# **Atmospheric and Evolutionary Models with Disequilibrium Chemistry for the JWST Era**

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# v 3.0

#### New Open-Source 1D Radiative-convective Models capturing all of this complexity





Legacy past 30 years in the field (e.g., Marley and Mckay (1999), Marley et al. (1996), Morley et al. (2012,2014), Fortney et al. (2005,2007,2008), Marley et al. (2021) and many more...)



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Fully Open-Source

Includes Self-consistent treatment of Disequilibrium Chemistry









No Mixing CH4 Dominated Photosphere













No Mixing CH4 Dominated Photosphere Low Mixing CH4 Dominated Photosphere with some CO













No Mixing CH4 Dominated Photosphere Low Mixing CH4 Dominated Photosphere with some CO







High Mixing CO Dominated Photosphere











## Large Effect of Disequilibrium Chemistry on Thermal Spectra of Brown Dwarfs



Wavelength [ $\mu$ m]

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Wavelength [ $\mu$ m]





# How does disequilibrium chemistry impact the thermal structure of exoplanets and brown dwarfs across various metallicities?



How does disequilibrium chemistry impact the thermal structure of exoplanets and brown dwarfs across various metallicities?

How does disequilibrium chemistry impact the evolution of exoplanets and brown dwarfs?



#### **Metallicity = 0.1xsolar**



#### **Metallicity = 0.1xsolar**

#### Metallicity = 1xsolar



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![](_page_21_Figure_3.jpeg)

Disequilibrium Chemistry alters the T(P) profile by a large amount at super-solar metallicities

## Diseq. Chemistry and the Deeper Atmosphere

#### Metallicity = 0.1xsolar

#### **Metallicity = 1xsolar**

![](_page_22_Figure_3.jpeg)

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![](_page_23_Figure_3.jpeg)

## Diseq. Chemistry and the Deeper Atmosphere

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![](_page_24_Figure_3.jpeg)

Disequilibrium Chemistry cools down the deeper atmosphere significantly for super-solar metallicities

# Heat Loss Planets and brown dwarfs throughout their evolutionary lifetime

![](_page_25_Picture_1.jpeg)

**Heat Loss** 

Atmospheres control the cooling of giant

## **Atmospheres are the Boundary** conditions for interior cooling calculations

![](_page_25_Figure_4.jpeg)

#### New Evolutionary Model —> Adding Nuclear Fusion to Thorngren et al. Evolutionary Model

## Benchmarking

![](_page_26_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Equilibrium Chemistry Models

![](_page_28_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_29_Picture_1.jpeg)

### Equilibrium Chemistry Models

#### **39 Effective Temperature from 200 K to 2400 K**

11 Gravity values from 10 m/s/s to 3160 m/s/s

4 Metallicity values between 1x to 10x solar

**3 C/O ratios of 0.22 and 1.2** 

![](_page_29_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Picture_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_30_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_1.jpeg)

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5 log(Kzz) values between 2,4,7,8 and 9

#### Solar Metallicity Evolutionary Model vs. 10xSolar Metallicity Evolutionary Model

![](_page_32_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Picture_2.jpeg)

#### **Dependence of Evolutionary Tracks on Kzz**

![](_page_33_Figure_1.jpeg)

Metallicity = 10x Solar C/O = 0.22log(Kzz) = 9 $\log(Kzz) = 2$ 

For Low Mass objects, evolutionary tracks can depend significantly on Atmospheric mixing at super solar metallicities and sub-solar C/O ratios.

#### Solar C/O Evolutionary Model vs. 2.5xSolar C/O Evolutionary Model

![](_page_34_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Atmospheric Chemical Abundances

![](_page_36_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_37_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Atmospheric Chemical Abundances

Luminosities Effective Temperatures

![](_page_38_Picture_1.jpeg)

Atmospheric Chemical Abundances

#### Very Large Atmospheric Model Grids with varying metallicities, C/O ratios, and Kzz values

Luminosities Effective Temperatures

![](_page_39_Picture_1.jpeg)

Atmospheric Chemical Abundances

Very Large Atmospheric Model Grids with varying metallicities, C/O ratios, and Kzz values Luminosities Effective Temperatures

New Generation of evolutionary tracks which are dependant on metallicity, C/O ratio, and Kzz for planets and brown dwarfs

![](_page_40_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Figure_1.jpeg)

# **Caution** !

Try to avoid post-processing Disequilibrium chemistry on equilibrium chemistry forward models. This can lead to effective temperature errors of about 100-300 K.

![](_page_40_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_41_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_41_Figure_1.jpeg)

# **Caution** !

Try to avoid post-processing Disequilibrium chemistry on equilibrium chemistry forward models. This can lead to effective temperature errors of about 100-300 K.

![](_page_41_Picture_4.jpeg)

Use now available self-consistent disequilibrium chemistry models instead.

![](_page_41_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_43_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_43_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Figure_1.jpeg)