# ExoPAG 6 Introduction and Motivation.

ExoPAG 6 Meeting October 13, 2012 Scott Gaudi

### Charter, revisited.

In June 2009, NASA formed the *Exoplanet Exploration Program Analysis Group* (ExoPAG), responsible for soliciting and coordinating community input into the development and execution of NASA's Exoplanet Exploration Program (ExEP). The ExoPAG serves as a community-based, interdisciplinary forum for analysis in support of activity prioritization and for future exploration.

- Articulate the key scientific drivers for exoplanet research.
- Evaluate the expected capabilities of potential ExEP missions for achieving the science goals of the program.
- Evaluate ExEP goals, objectives, investigations, and required measurements on the basis of the widest possible community outreach.
- Articulate focus areas for needed mission technologies.
- Identify related activities that enhance the ExEP mission portfolio such as ground-based observing, theory and modeling programs, and community engagement.

#### Past Activities.

- EC chaired by Jim Kasting up until June 2012.
- The ExoPAG has had 5 meetings and one joint CoPAG/ExoPAG meeting since January 2010.
- The primary (but not only!) topic of discussion has been planning for a future flagship-class direct imaging mission.
  - Technology development for the New Worlds program was the highest medium-class priority listed in the NWNH report.
  - Joint meetings/discussions with COPAG about a large optical/UV space telescope.

#### New EC Membership.

#### • As of June 2012: new EC members.

#### **Scott Gaudi** (*Chair*)

Aki Roberge Tom Greene Charley Noecker Lisa Kaltenegger Alycia Weinberger Dave Latham Peter Plavchan Remi Soummer Jonathan Fortney Wes Traub (*Ex officio*) Doug Hudgins (*Ex officio*) James Kasting (*Ex officio*) Ohio State NASA Goddard NASA Ames JPL MPIA Carnegie Institute Harvard Smithsonian Caltech/NexSci Space Telescope Sci. Inst. U.C. Santa Cruz JPL Headquarters Penn State

#### New Direction.

- In response to exoplanet community input, and new budget realities, the ExoPAG EC will revise its focus.
- Future ExoPAG EC activities will aim to:
  - Expand the inclusiveness of NASA's Exoplanet Exploration Program to the wider exoplanet community, beyond the past focus on future flagship missions in space.
  - Consider novel ways in which NASA can address exoplanet research in the short term.
  - This includes ground-based research *in support* of current or future missions.
  - Do this in time for mid-decadal review!
- Does *not* mean we should lose sight of the eventual goal of a flagship direct imaging mission.

### Science of Exoplanets.

- Finding and characterizing a 'pale blue dot' remains a long-term goal.
- But there are many other exoplanet science questions that NASA can and should address in the interim.
- Many of these will likely bear directly on our understanding of habitable worlds.
- Let's take a step back: what are the 'big' science questions in exoplanets?

#### General Inquiry Areas.

- Physics of Planet Formation and Evolution.
- Physics of Planetary Atmospheres and Interiors.
- Physics, Frequency, and Evolution of Habitability.





Demographics				
Current	Future			
RV Surveys	Ultra-Precise RV Surveys?			
Ground-based µlensing	GAIA			
Kepler	Precision astrometry?			
	WFIRST			
nadir of detection sensitivity Characteristics				
Current	Future			
Ground-based Transit Surveys	NGELTs			
Ground-based Follow-Up	JWST			
Spitzer	ECHO/FINESSE			
HST				

Demographics + Characteristics			
Current	Future		
Ground-Based Direct Imaging	PLATO/TESS		
	EXCEDE		
	Direct Imaging Mission		

### Habitable Planets

	High Mass (>0.5M <sub>Sun</sub> ) ★s		Low Mass (<0.5M <sub>Sun</sub> ) ★s	
	Frequency	Habitability	Frequency	Habitability
Current	Kepler	_	RV MEarth	_
Future	RV?	RV?	TESS	MEarth
	WFIRST?	Astrometry?	PLATO?	TESS
				PLATO?
		Direct Imaging		-
		Mission?		JWST
				NGELTs?
				•
	"Pale Blue Dot"		"Small Black Shadow"	

"Small Black Shadow"

### "The Question."

 So what can NASA do to advance these exoplanet science goals in the next ~10-15 years, given constraints?

#### • Constraints

- •JWST
- •No new large starts until JWST is launched.
- •Explorer program going forward.
- Given these, how can NASA make progress on:
  Demographics?
  - •Characterization?
  - •Nearby habitable planets?

### Future of the ExoPAG.

- Goal: develop a short term strategy with community involvement.
- Developing a coherent, unified strategy within the exoplanet community is an imperative (IMHO).
- Study analysis groups (SAGs):
  - Exozodiacal Dust Roberge et al. (arXiv:1204.0025)
  - Exoplanet Characterization Kaltenegger
  - Flagship mission requirements Noecker, Greene
  - Precision RV: requirements, resources Latham, Plavchan
- Future SAGs?
  - "Medium scale" mission science goals
  - Requirements for host star properties
  - Others?

## Goals of ExoPAG 6.

- Address the questions:
  - What is the landscape of current and future missions?
  - What do we need to characterize exoplanets?
  - What is the current and future role of precision RV for exoplanet detection?
  - In particular, what is needed to support NASA goals?
- Determine what additional questions we should be addressing.
- Agenda suggestions for ExoPAG 7 & 8 are requested!

Thanks!

#### Demographics+Characterization

- Demographics:
  - Need to understand what's out there!
    - Kepler (only half of the story)
    - Euclid?
    - WFIRST/NRO?
- Characterization (bright stars)
  - Need to understand the stars themselves
    - Disks, ages, distances, abundances, etc.
  - Precision RV
    - Outer planets
    - Pushing to <10 cm/s technology development
    - Near-IR RV
  - Ground based (current LTs -> NGELTs)
    - Direct imaging
    - Characterization
  - Explorer-class characterization mission (e.g., FINESSE)

### Habitable Planets

#### Nearby habitable planets

- Remains the ultimate goal
- But a flagship mission is a ways off

#### • Make progress where we can!

- Now: MEarth/near-IR RV
- Soon: TESS/PLATO? + JWST

#### • Be prepared

- Technology development
- "Medium-class" mission?
  - Technology demonstration
  - Science yield
  - NRO coronagraph?