

Charts posted at

https://cor.gsfc.nasa.gov/copag/AAS_June2022/AAS2022-Meeting.php https://exoplanets.nasa.gov/exep/events/375/exopag-26/ https://pcos.gsfc.nasa.gov/physpag/meetings/AAS_June2022/AAS2022-Meeting.php

EXPLORE SOLAR SYSTEM&BEYOND

Joint PAG Meeting

AAS 240th Meeting | June 12, 2022

Paul Hertz

Director, Astrophysics Division Science Mission Directorate



@NASAUniverse @NASAExoplanets @NASAWebb

Outline

- <u>The NASA Team</u>: HQ Team / Join the Team / Inclusion, Diversity, Equity, and Accessibility (IDEA)
- Program Updates
 - FY23 Budget Request
 - <u>Missions</u>: Roman / Probe / Explorers / Other Missions / Suborbital
- Implementing the Astro2020 Decadal Survey
- The End
- Backup: FY23 Budget Request Tables



The NASA Team



Division Director



Paul Hertz Astrophysics Division Director



Sandra Cauffman Astrophysics Division Deputy Director



xecutives Program



Rachele Cocks Dep COSI, Dep Ariel/CASE CubeSats



E. Lucien Cox SOFIA, GUSTO, XRISM, EXEP



Julie Crooke **GOMAP**



Ed Griego Roman, CGI



Shahid Habib Janet Letchworth PCOS/COR, ARIEL Operating Missions, Athena, Euclid, LISA, Decadal **ÚltraSat**



Mark Sistilli Explorers Program SPHEREX, COSI Balloons

Cutting Cross

Program Scientists



Eric Smith Chief Scientist Webb Precursor Sci



Vacant Assoc Dir for Flight



Mario Perez Chief Technologist ASM Program Manager SAT, RTF, ISFM, Swift



Omid Noroozian Deputy Chief Technologist



Lisa Wainio Information Manager. Public Affairs Liaison



Jennifer Baker Administrative Assistant



Ingrid Farrell **Kelly Johnson** Program Support Administrative Specialist Assistant



Sara Schwartzman Program Support Specialist

Manuel Bautista



Benford Roman, CGI, APRA Lead



Terri Brandt COSI Dep APRA Dep Pioneers Dep Precursor Sci



Valerie Connaughton APRA (High Energy) XRISM, UltraSat, XMM, TDAMM, PCOS Program



Antonino Cucchiara



Administrative

Michael Garcia APRA (UV/Visible), SmallSats/Pioneers Hubble



APRA (CR, Fund. Phys.) Rockets/Balloons GUSTO, LISA



Thomas Hams Hashima Hasan Douglas Hudgins Education/Comms, Citizen Science, Archives, Advisory Committees NuSTAR, Keck



Stefan Immler ExEP Program Astrophysics ADAP Lead Research Program TESS Dep. ARIEL Mgr, Chandra, ART-XC



Hannah Jang-Condell XRP. TESS ExEP. Explorers



Patricia Knezek William Latter Explorers Program Astrophysics Probe SOFIA, Hubble Fellows



APRA (Lab Astro) SPHEREx, Fermi



Sangeeta Malhotra Roman/CGI Dep ATP/TCAN Dep



Ojha Data Lead, NICER, HEC, AI/ML



Joshua Pepper Deputy TESS, Deputy ADAP, Deputy ExEP



Kartik Sheth Inclusion Plans Technical assessments



Linda Sparke 2021 MIDEX/MO, Archives, COSI



Eric Tollestrup APRA (IR/Submm) Euclid, IXPE, COR Program



Sanaz Vahidinia ATP/TCAN Lead

June 1, 2022

Join the NASA Team at Headquarters

NASA is seeking permanent and visiting Ph.D.-level scientists to serve as Program Scientists in the Astrophysics Division at NASA Headquarters in Washington, DC. With a budget of \$1.6 billion annually, the Division is responsible for the nation's space-based astrophysics program.

NASA Program Scientists

- manage scientific research grants programs and the proposal review process;
- serve as the Headquarters science lead for missions;
- implement NASA's response to the 2020 Decadal Survey;
- gain insight into Federal astrophysics policy and programs;
- run scientific programs with multimillion-dollar budgets, and
- contribute to a culture of diversity, equity, and inclusion.

This summer (date TBD), NASA will advertise for program scientists across SMD.

- The ad will be open on USAJobs.gov for <5 days
- Subscribe to USAJobs.gov for an alert
- NASA will advertise through mailing lists (next page) and AAS Job Register

This summer (date TBD), NASA will advertise for astrophysics visiting scientists

- Visiting scientists spend 2-6 years at NASA before returning to their permanent job
- NASA will advertise through mailing lists (next page) and AAS Job Register

Talk to any of the NASA HQ staff to learn more.

Importance of Inclusion, Diversity, Equity, Accessibility (IDEA)



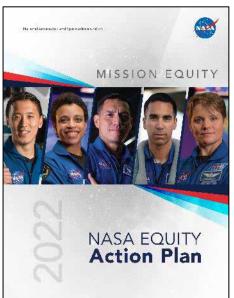
"The panel [on the State of the Profession and Societal Impacts] asserts that fundamentally, the pursuit of science, and scientific excellence, is inseparable from the humans who animate it."

- Pathways to Discovery in Astronomy and Astrophysics for the 2020s

NASA is committed to integrating inclusion, diversity, equity, and accessibility (IDEA) into all activities (missions, programs, reviews, internal matters, etc.)

Inclusion & Diversity of Thought





Strategic Objective 4.1: Attract and develop a talented and diverse workforce. Cultivate a diverse, motivated, and highly qualified workforce through modernizing our Human Capital processes and systems, increasing our workforce agility and flexibilities, and implementing a robust Inclusion, Diversity, Equity, and Accessibility (IDEA) approach to ensure systematic and sustainable fairness, impartiality, and equity in our business practices.

NASA is continuing its journey towards equity. To this end, NASA has established four foundational focus areas:

- Increase Integration and Utilization of Contractors and Businesses from Underserved Communities to Expand Equity in NASA's Procurement Process
- Enhance Grants and Cooperative Agreements to Advance Opportunities, Access, and Representation for Underserved Communities
- Leverage Earth Science and Socioeconomic Data to Help Mitigate Environmental Challenges in Underserved Communities
- Advance External Civil Rights Compliance and Expand Access to Limited English Proficient (LEP) Populations within Underserved Communities

Building Excellent NASA Teams Requires Inclusion & Diversity

- IDEA is infused throughout everything we do. It is not a standalone or separate activity.
- Astrophysics has pioneered and piloted IDEA activities that are now adopted across SMD:
 - Inclusion Plans adopted in ROSES elements across all SMD divisions *
 - 2. Code of Conduct now adopted for panel reviews across all SMD divisions
 - 3. <u>Dual Anonymous Peer Reviews</u> adopted across all SMD divisions
 - 4. Inclusion Criteria in Senior Reviews of Missions adopted across all SMD divisions *
 - 5. Increasing diversity of reviewers for all panels expected across all SMD divisions
- Other SMD level initiatives:
 - 7. Collection, evaluation, and publication of demographics of ROSES proposers and awardees *
 - 8. Regularly report data on proposal submissions and success rates *
 - 9. SMD Bridge Program funded for better engagement with MSIs *
 - 10. National Academies study of barriers to inclusion in mission leadership
 - 11. National Academies study of demographic data required to assess the health of the community *
 - 12. Regular participation at meetings such as SACNAS and NSBP
 - 13. PI Launchpad to incubate next generation of diverse leaders for missions *
 - 14. IDEA criteria being added to Announcements of Opportunity *



Building Excellent NASA Teams Requires Inclusion & Diversity

- IDEA is infused throughout everything we do. It is not a standalone or separate activity.
- opted across SMD:
- Additional in the Event NIVEN And THE Event NI asing diversity are being consider request*

 al initiatives and publications

 in the Fy24 NASA budget request* and publication of demographics of ROSES proposers and awardees *
 - → Bridge Program funded for better engagement with MSIs *
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Responsive to an Astro2020 Decadal Survey recommendation



FY23 President's Budget Request



Astrophysics

Decadal Survey Missions





1982 Survey

Decadal Chandra

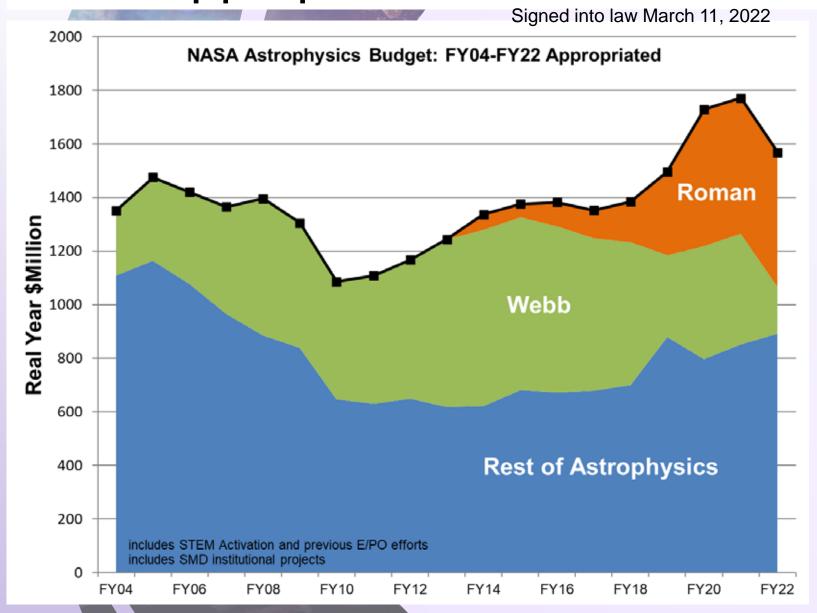
We are bound by the budgets that we have

 First budget that is fully informed by the Decadal Survey will be the FY24 budget proposal, which will be formulated by NASA Astrophysics in Spring 2022 and submitted to Congress in February 2023



1972 Decadal Survey Hubble

FY22 Appropriation



- Astrophysics total (including Webb) at \$1.57B, down \$7M from the request.
- Webb and Roman appropriated at the request, \$175M and \$502M respectively.
- SOFIA appropriated at \$85M (request was zero).
- Science Activation appropriated \$51M, down \$5M from the request.
- Explanatory statement says,
 - "The agreement notes all recommendations of Astro2020."
 - "NASA is expected to include appropriate funding for technology maturation in its fiscal year 2023 budget request to ensure continued Astrophysics mission success."



FY23 SMD Budget Priorities

Promote US leadership in Earth system science and addressing the climate crisis

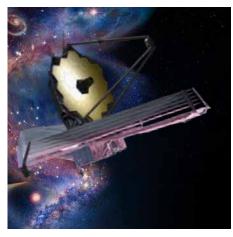
Lead Artemis Science

Champion Inclusion, Diversity, Equity and Accessibility

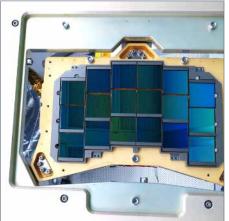
Build a balanced and innovative program driven by the highest national priorities

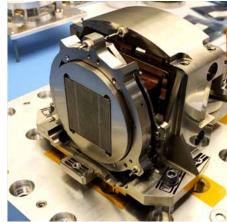
Advance open science for all by leveraging cutting edge data science techniques

Planned Milestones FY22-23





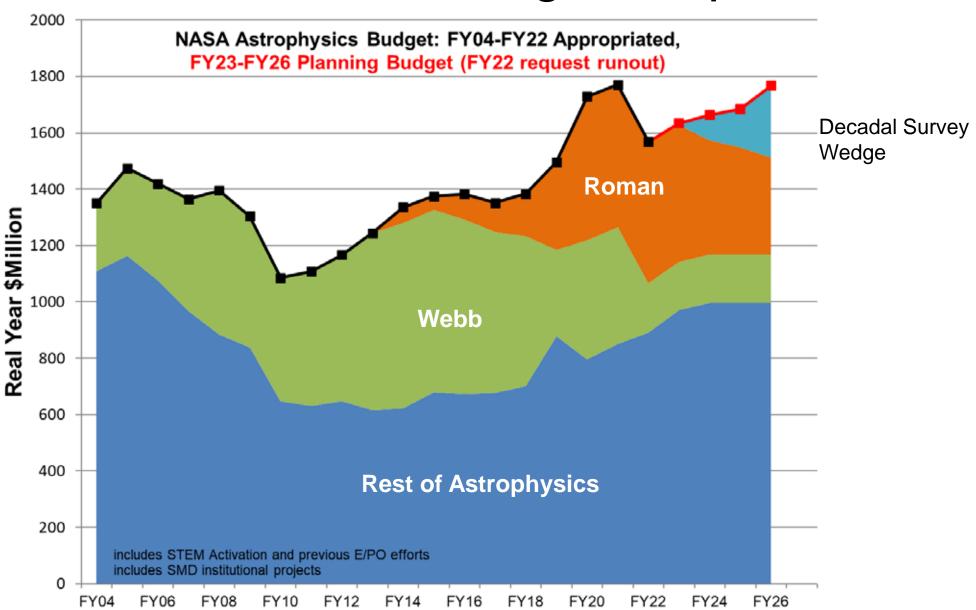




- **ü** Conduct Senior Review of Operating Missions in FY 2022
- Initiate Webb Telescope science in FY 2022
- Conduct sounding rocket campaign in Australia in FY 2022
- Select MIDEX missions for competitive Phase A studies in FY 2022
- Conduct four scientific balloon campaigns in FY 2022 and four campaigns in FY 2023
- Release Astrophysics Probe AO in FY 2023
- Select Webb Cycle 2 science observations in FY 2023
- Begin integration and test of the Roman Space Telescope instruments and telescope in FY 2023
- Initiate precursor science program to advance Astrophysics Decadal Survey priorities in FY 2023
- Participate in launch of JAXA's XRISM mission and ESA's Euclid mission in FY 2023

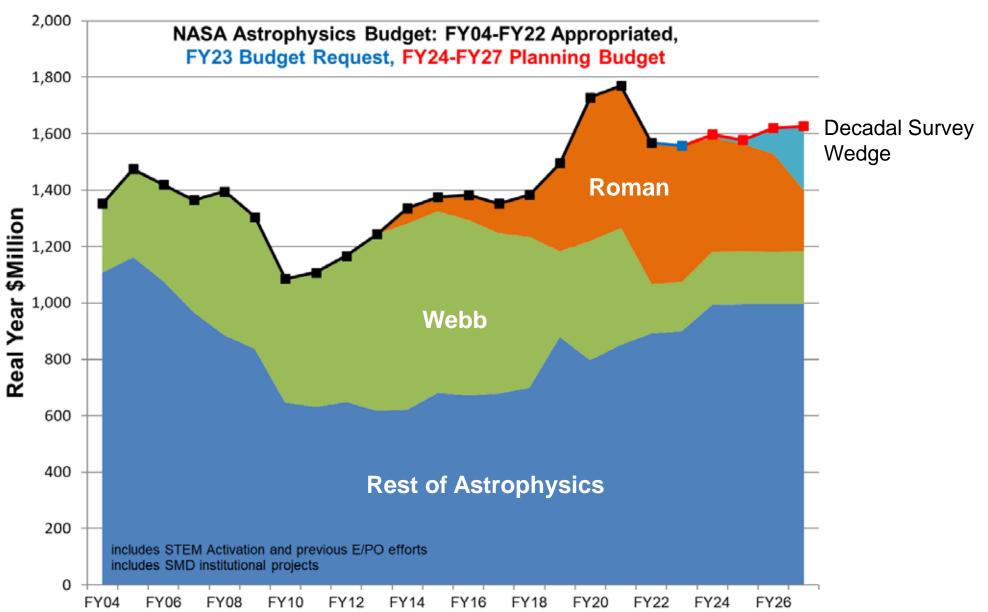
Last Year

FY22 President's Budget Request



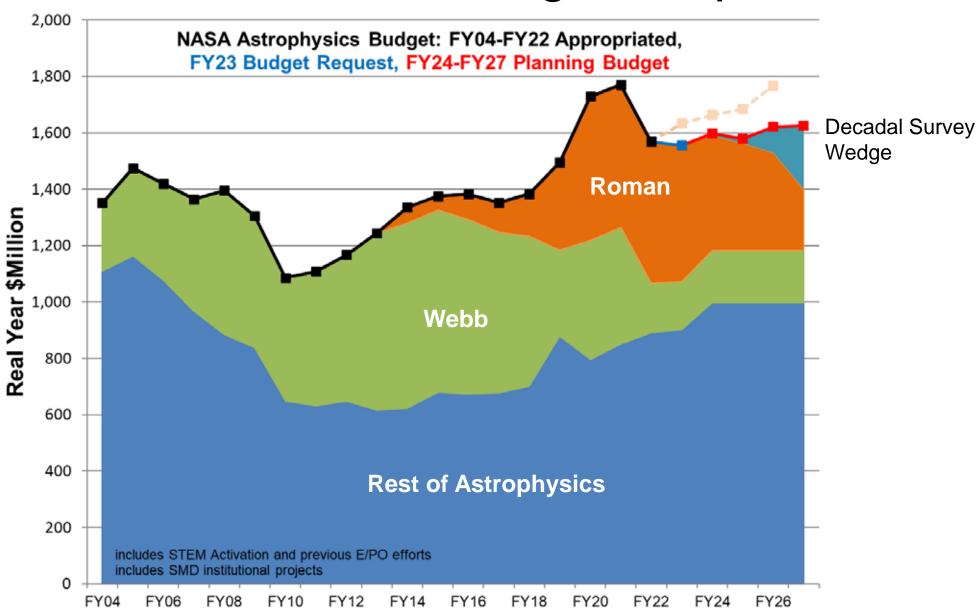
This Year

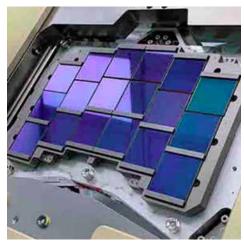
FY23 President's Budget Request



This Year

FY23 President's Budget Request







Astrophysics Budget Features

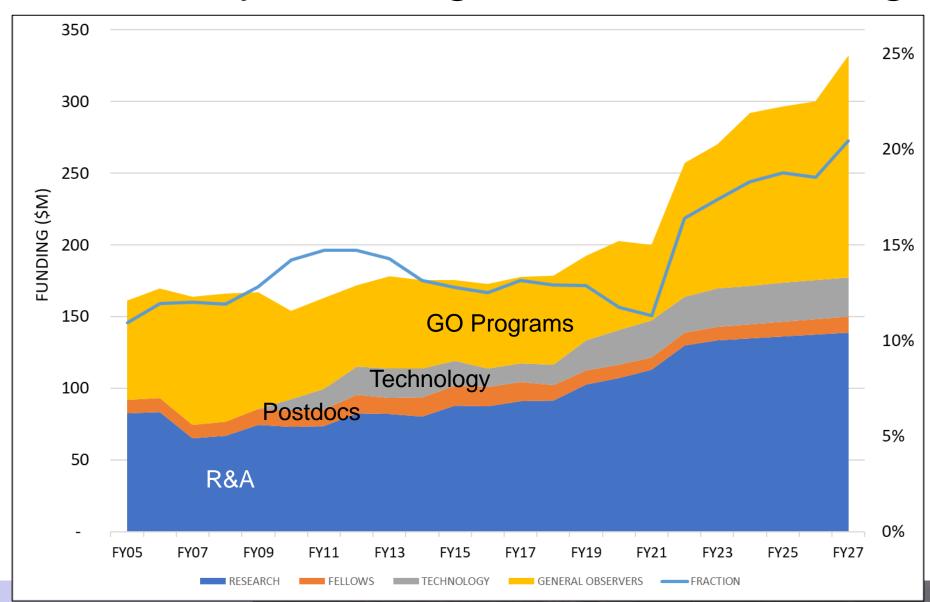
What's Changed since FY22 budget was submitted in 2021

- Additional Webb General Observer funding
- Roman budget adjustments and 7-month delay, consistent with replan due to COVID impacts
- Additional Pioneer selections & increased Pioneers cadence
- Support Great Observatory Precursor Science and Time Domain Astrophysics infrastructure systems for Decadal Survey
- Includes bridge partnerships focused on minority serving institutions and Decadal Survey recommendations for increased inclusion
- SOFIA close out in FY23 per Decadal Survey recommendation
- Extended Phase B for COSI, delayed development for next MIDEX
- Compared to the FY 2022 Budget request, delays a future
 Astrophysics Probe mission; AO release delayed from January 2023
- Delayed implementation of Decadal Survey recommendations

What's the Same as the runout of the FY22 budget request

- Healthy R&A program
- Development of Astrophysics Explorers GUSTO and SPHEREX
- Development of contributions for JAXA-, ISA-, and ESA-led missions XRISM, ULTRASAT, Euclid, Ariel, Athena, and LISA
- Operating Missions, including Hubble, Chandra, Fermi, TESS, Gehrels Swift, NuSTAR, NICER, per Senior Review

Community Funding / Fraction of Budget

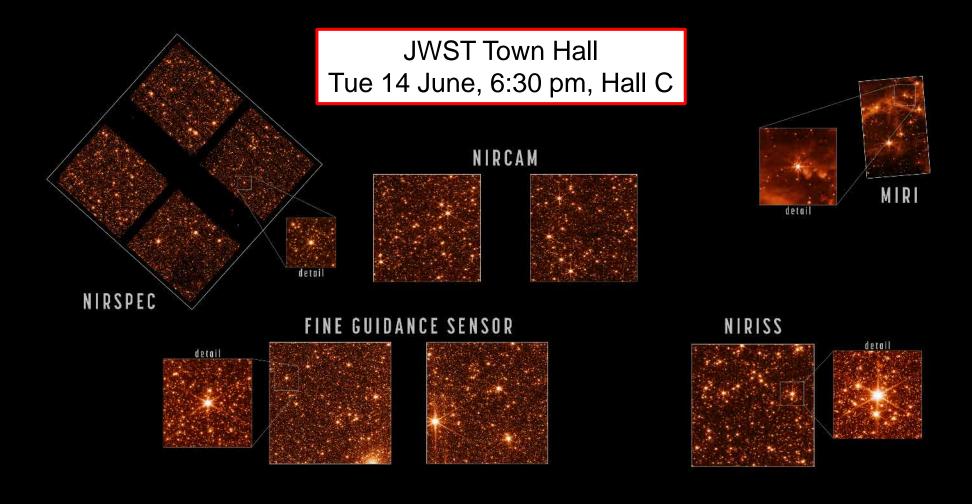




Program Update -- Missions



JWST Optical Performance Better than Requirements!



NIRCam (2 micron), NIRSpec (1.1 micron), NIRISS (1.5 micron), and MIRI (7.7 micron)

Commissioning Timeline

The CAST lays out each step of JWST commissioning. (CAST = Commissioning Activity Sequence Timeline)
There are 730 high-level steps in the timeline.

These are broken down into:

- ~2800 steps for deployments and spacecraft
- ~5400 steps for the telescope
- ~1500 steps for the science instruments

~20 steps left (99% complete)

JWST Town Hall Tue 14 June, 6:30 pm, Hall C



The Cycle 1 Long Range Plans (LRP) was released to the public the week of 18-April-2022. It is a dynamic plan that will change with execution times as run, spacecraft anomalies, ToO's, etc.

LRP Cycle 1 Dates: 27-June-2023 to 2-July-2023

Category	Total Time [hrs]	Total Planned Time
GO	6090.1 ¹	5749.7 (94%
GTO	3774.02	3667 (98%
ERS ³	529.5	529.5 (100%
Cal	659.6	659.6 (100%
Total	11023.2	10491.0 (95%)

Includes 200.5 hrs of ToO's which do not get planned until activation. 2Includes 5.2 hrs of ToO's which do not get planned until activation 3Bulk of ERS programs are schedule in the first 5 months of Cycle 1

Data courtesy N. Reid, STScI

hre1 (%)

Science Timeline **JWST Science Timeline** Chandra Cy 24 HST Cy 30 HST Cy 30 Deadline First Image Release (L+6 mo.) July 12, 2022 L+6 Start of Cycle April/May 1 science observations GTO Cy2 Call 2023 1/27/2023 GO Cy2 Call GO Cy2 TAC GO Cy2 Deadline HST & Chandra dates are estimates

Keep up with JWST online JWST homepage — nasa.gov/webb JWST Blog — blogs.nasa.gov/webb Where is JWST jwst.nasa.gov/content/webbLaunch/whereIsWebb.html Twitter: @NASAWebb, @JWSTObserver

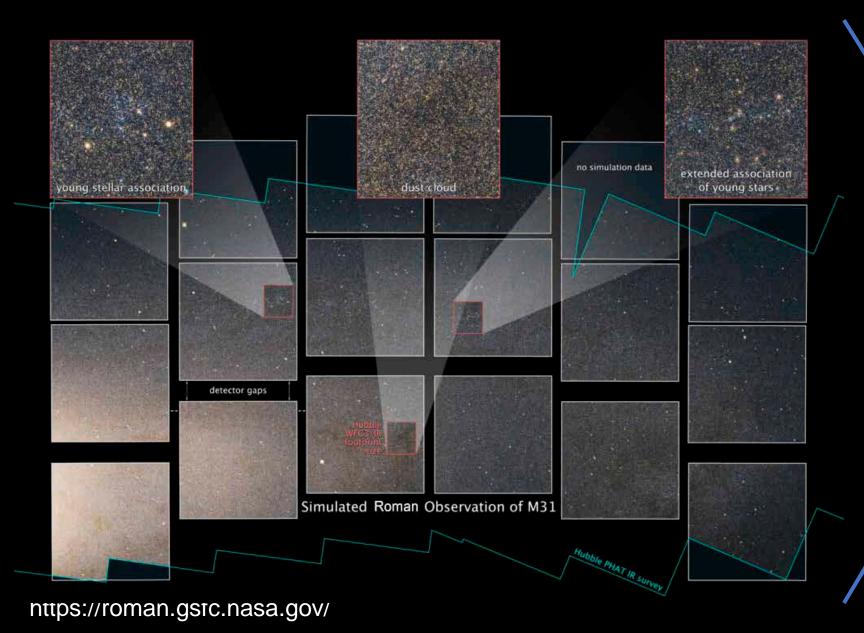
Facebook: nasawebb

YouTube: NASAWebbTelescope

Flickr: nasawebbtelescope

Instagram: nasawebb

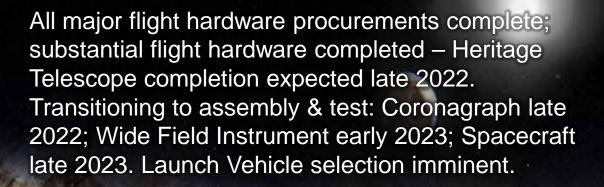




Sinulated Roman Observation of Andromeda (M31)

The Wide Field Instrument with its 300 Mpix infrared camera provides Hubble's resolution and sensitivity over 200x larger FOV flagship-level survey capability 24





NASA launch commitment date remains May 2027.

NASA has asked the CAA to conduct a non-advocate review of the Roman Space Telescope science program and observing plan, as per Astro2020.

Opportunities for participation in Roman Space Telescope research and support are offered in ROSES-2021; draft solicitation Draft ROSES solicitation released; final expected in ~1 mo.

Roman Town Hall at AAS (Thu 12:45pm Ballroom D), plus varied Hyperwall talks scheduled every day!

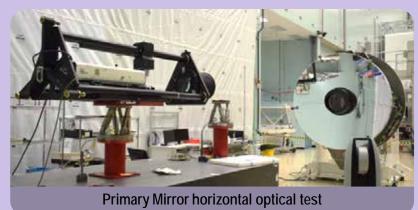
https://roman.gsfc.nasa.gov/



Optical Telescope Assembly Hardware



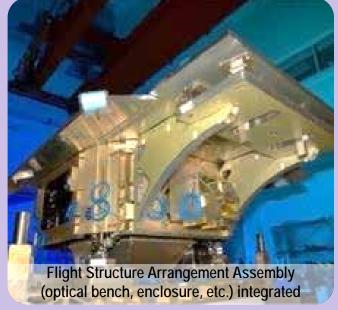




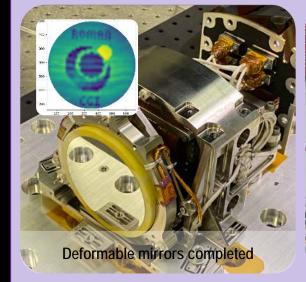


Wide Field Instrument Hardware





Coronagraph Instrument Technology Demonstration Hardware









Visit the NASA booth to play the console version of our new Roman video game!



Or go to:

https://roman.gsfc.nasa.gov/game



Roman Proposal Opportunities

- Roman will support core community surveys and GO investigations.
 - This is not a call for either kind of observing proposals.
 - Core community surveys will be defined by an open community process run by STScI and IPAC
- Nancy Grace Roman Space Telescope Research and Support Opportunities is being solicited as part of ROSES-2022. Draft posted; final call in ~month, proposals due ~90 days after.
- Open to small teams, large teams, or individuals. Seeking early career researchers; theorists, observers, data analysts. Opportunity for researchers at smaller institutions to participate on a major NASA mission.
- Proposal categories are:
 - Wide Field Instrument Science Science teams to to prepare for Wide Field Instrument surveys.
 - Project Infrastructure Teams Teams work with science centers to develop tools & capabilities.
 - Coronagraph Community Participation Program Investigators work with Coronagraph instrument team to plan and execute tech demo observations.

Roman Solicitation Hyperwall Wednesday 5:40pm NASA booth

Roman Space Telescope Town Hall Thursday 12:45pm Ballroom D

Astrophysics Explorers Program





4 AOs per decade



MIDEX 2011



Missions of Opportunity

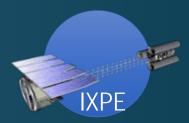
Small and

Mid-Size

Missions



SMEX 2014







MIDEX 2016







SMEX 2019







Directed 2013

2021



Directed 2017



Astrophysics Probe

NASA is drafting an AO for a PI-led Astrophysics Probe

A Community Announcement laying out the primary parameters of the upcoming Astrophysics Probe AO was released on Jan 11, 2022

A second Community Announcement laying with two updates was released on May 19, 2022

- The target date for the final Probe AO was revised to July 2023
- Due to European Space Agency (ESA) consideration of whether the Athena mission will be substantially replanned, it was no longer practical to require proposed X-ray probes to "complement ESA's Athena Observatory." This requirement was therefore removed. Astrophysics will now accept proposals for:
 - A far-infrared imaging and/or spectroscopy mission
 - An X-ray probe

Community announcements and FAQ at https://explorers.larc.nasa.gov/2023APPROBE/

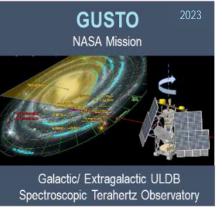
Release of draft AO:	July 2022 (target)
Release of final AO:	July 2023 (target)
Proposals due:	NET 90 days after AO release

Astrophysics Missions in Development

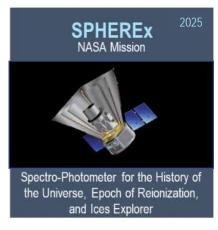






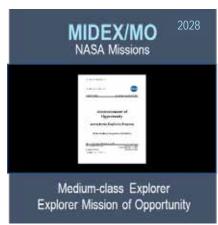












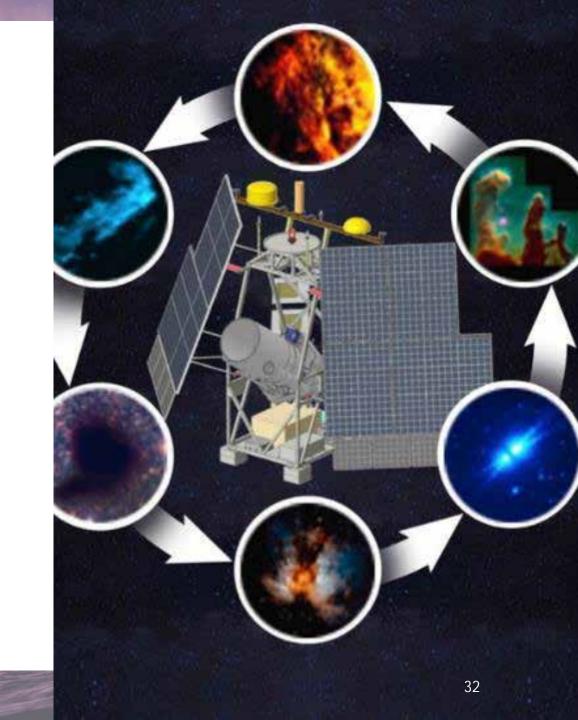


Launch dates are current project working dates through XRISM; Agency Baseline Commitment launch date could be later

Does not include Pioneers or CubeSats

GUSTO

- GUSTO removed from the 2022/2023 NASA Antarctica Long Duration Balloon (LDB) Campaign due to a launch readiness schedule breach
- The NASA conducted a Continuation/Termination Review on May 19, 2022, to assess the GUSTO Projects' replan proposal to receive a one-year extension to the 2023/2024 NASA Antarctica LDB Campaign
 - <u>Decision:</u> The GUSTO Project was approved for an extension provided critical launch readiness milestones are met:
 - 1) complete the GUSTO payload and meet the success criteria for an instrument TVAC Pre-Ship Review in early August 2022;
 - 2) conduct the instrument TVAC test and pass the instrument TVAC Review based on criteria set by the GUSTO SRB/IRT in August 2022; failure to meet and pass these milestones will result in mission termination



XRISM

X-ray Imaging and Spectroscopy Mission

- JAXA, NASA, and ESA partnership
 - XRISM will investigate the X-ray sky using highresolution spectroscopy and imaging
- NASA Resolve and JAXA Xtend instruments are integrated with the spacecraft in Japan at NEC
- NASA X-Ray Mirror Assemblies delivered to Japan for optical alignment prior to final integration to the spacecraft in Fall 2022
- Functional tests in 2022 to prepare for JAXA launch in Spring 2023
- XRISM Guest Scientist program for broader US participation in Performance Verification phase through ROSES-22 – proposals due July 21



Euclid

ESA and NASA partnership

 Euclid will study the nature of Dark Energy, Dark Matter, and General Theory of Relativity

NASA's contribution:

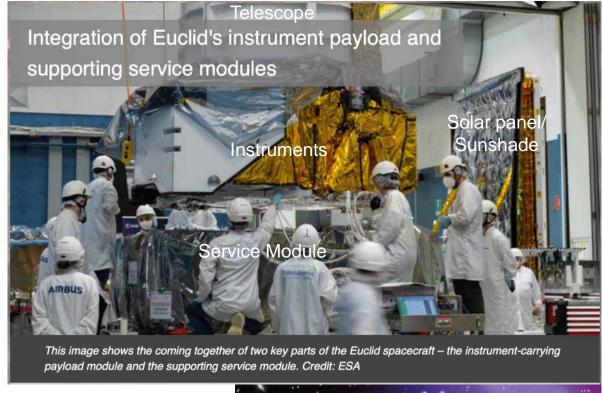
- Sensor Chip System for the Near Infrared Spectrometer Photometer instrument
- Euclid NASA Science Center at IPAC
- Over 70 US Science Team members

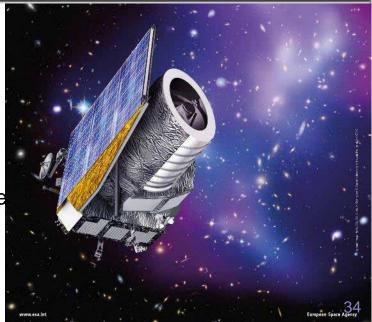
NASA Status:

- NASA hardware successfully delivered and integrated into NISP
- IPAC science ground segment software deliveries on track
- Three NASA science teams continue science preparation

ESA Status

- Instrument-carrying payload module and service module successfully integrated in March 2022 at Thales-Alenia, Italy.
- Additional I&T activities (e.g., solar panels/sunshade) planned through June 2022.
- Launch delays expected
 - Was early-2023 on a Soyuz ST2-1b; Russian cooperation suspended
 - ESA moving towards an Ariane-6 launch with TBD launch date





SPHEREX

Spectro-Photometer for the History of the Universe, Epoch of Re-ionization, and Ices Explorer

NASA's first all-sky near-infrared (0.75microns – 5 microns) spectral survey

Status:

Development of flight detectors completed

 KASI (Korea Astronomy and Space Science Institute) payload thermal test chamber delivered to Caltech May 31, 2022

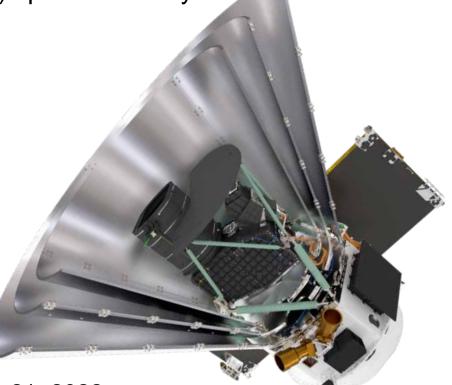
Payload thermal subsystem delivery planned for August 2022

• Flight telescope delivery planned for February 2023

• Photon shield payload thermal subsystem is in vendor procurement process, with flight hardware delivery planned for July 2023

Critical Design Review (CDR) successfully completed January 18-21, 2022 Systems Integration Review (SIR) planned for December 2023

Current Agency launch readiness date is April 2025



Compton Spectrometer and Imager (COSI)

PI: John Tomsick, University of California, Berkeley

COSI is Compton imaging spectrometer with cryogenic Ge detectors for 0.1-5 MeV gamma-rays

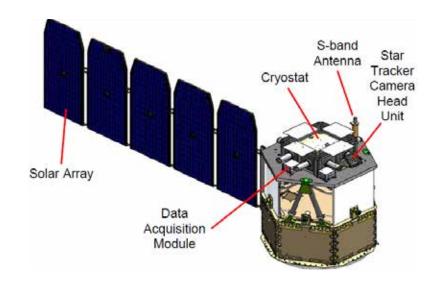
COSI will provide an understanding of the positron excess; map ²⁶Al (half-life 60yr) to study element formation; make the first map of ⁶⁰Fe (half-life 2.6Myr, only source is core-collapsed SN) to trace past core collapse supernovae; and discover new young supernovae in ⁴⁴Ti (half-life 0.7Myr).

COSI will gain insight into extreme environments with polarization, such as accreting black holes (AGN and Galactic) and γ -ray bursts (GRBs).

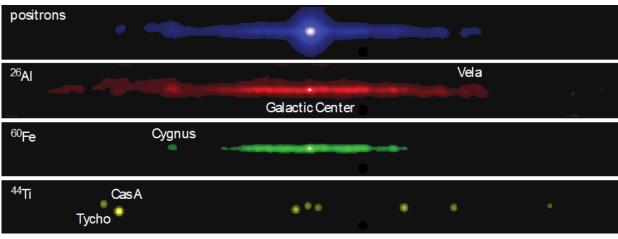
COSI will localize the γ -ray counterparts to GW events (short GRBs) and detect high-energy neutrino counterparts.

System Requirements Review (SRR) currently planned for October 2022.

Launch Readiness Date: Under review.



Simulated Radioactive Milky Way



ARIEL

Atmospheric Remote-sensing Infrared Exoplanet Large survey

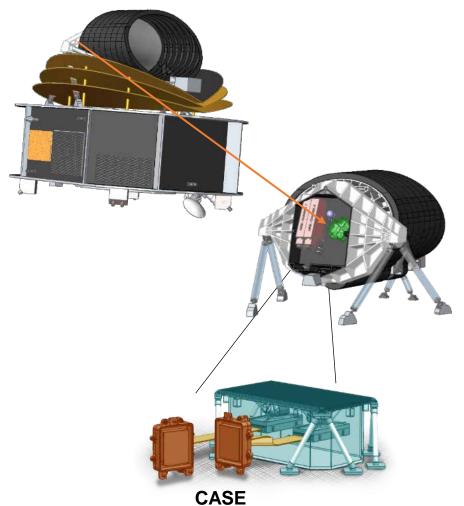
ESA and NASA partnership

- Observe ~1000 exoplanets
- Survey and characterize exoplanet atmospheres

NASA contribution (CASE) includes detectors and cold front-end electronics, packaging, thermal management, and cryoflex cables for ARIEL Fine Guidance System

Provides US participation in science team, mission survey design, and scientific discoveries STATUS:

- MOU draft is under State Dept review
- Summer 2022 NASA Preliminary Design Review
- ~ Oct 2022 NASA Confirmation
- Fall 2023 NASA Critical Design Review
- Hardware deliveries late 2024 to 2025
- Launch ~2029



Contribution to ARIEL Spectroscopy of Exoplanets

ATHENA

Advanced Telescope for High Energy Astrophysics

ESA and NASA partnership

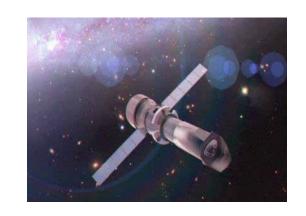
 ATHENA will map hot gas structures and determining their physical properties, search for supermassive black holes in the Hot and Energetic Universe

NASA contributions:

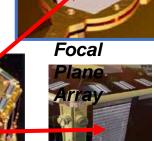
- X-IFU Focal Plane Array (GSFC, NIST-Boulder, LLNL, Stanford, UMBC, UC-Boulder)
- Use of NASA Testing Facilities (MSFC XRCF facility for mirror calibration)
- Vibration Isolation System
- WFI VERITAS ASIC Design and WFI Background Analysis Model
- US Athena Science Center
- Science Grant Program for US Co-Is and Guest Observers

STATUS:

- NASA transitioned from ATHENA study phase to ATHENA project on September 30, 2021. GSFC is the implementing Center
- ESA mission adoption review currently scheduled for June 2024
- Per ESA independent study, mirror will not meet 5" resolution requirement
- ESA presented the study results to the Science Program Committee on June 9, 2022, for further direction
- SPC decided on a replan with a design-to-cost constraint



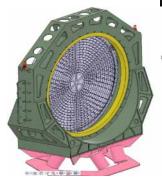




Readout

Sensor Assembly

nsor mbly X-IFU Focal Plane Array



XRCF Mirror Assembly

LISA

Laser Interferometer Space Antenna

ESA and NASA partnership

 LISA will observe the universe in the millihertz gravitational wave band, detecting tens of thousands of sources ranging from white dwarf binaries in the Milky Way to massive black hole mergers at high redshift.

NASA contributions

- Interferometric Telescopes (GSFC, L3 Harris)
- Laser Systems (GSFC)
- Charge Management Device (U. Florida, Fibertek)
- TBD contributions to data analysis & science (concept study initiated)
- NASA in pre-Phase A Study and technology development managed by Physics of the Cosmos Program Office at GSFC. Systems engineering & science support from JPL & MSFC.

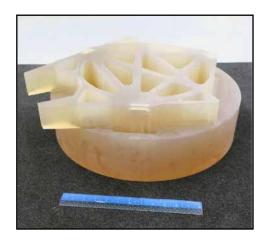
STATUS

- ESA development in phase B1
- NASA TRL 4/5 laser shipped in 2021 to ESA designated lab (CSEM) Switzerland for performance testing
- Charge Management Device TRL 6 unit under development
- Telescope Engineering model under development at L3Harris
- September 2023 –





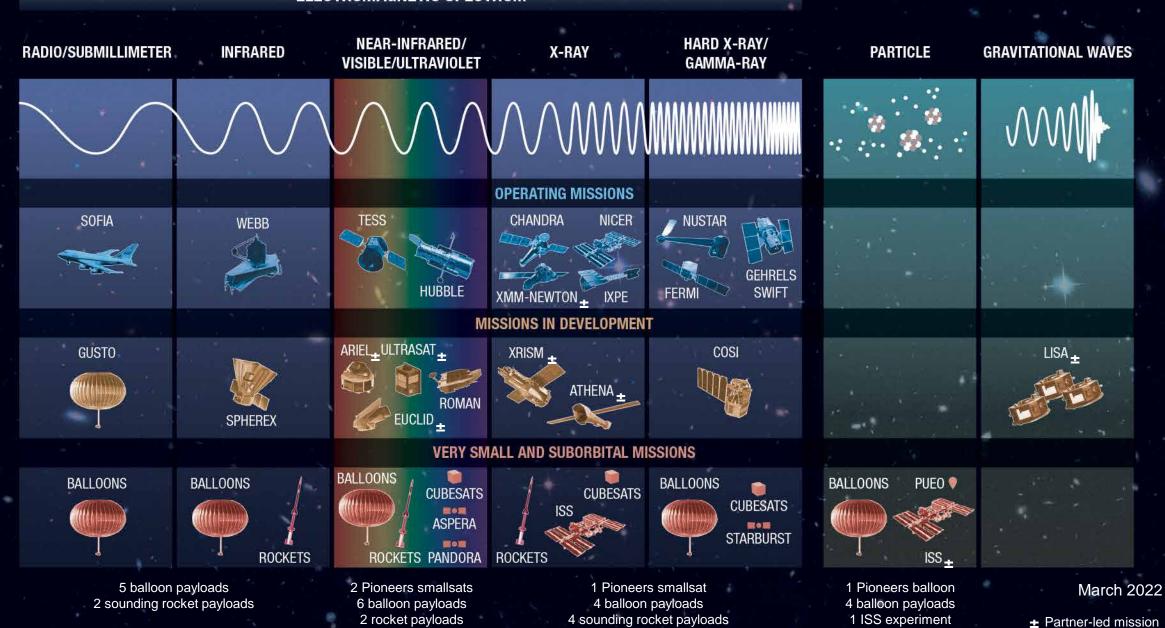
TRL4 laser TRL5 Charge brassboard Management Unit



Primary mirror blank for EDU telescope

ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM

3 cubesats



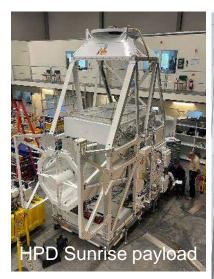
2 cubesats 1 ISS experiment

40

Balloon Program

Campaigns cancelled due to COVID-19: Spring 2020 (New Zealand), Summer 2020 (Palestine TX), Fall 2020 (Ft Sumner NM), Winter 2020 (Antarctica), Spring 2021 (New Zealand), and Winter 2021 (Antarctica).

Successfully demonstrated Return to Flight using COVID-safe procedures with Spring and Fall **Ft Sumner NM** campaigns in 2021 launching 10 missions with 4 piggy-backs.





Wanaka, **New Zealand** super-pressure balloon campaign (Mar-May) was one test. Launch attempt resulted in an abort due to an anomaly in non-NASA ground support equipment, ARB ongoing. For FY23 two science missions planned for Wanaka.

Sweden Campaign is ongoing with two science payloads: Sunrise (heliophysics) and XL-Calibur (astrophysics) plus a 60 MCF qualification test flight. First Launch expected for Mid June.

The Fall **Fort Sumner, NM Campaign**, with launch window opening in Aug, has 9 missions plus 7 piggy-backs on the manifest.

The **Antarctica 2022/2023** long-duration balloon campaign has two science missions: SPIDER (astrophysics) and AESOP-lite (heliophysics) on the manifest. Due to delays in meeting payload milestones, the GUSTO mission slipped to the 2023/2024 manifest.

Australia Sounding Rocket Campaign

XQC (X-ray Quantum Calorimeter Experiment)

PI - D McCammon / Univ. Wisconsin (ELA)

2022-06-26

The purpose of this mission is to measure the spectrum of the diffuse X-ray emission from the interstellar medium over the energy range 0.07 to 1 keV.

SISTINE (Sub-orbital Imaging Spectrograph for Transition Region Irradiance from Nearby Exoplanet Host Stars)

PI - K. France / Univ. Colorado (ELA)

2022-07-04

Measurements UV spectra of M and K type dwarf stars. Goals assist in identification and characterization of nearby habitable exoplanets and advance TRL for future missions, such as LUVOIR.

DEUCE (Dual-channel Extreme Ultraviolet Continuum Experiment)

PI – I. Fleming / Univ. of Colorado (ELA)

2022-07-12

Technology development for future UV missions, physics of re-ionization from B stars at extreme UV.





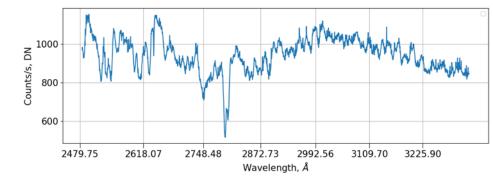


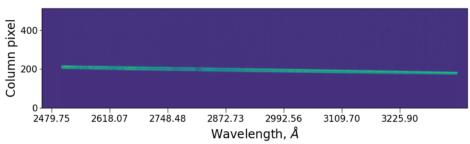


Equatorial Launch Australia (ELA) is a commercial launch site near Arnhem, Northern Territory Launches planned for Jun/Jul 2022.

Colorado Ultraviolet Transit Experiment (CUTE) In Science Operation

- CUTE is a 6U cubesat with an NUV (255 330nm) telescope and spectrograph to study transiting planets around bright stars
- Launched September 27, 2021, as a secondary payload on the LANDSAT-9 mission.
 Spacecraft tracked and communications established within 2 days in coordination with amateur satellite community





- Completed spacecraft and instrument commissioning in February 2022.
 Science operations underway now (completing 6 transit observations of first Early Release Science target now).
- Science mission scheduled to complete in December 2022.

Left: Flux calibration spectrum from CUTE (K. France/University of Colorado)

Right: CUTE on secondary payload adapter



LANDSAT-9 launch Sept 27, 2021



LuSEE Night

LuSEE Night Details

Lead Developer Org:

LuSEE Payload PI:

Payload & Science Team:

Lunar Landing Location:

Payload Mass:

Launch Schedule:

U. California at Berkeley

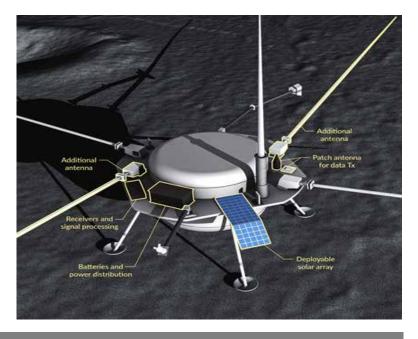
Stuart Bale

DOE Lab under UCB/Bale

Lunar Farside

90 kg (including ~50 kg batteries)

Landing on lunar surface in Q1 CY25 to coincide with giant planets below lunar horizon



NASA/DOE Partnership

NASA Scope

- Baseline LuSEE instrument provision
- Systems, mechanical, thermal engineering; Flight qualification; Instrument integration and testing
- Mission operations

DOE Scope

- Added instrumentation design and development
- Leadership of DOE Scientific Team, theory studies, data planning, processing and analysis
- Night survival batteries, solar array for recharging

Science Theme: Dark Ages Science

- Pathfinder mission to understand the moon's radio environment & potentially make the first-ever measurement of the Dark Ages
- Capability to measure the radio environment and observe the long-wavelength radio signal through the lunar night
- Place the most sensitive constraints on the Dark Ages signal to date
- Aligned with the DOE High Energy Physics "P5" Science Drivers Cosmic Acceleration and Dark Matter - as well as the recommendation for small projects
- Astro2020 "Discovery Area" with great potential

Astrophysics Pioneers

- A new class of small missions solicited annually in ROSES. Includes SmallSats, CubeSats >6U, major balloon payloads, modest ISS attached payloads, and cis-lunar payloads (via CLPS); \$20M maximum PI cost cap
- Fills in the gap between existing ROSES investigations (<\$10M for APRA) and existing Explorers MO investigations (~\$35M for SmallSats)

Astrophysics Pioneers – Cycle 1 Selections

PUEO: A Long-duration Balloon-borne Instrument for Particle Astrophysics at the Highest Energies (Pl Abigail Vieregg, U. Chicago) APPROVED for DEVELOPMENT





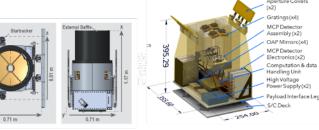
StarBurst: Gamma-ray ASM, Simultaneous detection of NS/NS mergers with LIGO (PI Daniel Kocevski, NASA MSFC) APPROVED for DEVELOPMENT

Aspera: IGM Inflow/outflow from galaxies via OVI 10⁵K emission line imaging (PI Carlos Vargas, U. Arizona) APPROVED for DEVELOPMENT

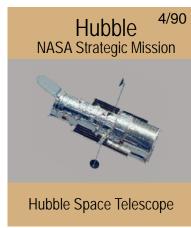
- ROSES-2020, 24 Proposals, 4 selected, all 4 passed gate review!
- ROSES-2021, 18 proposals received, review completed, selections soon
- ROSES-2022 proposals due March 16, 2023

Pandora:

Multiwavelength Characterization of Exoplanets and their Host Stars (PI Elisa Quintana, NASA GSFC) APPROVED for **DEVELOPMENT**

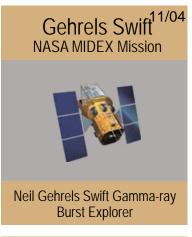


Astrophysics Missions in Operations







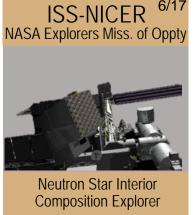


12/21







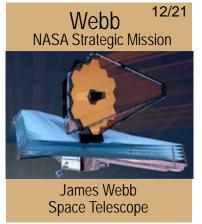


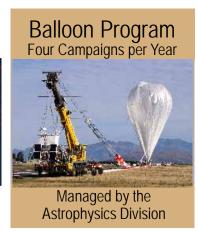


4/18



IXPE





Astrophysics Missions in Operations









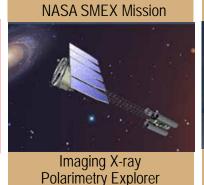






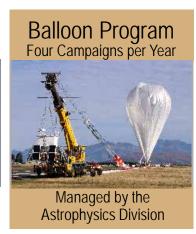






IXPE





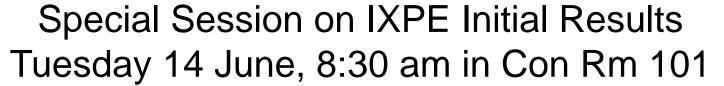
Imaging X-ray Polarimetry Explorer (IXPE)

Launched Dec 9

Boom deployed Dec 15

Science started Jan 10







- § CAS-A, 4U 0142, Mrk 501, Crab and Vela pulsar wind nebulae, Her X-1
- Discovery papers to Nature, Science, and the Astrophysical Journal are in progress and/or have been submitted



SOFIA

SOFIA Town Hall June 15 at 6:30pm in Ballroom C

The Decadal Survey recommended NASA end the SOFIA mission after its current mission extension.

On April 28, NASA and DLR (the German Space Agency) jointly announced that they will conclude the SOFIA mission, after a successful eight years of science.

SOFIA will finish out its scheduled operations for the 2022 fiscal year, followed by an orderly shutdown.

During FY 2022, SOFIA will carry out a full program of science operations including multiple deployments to the southern hemisphere.

During FY 2022, SOFIA will prioritize completing legacy surveys to establish an enduring archive of data for community use. Over 80% of Cycle 9 selected investigations will be completed; some selected proposals will not get conducted due to scheduling conflicts.

Airborne Astronomy Ambassadors (AAA), the SOFIA teachers-in-flight program, will continue to operate during FY 2022.

Proposals for Cycle 10 (FY 2023) were received earlier this year; no selections will be made from the Cycle 10 proposals.

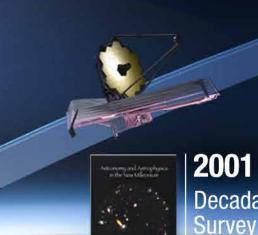
The SOFIA project has been directed to develop a project closeout plan for FY 2023.



Implementing the 2020 Decadal Survey



Decadal Survey Missions



2010

New Worlds,
New Horizons

Decadal

Decadal

Decadal

Webb



2021Decadal Survey



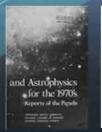
Astronomy and Astrophysics for the PSOs

1982

Decadal Survey *Chandra*



1991 Decadal Survey Spitzer



1972Decadal Survey
Hubble

Decadal Survey Missions



1991 Decadal Survey Spitzer





1972Decadal Survey
Hubble

1982
Decadal
Survey
Chandra

Waves of Great Observatories

- Wave 1: Hubble, Compton, Chandra, Spitzer
- Wave 2: Webb, Roman
- Wave 3: Astro2020 Future Great Observatories

Decadal Survey Implementation Update

Page	Recommendation	NASA Actions
3-22	IDEA workforce	SMD bridge program appropriated for FY22
3-23	Postdoc fellowships	Independent review conducted of NASA Hubble Fellowship Program to improve inclusion and diversity
3-29	Proposal demographics	National Academies study on the "Foundation for Assessing the Health and Vitality of the NASA Science Mission Directorate's Research Communities" underway
3-30	IDEA evaluation criteria	Inclusion plans required in 8 astrophysics ROSES elements
5-12	SOFIA	SOFIA will conclude its mission by September 30, 2022
6-8	Balloon program review	APAC task force approved at March APAC meeting
7-11	Great observatories program	Precursor science workshops in April and August 2022
7-19	Time domain program	Time domain workshop planned for August 2022
7-20	Astrophysics probes	AO announced for mid 2023
7-35	Roman science program review	CAA working group is conducting a non-advocate review

Decadal Survey Implementation Update

Page	Recommendation	NASA Actions
3-22	IDEA workforce	SMD bridge program appropriated for FY22
3-23	Postdoc fellowships	Independent review conducted of Musion Strain Linchusion Strain Linchusion Program to improve inclusion in Clusion
3-29	Proposal demographics	Independent review conducted of Michael Land Land Land Land Land Land Land Land
3-30	IDEA evaluation criterings 2	required in 8 astrophysics ROSES elements
5-12	SOFIA al initiative EY2	4 will conclude its mission by September 30, 2022
6-8	Padditional in the	APAC task force approved at March APAC meeting
7-11	G corres program	Precursor science workshops in April and August 2022
7-19	Tin domain program	Time domain workshop planned for August 2022
7-20	Astrophysics probes	AO announced for mid 2023
7-35	Roman science program review	CAA working group is conducting a non-advocate review

Time Domain & Multi-Messenger Initiative

Operating Missions

Hubble

Chandra

Gehrels Swift

Fermi

CALET (w/ JAXA)

AMS (DOE mission)

NICER

TESS

Missions in Development

BurstCube (cubesat)

BlackCat (cubesat)

PUEO (balloon payload)

StarBurst (Pioneer)

UltraSat (w/ ISA)

COSI (SMEX)

Roman

Future Missions under study or being proposed

THESEUS (w/ ESA)

Proposed CubeSat

Proposed Pioneer

Proposed Mission of Opportunity

Proposed MIDEX

Future Probe

Time Domain & Multi-Messenger Initiative

Actions are being developed to address Time Domain Astrophysics and Multi Messenger (TDAMM) recommendations of the 2020 Decadal Survey

- Operating NASA missions continue to make significant contributions to TDAMM and NASA expects future missions to pursue this science:
 - NASA is making investments in infrastructure transient alerts, data archives, communications, software – which are essential to maximize scientific return; funding for these investments is included in the FY23 budget request.
 - Responding to transient astrophysical phenomena involves multiple ground- and space-based assets and NASA is studying efficiencies in how to deploy its fleet
 - Astro 2020 urges TDAMM be addressed across agencies and NASA is standing up interagency and international working groups to address this coordination
- TDAMM will be an initiative with extensive interagency and international cooperation, shaped using broad community input
 - Prioritizing the science NASA should address. Community workshop this 22-24 August 2022: https://pcos.gsfc.nasa.gov/TDAMM/
 - Partner-led TDAMM missions with NASA contributions
 - NASA missions with international partner contributions

Decadal Survey Missions







1972Decadal Survey Hubble

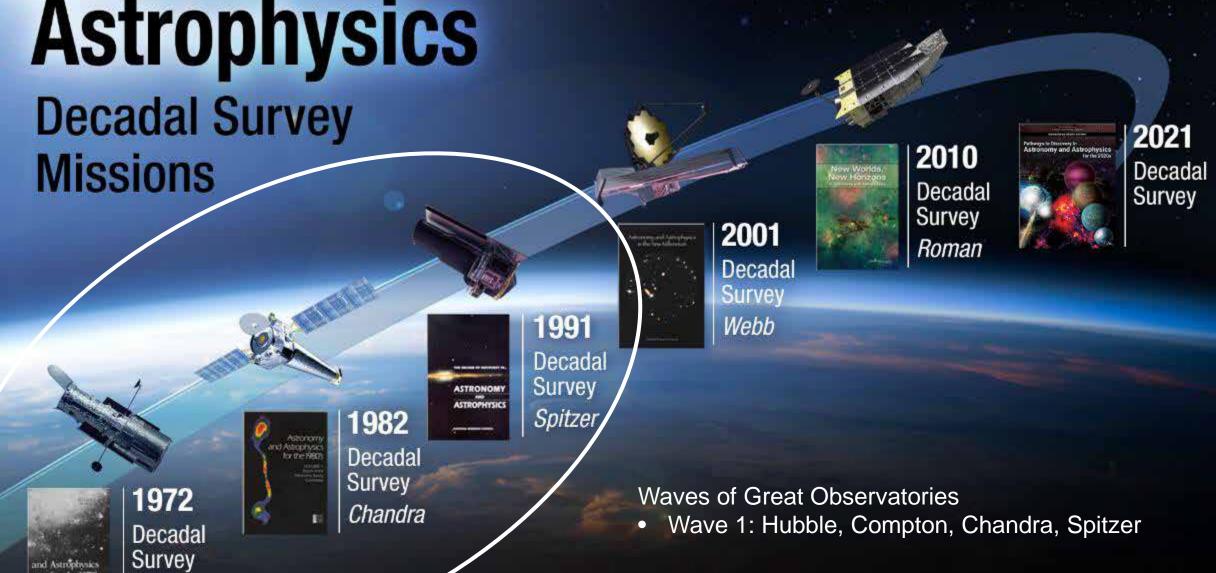


1982

Decadal Survey Chandra

We are bound by the budgets that we have

 First budget that is fully informed by the Decadal Survey will be the FY24 budget proposal, which will be formulated by NASA Astrophysics in Spring 2022 and submitted to Congress in February 2023



Hubble

Decadal Survey Missions





1972 Decadal Survey Hubble



1982 Decadal Survey Chandra

- Wave 1: Hubble, Compton, Chandra, Spitzer
- Wave 2: Webb, Roman

Future Great Observatories

Large observatories are a critical component of NASA's astrophysics portfolio

• The Decadal Survey recommends a compelling, feasible, timely portfolio of future great observatories that is part of a balanced Astrophysics program

Today NASA's priority is ensuring mission success for Webb and Roman

- Webb completed telescope commissioning; science instrument commissioning is progressing well; preparations are underway for science to commence in July 2022.
- Roman is progressing well in Mission Phase C "Final Design and Fabrication" and is on track for a mid-2027 launch

Now is not the time to start a Future Great Observatory; now is the time to prepare NASA will take a deliberate, multi-stage planning and strategy approach to the next large observatory mission

- Stage 1 Begin the Decadal Survey recommended "Great Observatories Maturation Program". Focus on enabling science and technology; begin Stage 1 now
- Stage 2 Conduct Analysis of Alternatives (AoA) and science / technology / architecture trades; begin Stage 2 in a few years (driven by planning and budget availability)
- Stage 3 Pre-formulation and decision to start the next Great Observatory; begin after Stage 2 AoA complete (Decadal Survey estimates 6 years for Stages 2 and 3)

STAGE 1 ACTIVITIES

Science	Workshops - compile metrics and science gaps	Update ROSES Call	Determine efforts beyond ROSES	ROSES Selected	Science Gaps Identified for 3 Great Observatories	Begin Precursor Science Funded activities
				SCIENTIFIC A	ASSESSMENT	
Science Evaluation	Stand up Team	Develop initial Metrics	Develop input parameters			Update sensitivity study with new parameters
				TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPM		ENT
Technology	Stand up Team	ID Tech Gaps	Develop high level Tech Dev plans	ID tech studies. Trades & study groups	ID long lead tech investments	Begin tech studies

Note: This is not a timeline; some activities within each lane occur in parallel
There is cross-communication and cross-participation between activities in different rows
ROSES call for presursor science investigations anticipated for January 2023

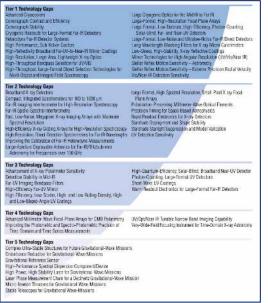
Technology Report and Gaps List

The COR, ExEP, and PCOS Program Offices just completed a new technology gap prioritization cycle, informed by the Astro2020 Decadal Survey

The outcome of this exercise is a new joint <u>Astrophysics Technology Gap List</u>, which divides the 57 Astrophysics technology gaps into five priority tiers

 This gap list and updates on the current state of Astrophysics technology development and infusions are presented in the 2022 Astrophysics Biennial Technology Report (ABTR), now available through the Program Office technology webpage





Next Steps for Stage 1

Science

Precursor Science Workshop I

Apr 20-22, 2022

Joint PAG EC meeting

Apr 27, 2022

Precursor Science Workshop II

August 2-4, 2022

Science Gaps identified for 3 FGO's

Oct 1

Precursor Science added to ROSES

Nov 1

Community Participation via

PAGs, e.g. SIGs and SAGs Workshops

Propose for R&A and SAT funding through ROSES

Science Evaluation

- ExoSET at Precursor
 Science Workshop I (Apr
 20-22) as example of
 science evaluation, building
 on prior efforts
- Document ExoSET science metrics from PAGs Sept 30
- AstroSETs for IR/O/UV, X-Ray, Far-IR being formulated
- Anticipate SETs community workshop(s) next year

Technology

- Update Gap lists: present at June AAS PAG meetings
- SAT proposals due **Dec 15**
- A TST will begin technology activities in CY22; numerous community Task Groups are expected to be stood up to help in CY23.
- Community technology workshop(s) in CY 2023

Large Mission Study

SMD Large Missions Study Implementation Plan

No.	Large Missions Study Recommendation	Disposition	Large Missions Study Implementation Plan
1	Pre-Phase A Team Composition	Accept	Staffing will be based on needed skill sets and expertise (not based on availability of personnel). An Agency-wide search shall be conducted, followed by a nationwide search, if needed
2	Pre-Phase A Architecture Trades and Descope Options	Accept	Program Office will conduct independent assessment of Pre-Phase A architecture trades and descope options for evaluation at KDP-A. Implementation effective immediately.
3	System Maturity Assessment	Accept w/Follow-Up	Further action is required. A team, sponsored by the SMD DAA/P and led by the SMD Chief Engineer, will be formed for further investigation.
4	Technology Integration into Complex Systems	Partially Accept	Mandate increased scrutiny of technology maturity at reviews and KDPs. Implementation effective immediately. Further action is required - A strategic approach will be developed by the SMD Chief Technologist to identify technology needs and funding sources for technology development.
5	Analytical Tools	Partially Accept	Large strategic missions will incorporate common tool sets, when possible, and establish an agreed margin and risk philosophy with partners and providers early in the life cycle.
6	Cost and Schedule Estimation	Accept	Life cycle cost estimates shall be communicated in terms of bins for Pre-Phase A and ranges for Phases A and B to set external expectations. Implementation effective immediately.
7	Standing Review Boards (SRBs)	Accept	The SMD policy of convening the SRBs prior to MCR, and when required, convening of the Independent Review Boards (IRBs), has already been implemented. Initiating SRB kickoff meetings.
8	Instrument Selection Process	Partially Accept w/Follow-Up	Further action is required. A team led by the SMD Deputy AA for Research will be established. Modification of SMD policy may be required.
9	SMD Capabilities	Accept	Program Offices of large missions will be adequately staffed early in pre-formulation in order to perform programmatic assessments and oversight. Implementation effective immediately.
10	Center Capabilities	Accept	SMD and Centers have ownership and accountability of large strategic missions and will work closely to identify and solve problems. Implementation effective immediately.

The SMD Large Missions Implementation Plan will require an intentional shift in how we approach the development of our missions

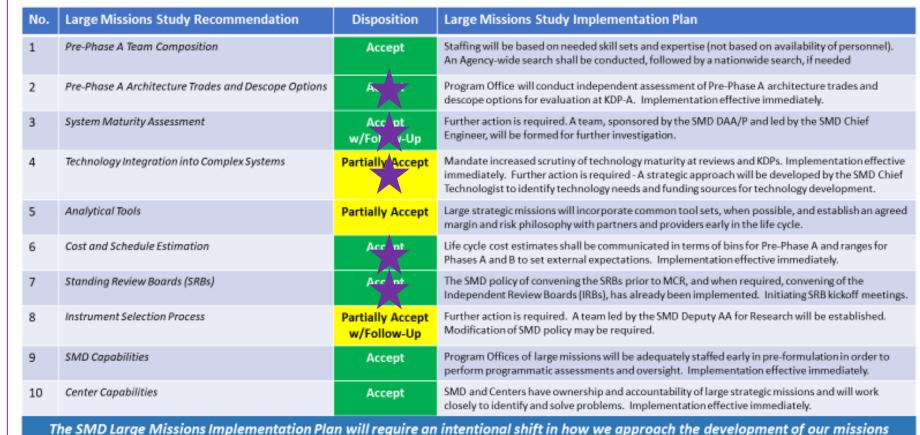


https://science.nasa.gov/about-us/large-mission-study

October 2019 - October 2020

Large Mission Study

SMD Large Missions Study Implementation Plan



https://science.nasa.gov/about-us/large-mission-study
October 2019 – October 2020

NASA

Large Mission Study Report



Astro2020 recommendations for the Great Observatories Mission and Technology Maturation Program (aka GOMAP)

Great Observatories Mission and Technology Maturation Program (GOMAP)

Objectives

- GOMAP will co-develop and mature the science, mission architecture, and technologies for Astro2020's NASA flagships
- Engage stakeholders and leverage the entire multi-sector community: industry, academia,
 NASA centers, other agencies, and international partners
 - Support trade studies, technology development, integrated modelling, and other feedback via openly competed procurements
 - Host open, hybrid workshops with published outcomes
 - Majority (>80%) of funding will be competed
- Intentionally seek out, build upon, and leverage the IDEA community to enable an inclusive culture and broad participation by all as the missions evolve
 - Adopt affirmative codes of conduct
- Engage community groups in all mission phases for developing science requirements and priorities; thereafter, prevent science-scope creep
 - Continually engage new science community members as the activities evolve
- Communicate broadly to community for transparency and confidence in the process



The End



What's next for Astrophysics?

I will be stepping down this summer after more than 10 years as Director of Astrophysics (the best job at NASA)

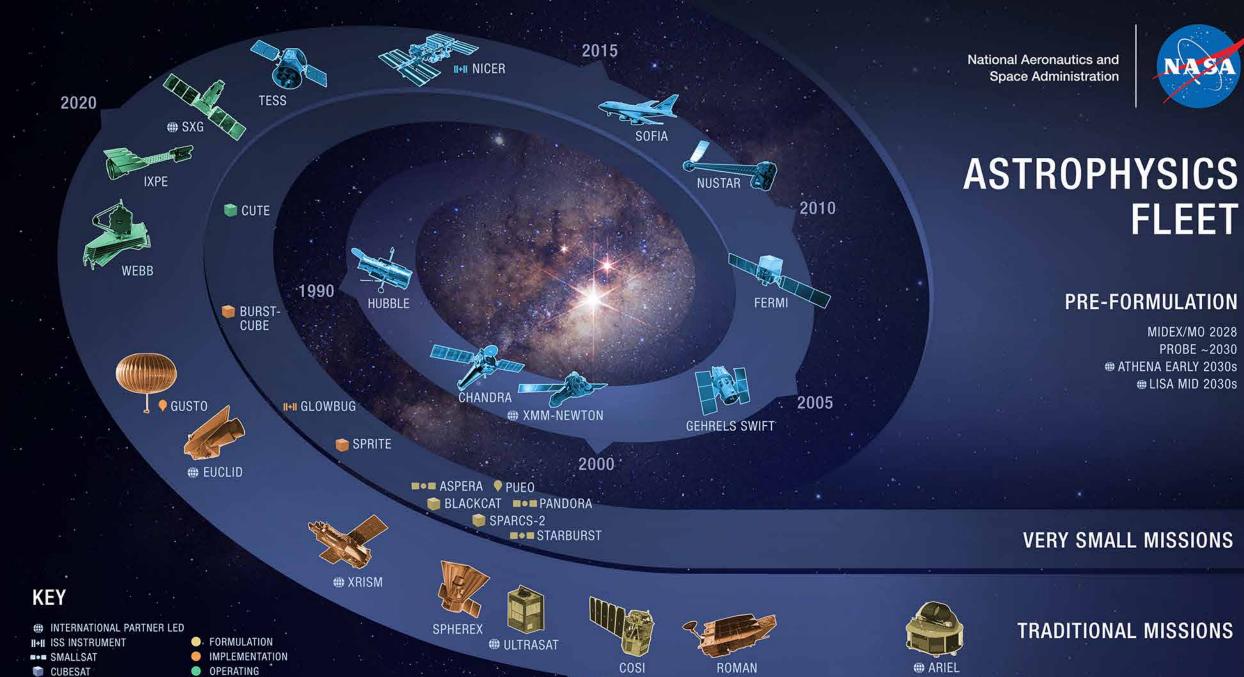
This is my last Joint PAG plenary address

Ten years makes me the longest serving Director of Astrophysics in the history of NASA

Once the new Director of Astrophysics is in place, I will move to the SMD Front Office as Senior Advisor to the SMD Associate Administrator

Applications are in and the review is underway to identify the person who will lead NASA astrophysics in the upcoming era of

increasing inclusion and diversity,
growing R&A,
Webb science,
Roman development,
exoplanet characterization,
time domain and multi-messenger astrophysics,
dark energy and dark matter,
first Astrophysics Probe,
more Explorers / Pioneers / cubesats,
future great observatories,
and realizing Decadal Survey priorities

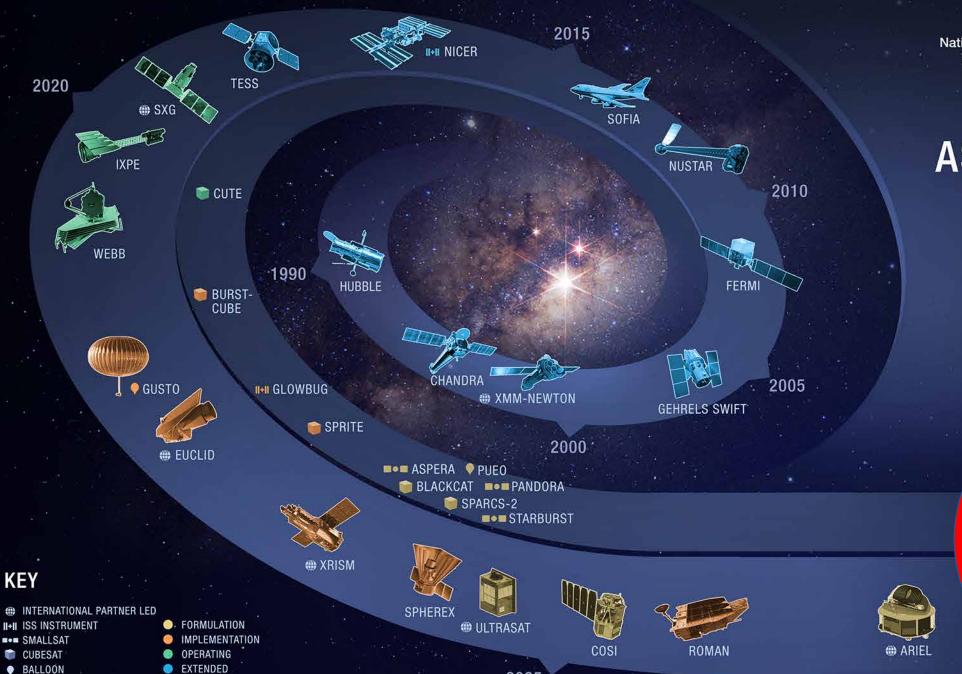


2025

EXTENDED

BALLOON

69



2025

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

ASTROPHYSICS FLEET

PRE-FORMULATION

MIDEX/MO 2028
PROBE ~2030

ATHENA EARLY 2030s

LISA MID 2030s

YOUR DECADAL SURVEY HERE



BACKUP



Astrophysics Science Program Content (\$M)	Actual	Enacted	Request FY23 \$1,556.0	Out-Years				
Togram Content (wivi)	FY21	FY22		FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27	
Astrophysics	\$1,770.9	\$1,568.9		\$1,597.0	\$1,578.5	\$1,620.5	\$1,625.6	
Astrophysics Research	<u>\$249.3</u>		<u>\$329.8</u>	<u>\$350.8</u>	<u>\$345.5</u>	<u>\$348.4</u>	<u>\$350.1</u>	
Astrophysics Research and Analysis	\$91.1		\$111.0	\$113.0	\$114.1	\$115.2	\$116.4	
Balloon Project	\$44.8		\$45.7	\$46.3	\$46.3	\$46.3	\$46.3	
Science Activation	<i>\$45.6</i>		\$55.6	\$55.6	\$55.6	\$55.6	\$55.6	
Other Missions and Data Analysis	\$67.8		\$117.6	\$135.9	\$129.5	\$131.2	\$131.9	
(research and management)								
Astrophysics Directed R&T	\$0.0		\$0.0	\$9.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	
Contract Administration, Audit & QA Svcs	\$17.7		\$17.3	\$19.6	\$19.6	\$19.6	\$19.6	
Astrophysics Senior Review	\$0.0		\$48.3	\$52.5	\$53.1	\$53.7	\$54.1	
Astrophysics Data Program	\$21.6		\$23.6	\$23.8	\$24.0	\$24.3	\$24.5	
Astrophysics Data Curation and Archival	\$28.5		\$28.4	\$31.0	\$32.7	\$33.7	\$33.7	
Cosmic Origins	<u>\$618.5</u>		<u>\$298.5</u>	<u>\$316.5</u>	<u>\$316.3</u>	<u>\$316.6</u>	<u>\$316.6</u>	
James Webb Space Telescope	\$414.7		\$172.5	\$187.0	\$187.0	\$187.0	\$187.0	
Webb Science	\$1.2		\$51.0	\$60.0	\$60.0	\$60.0	\$60.0	
James Webb Space Telescope	\$413.5		\$121.5	\$127.0	\$127.0	\$127.0	\$127.0	
Hubble Space Telescope (HST)	\$93.3		\$93.3	\$98.3	\$98.3	\$98.3	\$98.3	
Other Missions and Data Analysis	\$110.5		\$32.7	\$31.2	\$31.0	\$31.3	\$31.3	

Astrophysics Science	<u> </u>	_	I Request	• • • •				
Program Content (\$M)	Actual	Enacted		<u>Out-Years</u>				
Trogram Content (wivi)	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27	
Cosmic Origins	<u>\$618.5</u>		<u>\$298.5</u>	<u>\$316.5</u>	<u>\$316.3</u>	<u>\$316.6</u>	<u>\$316.6</u>	
(development/formulation/technology)								
Cosmic Origins SR&T	\$18.3		\$13.9	\$21.4	\$21.4	\$21.4	\$21.4	
Cosmic Origins Future Missions	\$1.2		\$2.1	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	
(operating)								
Stratospheric Observ for Infrared Astron	\$85.2		\$10.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	
(research and management)								
Astrophysics Strategic Mission Prog Mgmt	\$5.8		\$6.8	\$6.9	\$6.7	\$6.9	\$7.0	
Physics of the Cosmos	<u>\$146.4</u>		<u>\$159.9</u>	<u>\$188.1</u>	<u>\$182.4</u>	<u>\$182.2</u>	<u>\$177.6</u>	
Other Missions and Data Analysis	\$146.4		\$159.9	\$188.1	\$182.4	\$182.2	\$177.6	
(development/formulation/technology)								
Physics of the Cosmos SR&T	\$45.6		\$75.2	\$101.1	\$98.6	\$98.4	\$94.1	
Euclid	\$7.7		\$9.9	\$10.3	\$9.9	\$9.7	\$9.1	
Physics of the Cosmos Future Missions	\$0.1		\$1.3	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	\$3.0	
(operating)								
Fermi Gamma-ray Space Telescope	\$15.9		\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	
Chandra X-Ray Observatory	\$66.8		\$64.0	\$64.0	\$64.0	\$64.0	\$64.0	
XMM	\$4.0		\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	
(research and management)								
PCOS/COR Technology Office Management	\$6.2		\$9.4	\$9.8	\$6.9	\$7.2	\$7.4	

Astrophysics Science	Actual	Enacted	Request	Out-Years			
Program Content (\$M)	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27
Exoplanet Exploration	\$552.4		\$522.2	<u>\$450.2</u>	\$423.0	\$388.4	\$258.0
Nancy Grace Roman Space Telescope	\$505.2		\$482.2	\$407.3	\$380.0	\$345.7	\$216.6
Other Missions and Data Analysis	\$47.2		\$40.0	\$42.9	\$43.0	\$42.7	\$41.4
(development/formulation/technology)							
Exoplanet Exploration SR&T	\$32.2		\$23.3	\$23.9	\$24.1	\$23.7	\$22.4
Exoplanet Exploration Future Missions	\$0.0		\$1.3	\$3.0	\$10.5	\$10.5	\$10.5
(operating)							
Keck Operations	\$7.5		\$7.5	\$7.4	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
(research and management)							
Exoplanet Exploration Technoloy Off Mgmt	\$7.5		\$7.8	\$8.6	\$8.5	\$8.5	\$8.6
Astrophysics Explorer	<u>\$204.4</u>		<u>\$245.6</u>	<u>\$291.4</u>	<u>\$311.3</u>	<u>\$385.0</u>	<u>\$523.2</u>
SPHEREX	\$68.5		\$78.7	\$75.0	\$24.0	\$6.0	\$0.1
Other Missions and Data Analysis	\$135.8		\$166.9	\$216.4	\$287.3	\$379.0	\$523.1
(development/formulation/technology)							
X-Ray Imaging and Spectroscopy Mission	\$16.8		\$36.2	\$28.3	\$16.9	\$14.1	\$2.0
Contribution to Ariel Spectroscopy of Ex	\$18.0		\$10.3	\$8.9	\$4.0	\$2.2	\$2.9
Pioneers	\$0.0		\$23.4	\$23.8	\$32.1	\$35.0	\$40.2
Compton Spectrometer and Imager	\$0.0		\$51.3	\$87.4	\$71.0	\$28.4	\$5.3
Astrophysics Explorer Future Missions	\$5.2		\$23.9	\$53.9	\$155.0	\$284.8	\$460.7

Astrophysics Science Program Content (\$M) **Actual Enacted** Request **Out-Years** FY21 FY22 FY23 FY24 FY25 FY26 **FY27** \$204.4 \$245.6 \$291.4 \$311.3 \$385.0 \$523.2 Astrophysics Explorer Cont. (operating) Neutron Star Interior Composition Explor \$4.8 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$15.2 Transiting Exoplanet Survey Satellite \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 Imaging X-Ray Polarimetry Explorer \$38.8 \$6.9 \$0.7 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 Galactic/Extragalactic ULDB Spectroscopi \$8.8 \$1.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 Neil Gehrels Swift Observatory \$6.4 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 **Nuclear Spectroscopic Telescope Array** \$8.6 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 (research and management) Astrophysics Explorer Program Management \$14.0 \$12.1 \$13.3 \$13.5 \$8.2 \$14.5