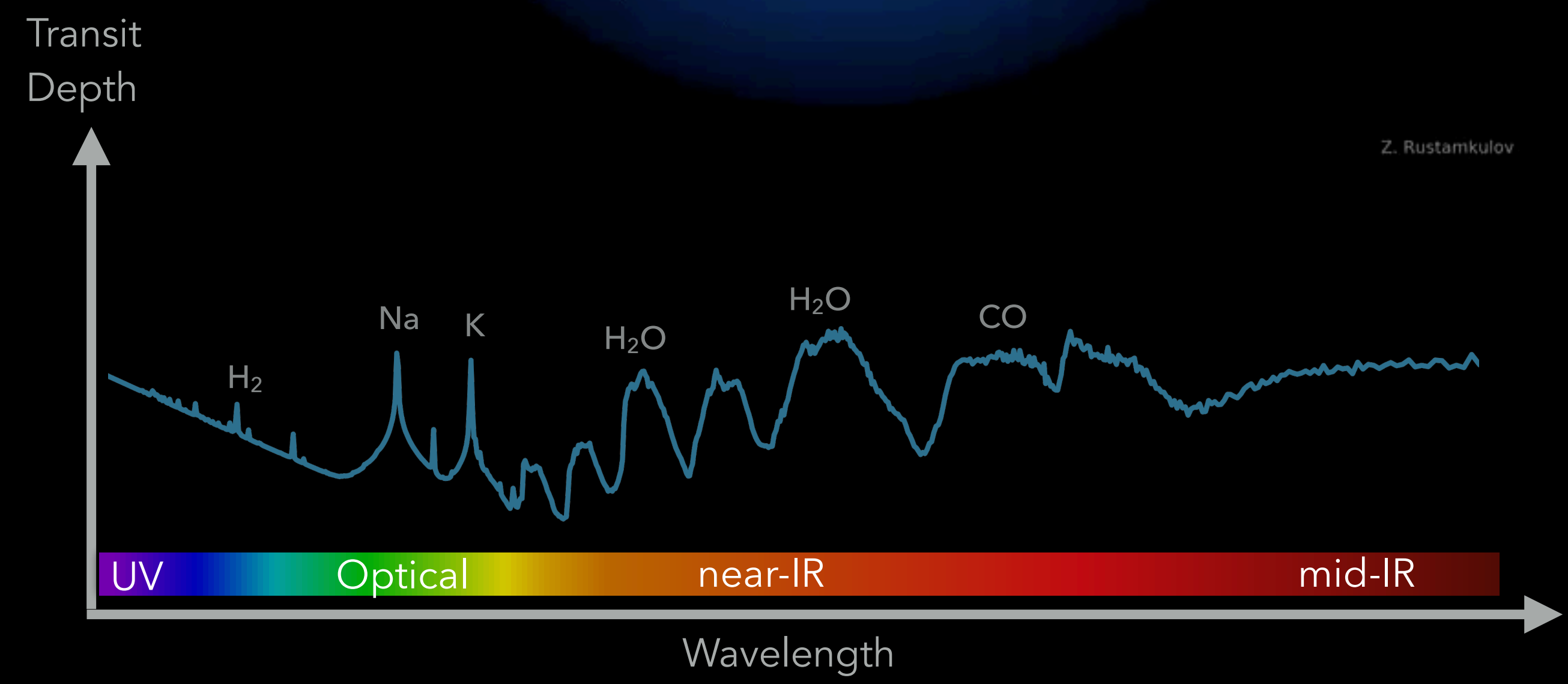
Transmission Spectroscopy



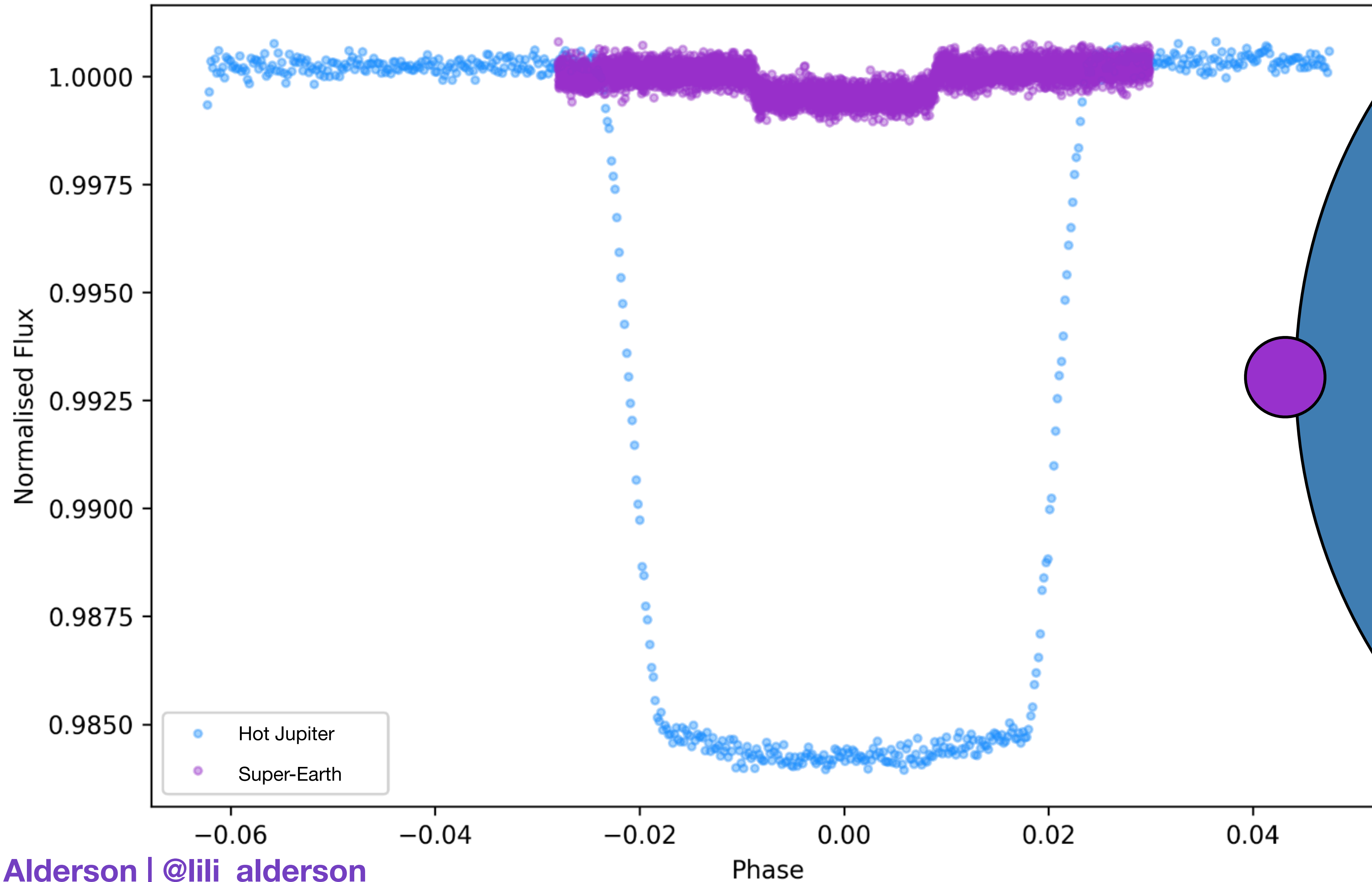
0.3 μ m



Z. Rustamkulov

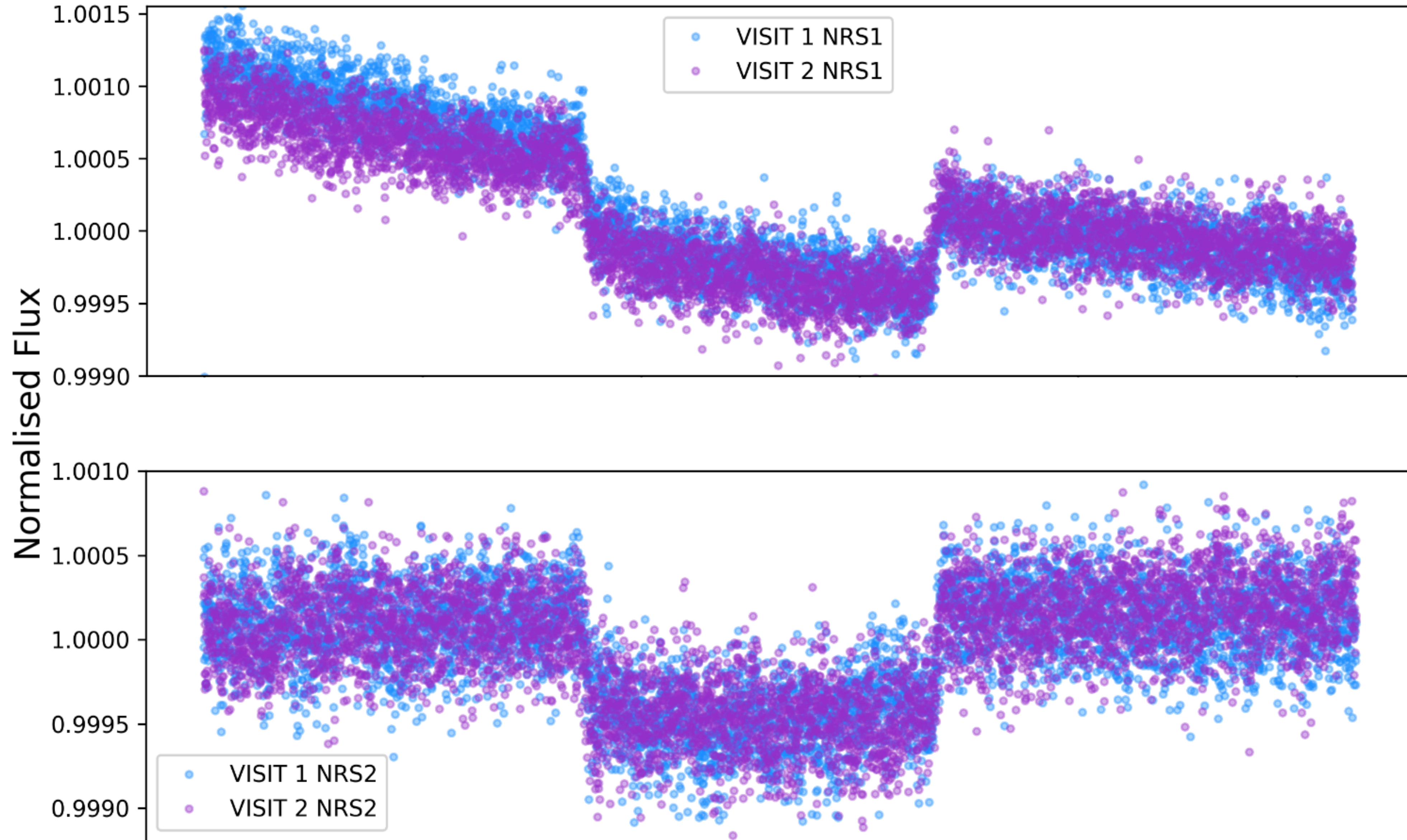


Small Planets are not Hot Jupiters!



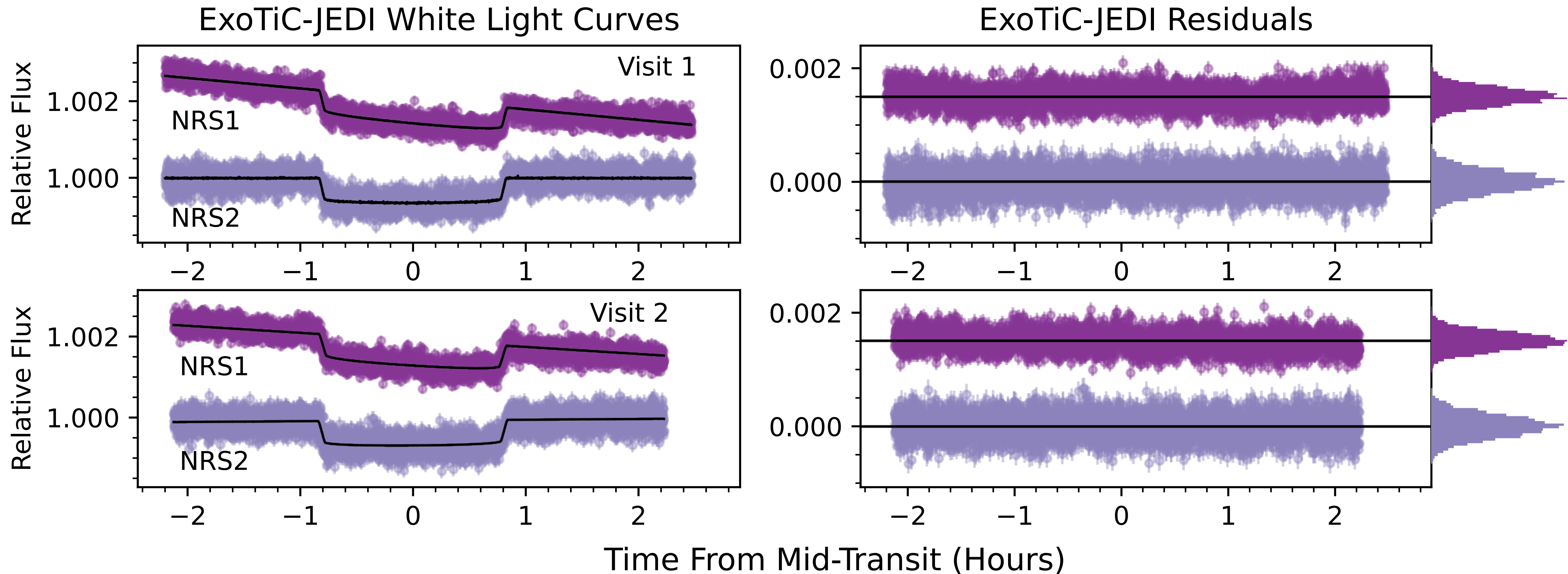
Instrument Systematics

- Linear(ish) trends in brighter targets
- Two NIRSpec detectors each behave differently
 - NRS2 is exposed less frequently than NRS1
 - NRS2 not totally “free” from systematics



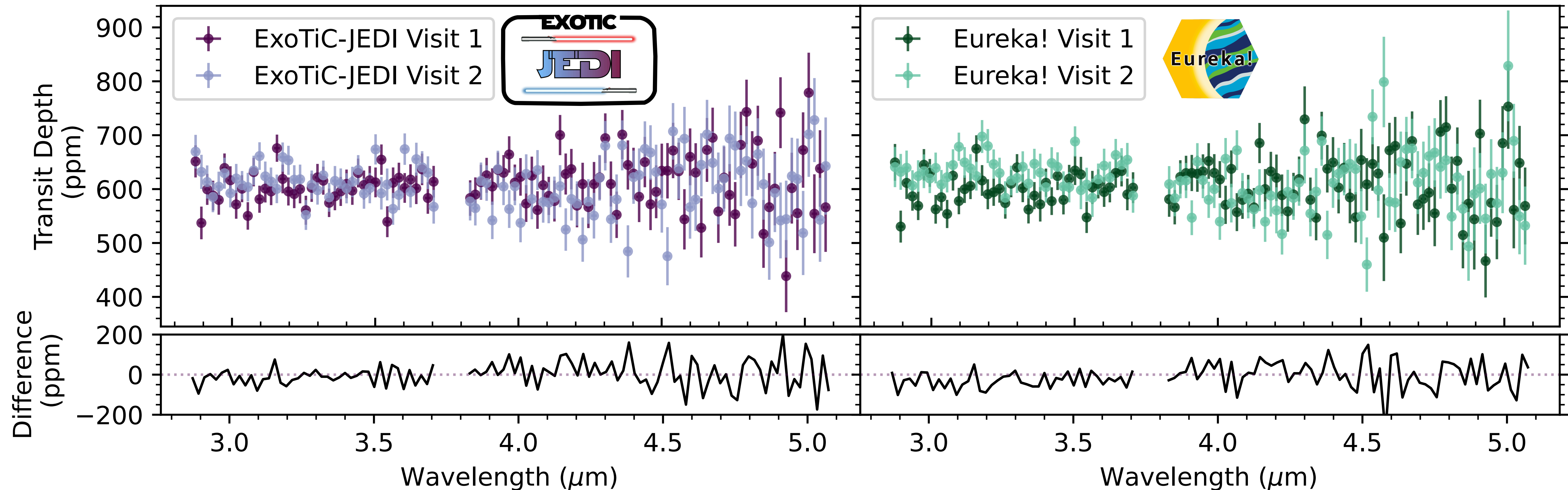
TOI-836b

- Observed 2 transits in March 2023
- Reduce data with 2 independent pipelines - ExoTiC JEDI and Eureka!



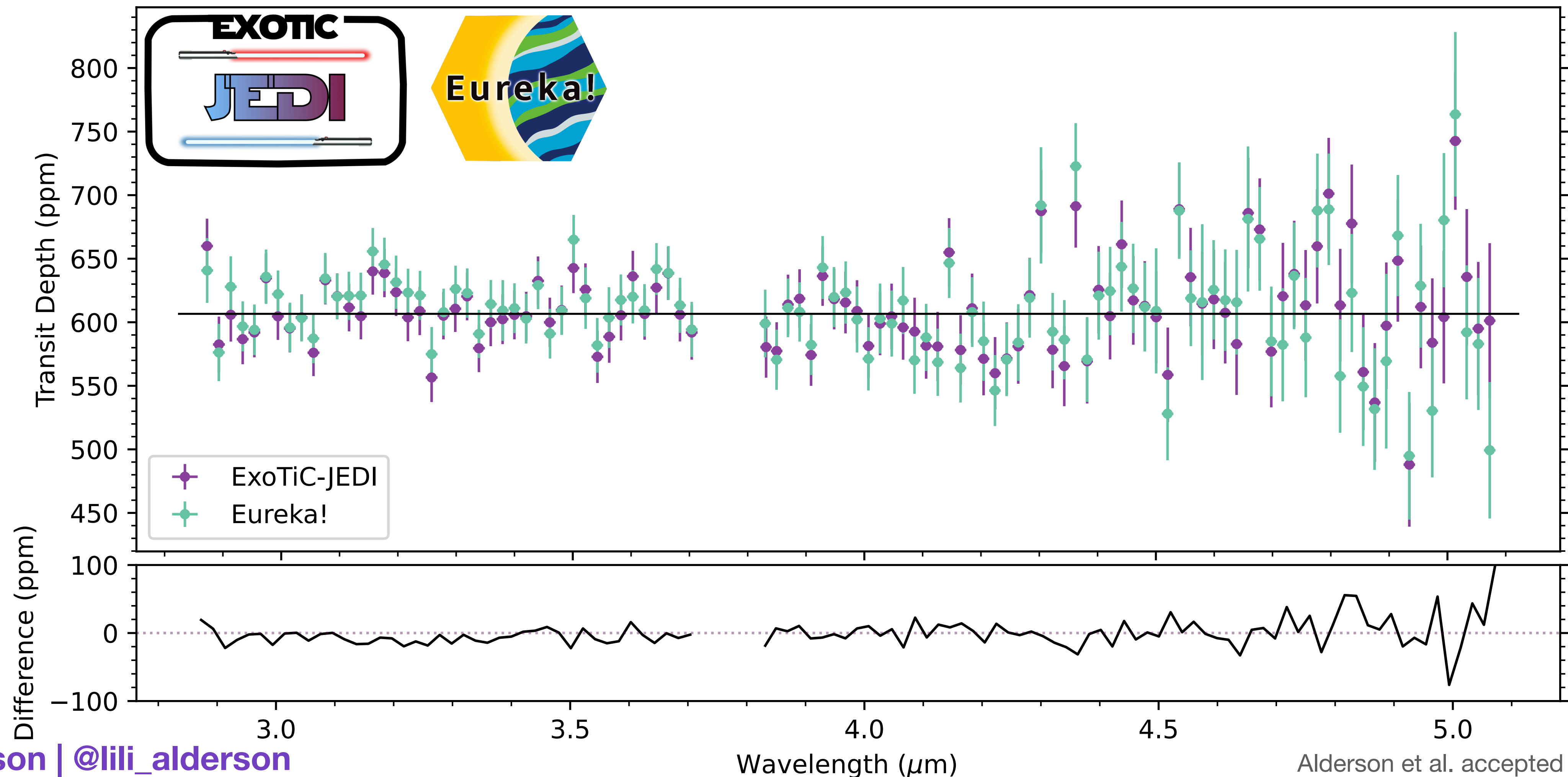
Transmission Spectra

- Spectra from both visits agree well
 - median difference 39 ppm and 48ppm compared to single visit transit depth uncertainty of ~35ppm



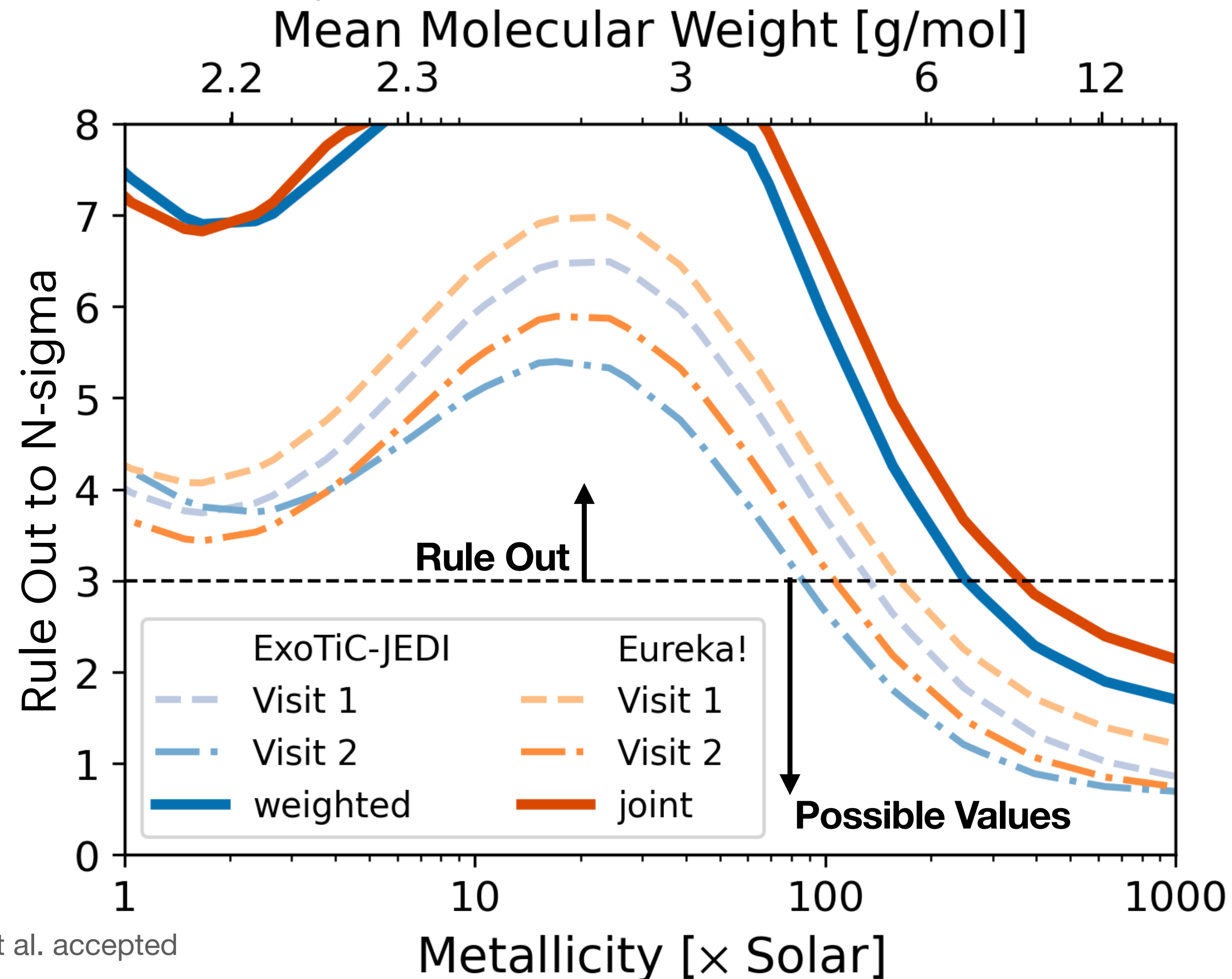
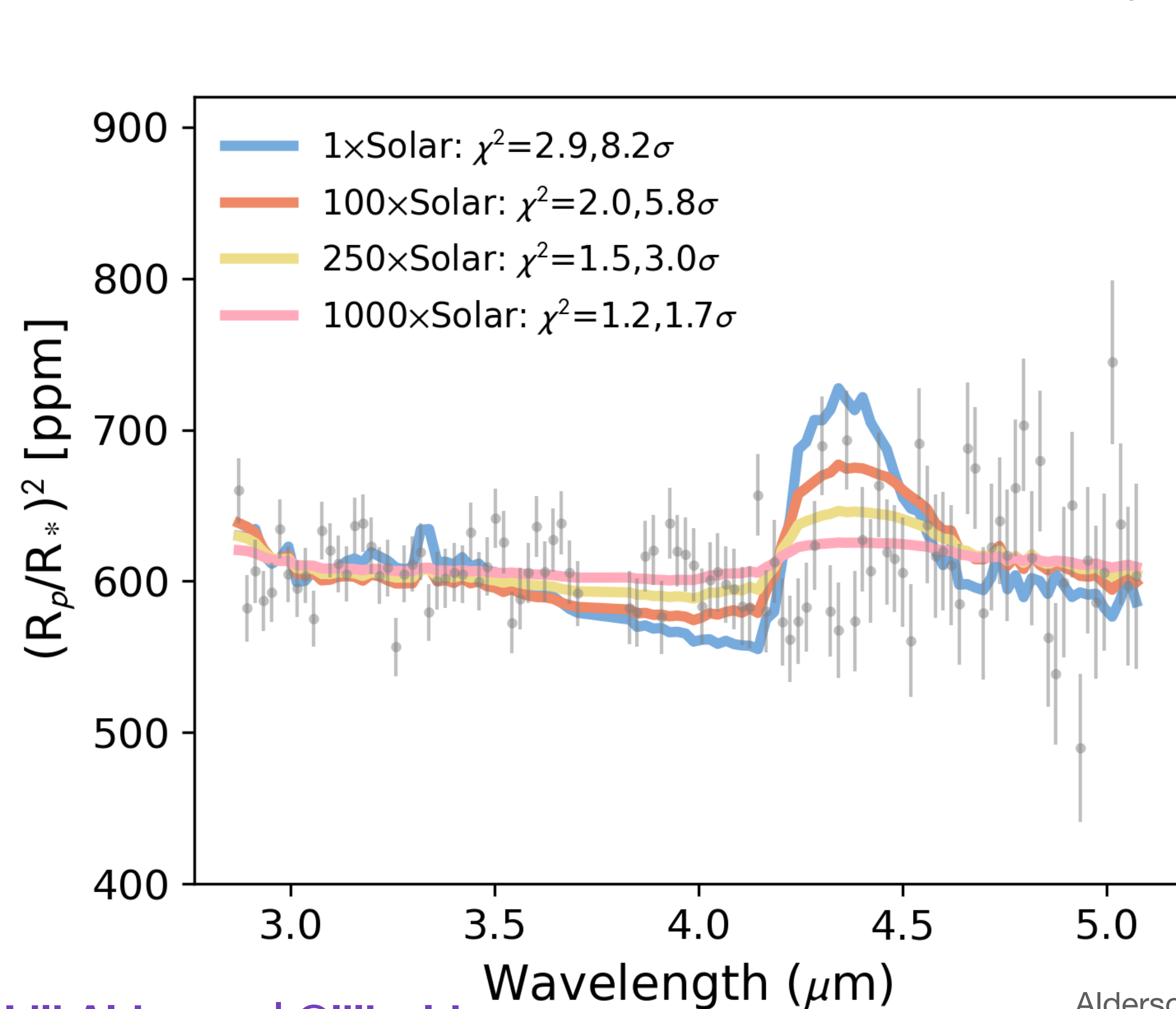
Transmission Spectrum

- Combined spectra agree between pipelines with no obvious spectral features
- median difference 10ppm compared to uncertainty of 25ppm



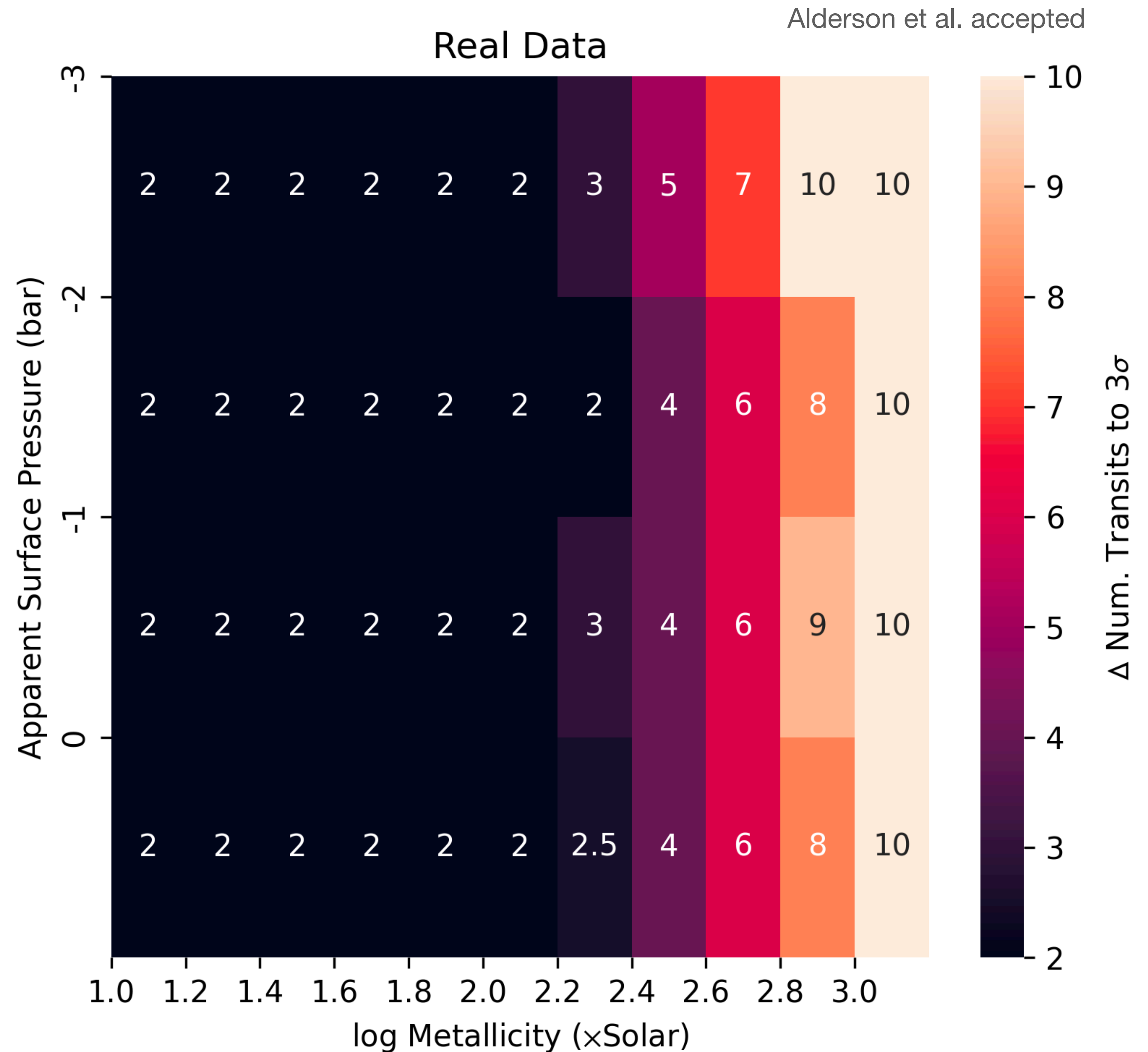
Atmospheric Inferences

- Clearly rule out low mean molecular weight (puffy H₂/He dominated) atmospheres
- Atmospheres >250x solar metallicity are statistically possible



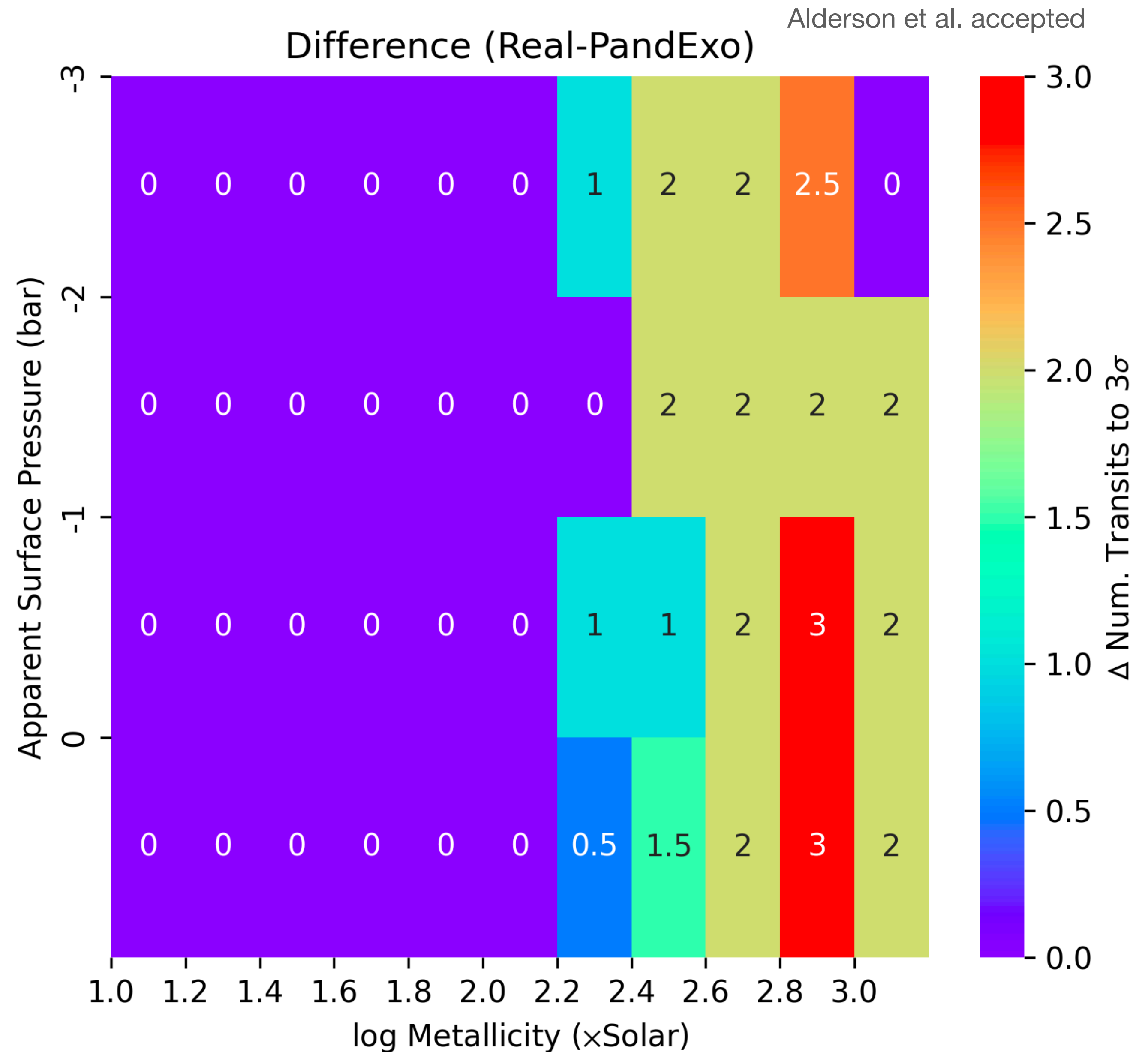
Implications for Future Observations

- Need 8 more transits to distinguish between 250x and 1000x solar metallicities

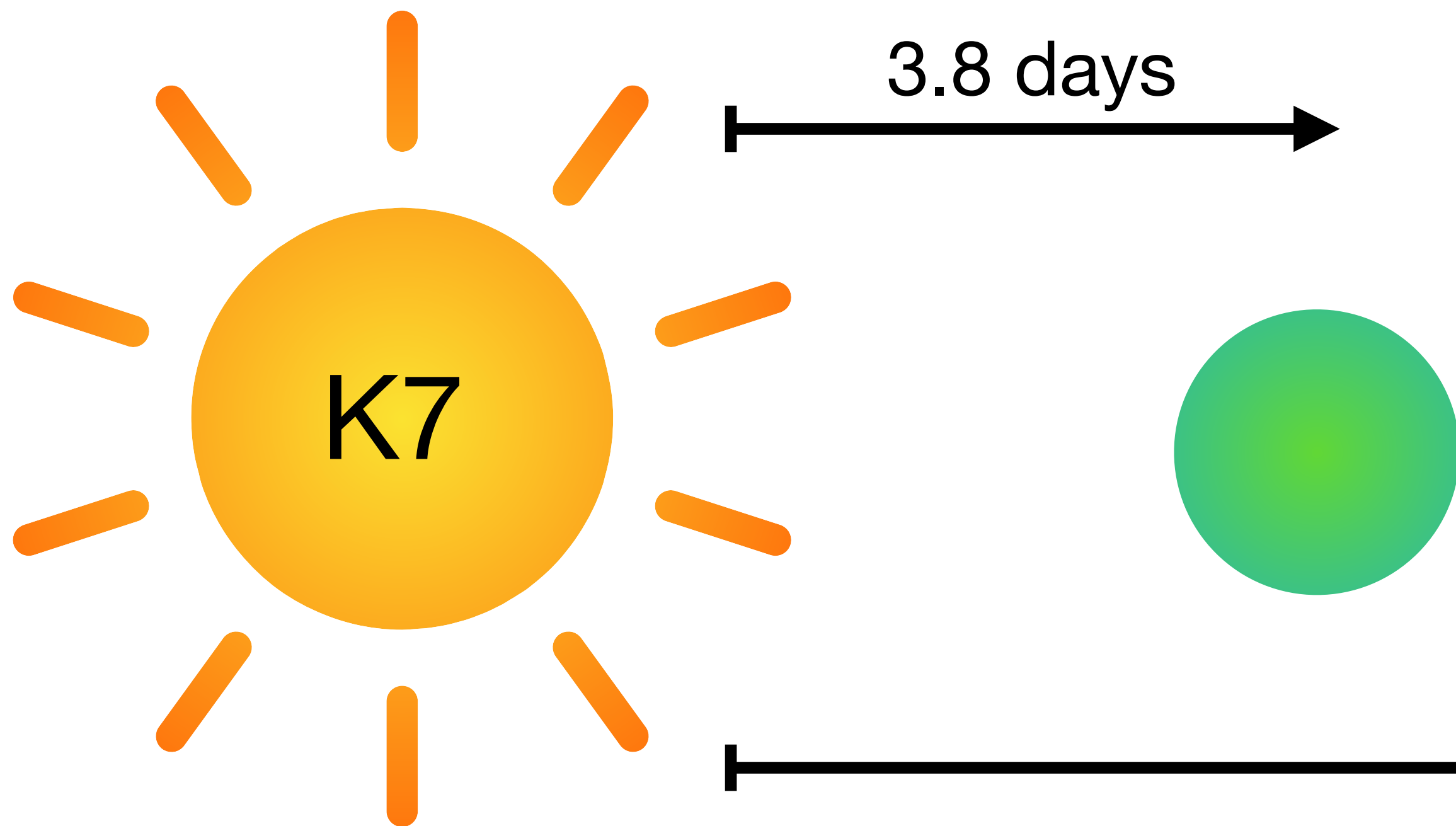


Implications for Future Observations

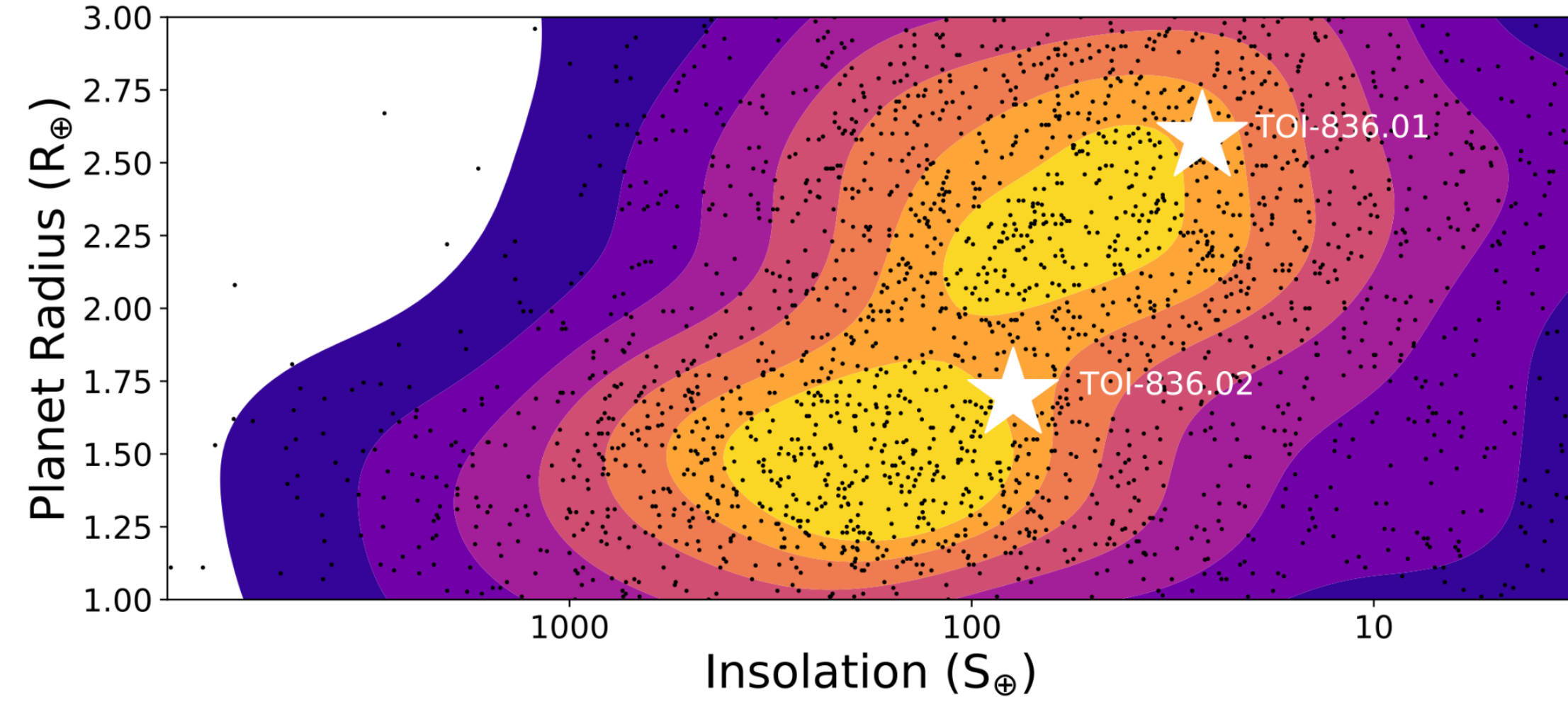
- Need 8 more transits to distinguish between 250x and 1000x solar metallicities
- PandExo appears to be slightly too optimistic in predicting the number of transits needed to robustly constrain very high metallicity atmospheres
- Future observation proposals in this parameter space should consider being more conservative in their technical justification



TOI-836 System



- Super-Earth TOI-836b
 - 1.704 R_E
 - 4.53 M_E
 - $T_{eq} \sim 870K$

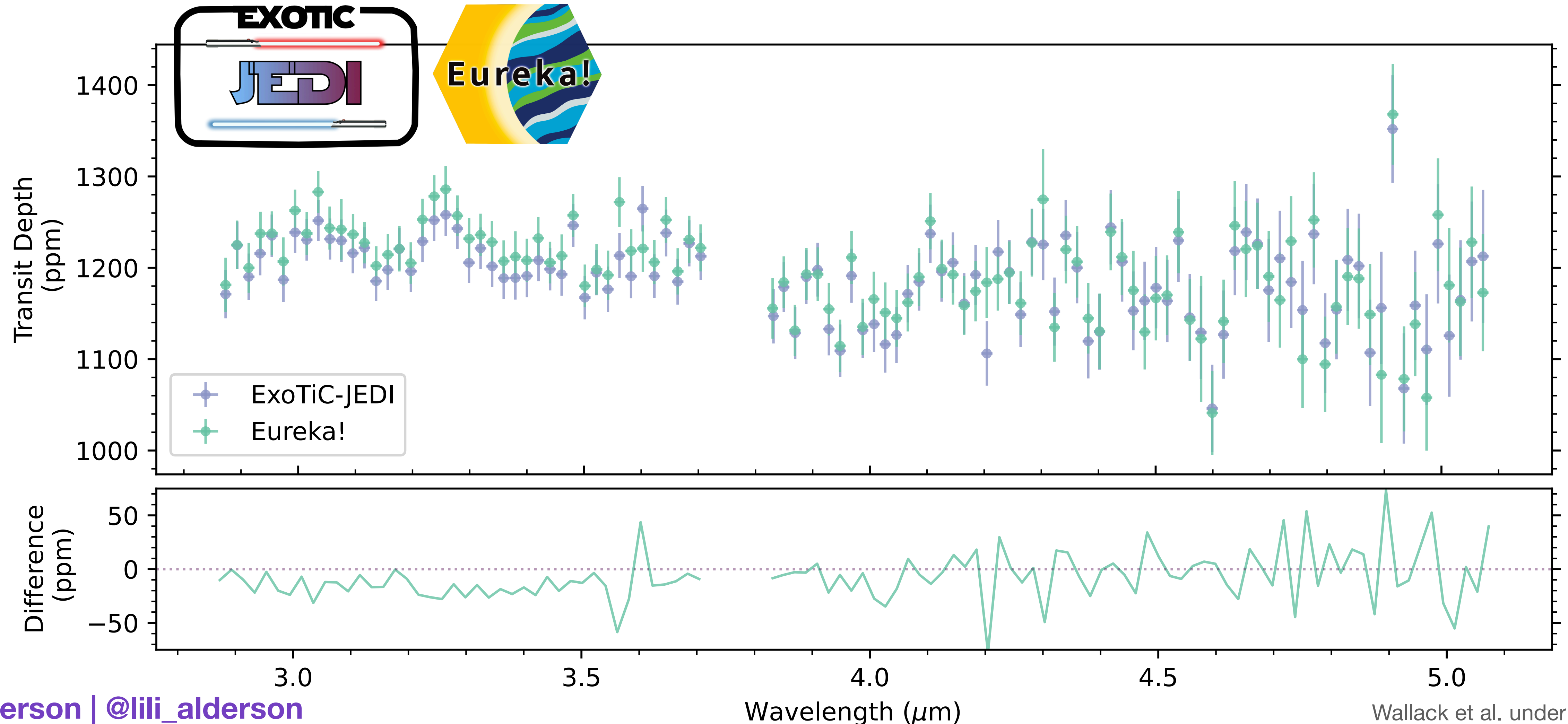


8.6 days

- Sub-Neptune TOI-836c
 - 2.58 R_E
 - 9.6 M_E
 - $T_{eq} \sim 665K$

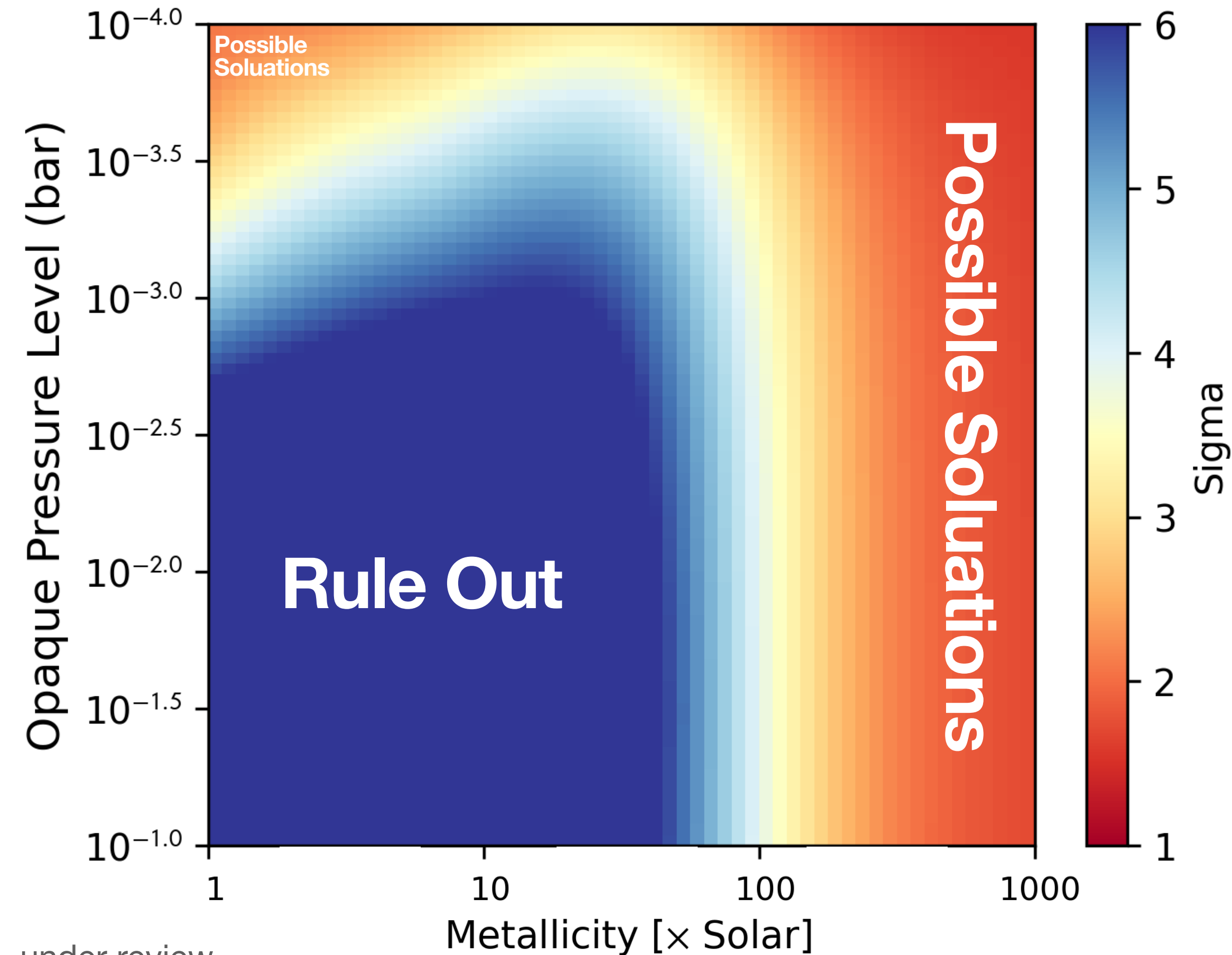
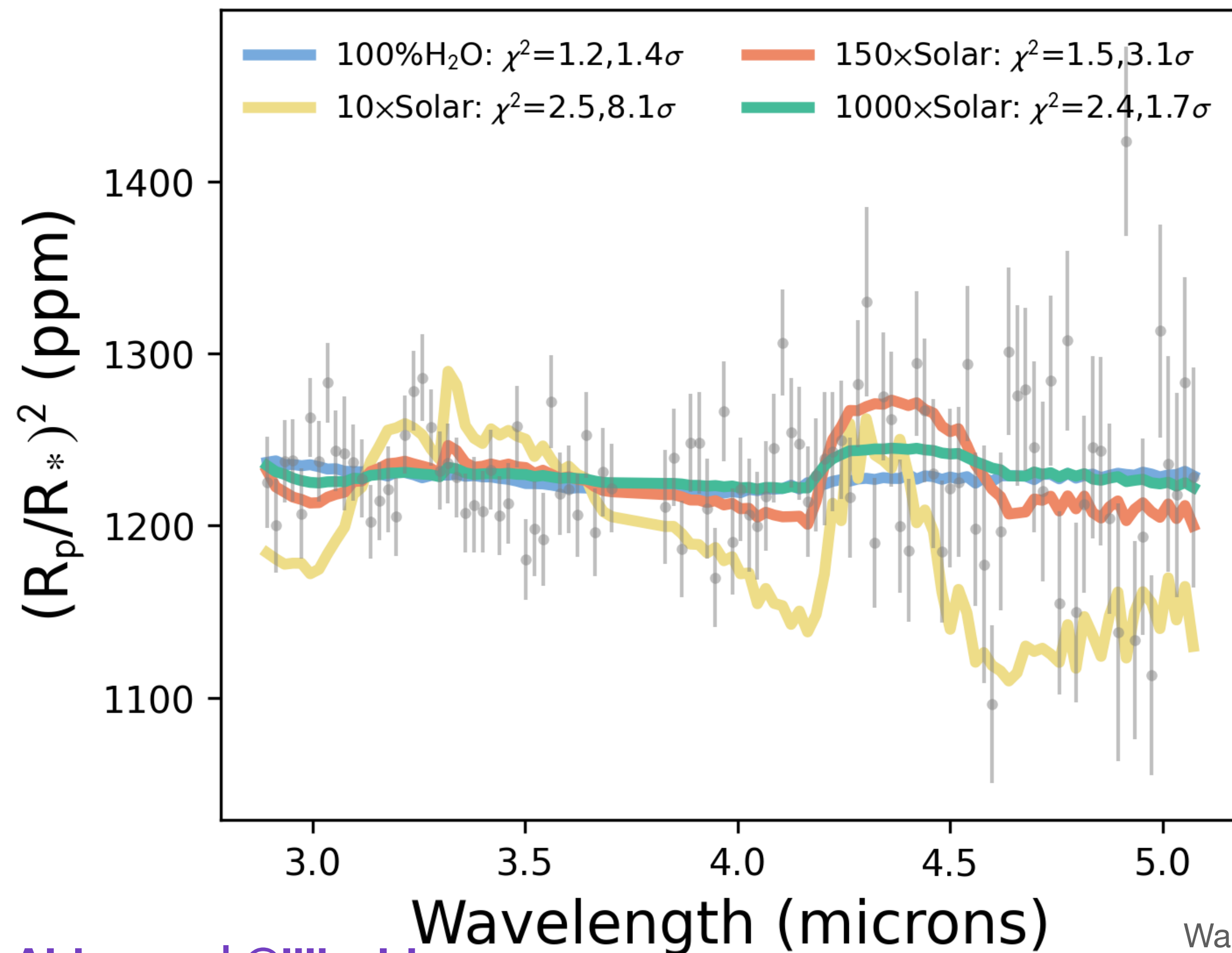
Transmission Spectrum - TOI-836c

- median difference 16ppm compared to uncertainty of 35ppm, though appears to be an offset between detectors



Atmospheric Inferences - TOI-836c

- In general, rule out metallicities $< 175\times$ solar, though solar metallicities are possible in a highly lofted cloud scenario, fitting for offset between detectors
- Microphysical modelling shows aerosols at pressures greater the 0.1-1mbar are plausible

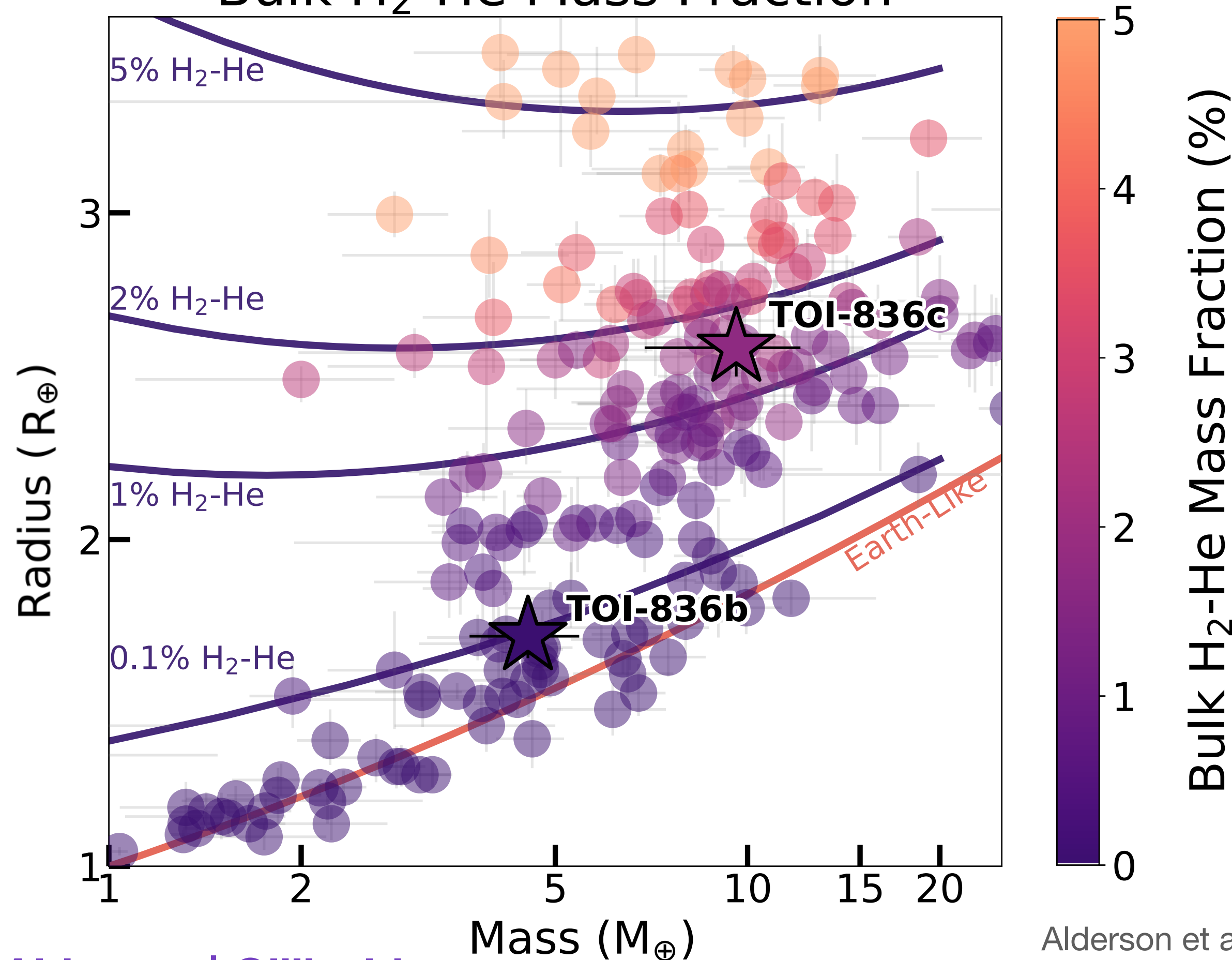


Wallack et al. under review

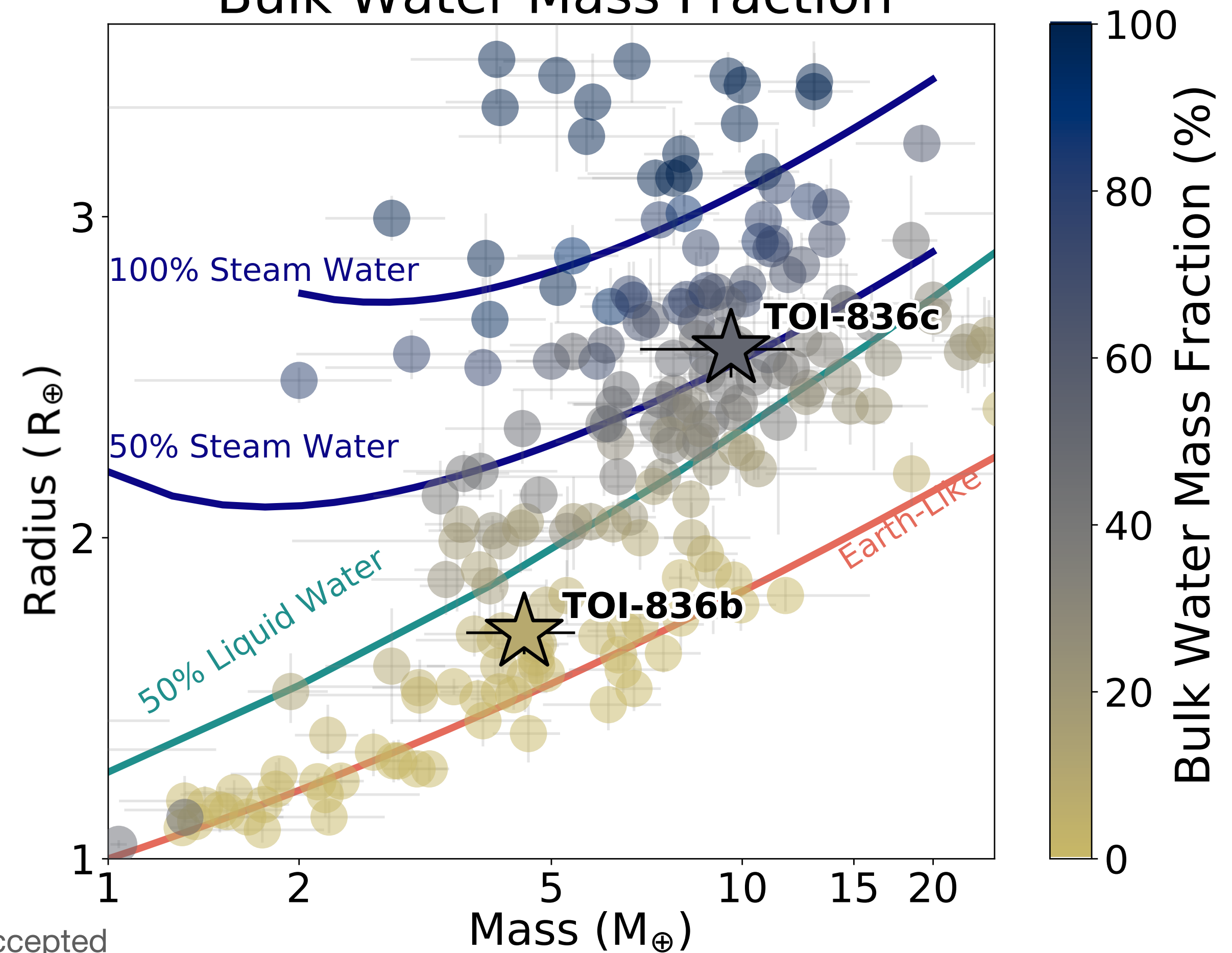
The TOI-836 System

- TOI-836b does not have a H₂/He-dominated envelope, but could have lost any primordial H₂/He envelope via photoevaporation within ~400 Myrs
- TOI-836c could still retain a primordial H₂/He envelope

Bulk H₂-He Mass Fraction



Bulk Water Mass Fraction



Alderson et al. accepted

Key Takeaways

- Small planets with JWST are challenging
 - Bright hosts and small signals result in additional systematics
 - Planning for future observations may wish to be more conservative in their predictions or request 1-2 additional transits
- TOI-836b does not have a H/He dominated atmosphere, ruling out metallicities $<250x$ solar
- TOI-836c could have a H/He dominated atmosphere in the presence of highly lofted clouds, though at more reasonable pressures rule out metallicities $<175x$ solar