Caltech's High Contrast High-Resolution Spectroscopy for Segmented telescopes Testbed (HCST)

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High contrast imaging on the ground

- Ground-based 8-meter class telescopes:
 - SPHERE & GPI large surveys halfway through (current yield on the low side)
 - SCExAO reaching science operations
 - P3K/P1640 nearing end of life (Gene Serabyn's SDC still in operations)
 - LBTAO returning great image quality, struggling with DSM/weather issues
 - MagAO king in visAO Hα niche
 - First-generation facilities winding down with a few exceptions (L-band niche at Keck-NIRC2, VLT-NACO, LMIRCAM at LBT, all equipped with state-ofthe-art vortex coronagraphs)
- Extremely Large Telescopes under construction (sort of):
 - First generation instrument unlikely to be optimized high contrast imagers (some interesting capabilities with TMT-IRIS and ELT-METIS though).
 - R&D for second-generation planet finder starting now

High contrast imaging in space

- HST now: archival data and disks, not very competitive for planets (mostly due to limited telescope time access)
- JWST 2018: great for transit spectroscopy. Inner working angle will be >0".5 (NIRCAM & MIRI)
- WFIRST 2025: excellent contrast, very low throughput, yield and spectroscopic capabilities will be modest (tech demo)
- LUVOIR/HDST/HabEx 2035: currently being defined, <u>opportunity for synergistic developments</u> (this meeting is a good start!)

Most future telescopes will be large and segmented (HabEx?)

- Need to develop coronagraph and wavefront technologies for large segmented telescopes
- Many theoretical designs exist (APLC, PIAACMC, RAVC, etc.)
- Very few lab demonstrations of these concepts so far (none?)
- # HCI facilities in the US dedicated segmented telescopes: 2
 - HiCAT at STScI, focussing on space-based projects
 - Keck telescope !!!

Coronagraphy on segmented telescope now: Keck NIRC2 L-band vortex



Absil, Bottom, Campbell, Carlogmano, Choquet, Delacroix, Femenia, Gomez, Huby, Jolivet, Karlsson, Matthews, Mawet, Reggiani, Serabyn, Wertz, Wizinowich

Large telescopes enable high resolution spectroscopy

- Interesting concepts merging HCI and HRS have been proposed (Snellen et al. 2015)
- And demonstrated!

The future of high contrast imaging of planets is high contrast high resolution spectroscopy

YES there are enough photons!

- Not trying to measure/trace individual lines.
- The line profile, or cross-correlation peak combines the information of 1000s of molecular lines theoretically resolved at high spectral resolution
- (think about how RV gets to <1m/s, with 1-10km/s resolution per line)

$$SNR_{per\ ch, lowres} = rac{\eta S_{planet}}{\sqrt{S_{star} + Speck\ noise +\ det/bg\ noise}}$$

 $SNR_{line\ prof, highres} = rac{\eta S_{planet}}{\sqrt{S_{star} +\ det/bg\ noise}} \sqrt{N_{lines}}$



theoretical template

Cross correlation signal extraction from noisy data



Science and technology demonstrator at Keck



Ji Wang (Caltech)

Cross-correlate with spectral templates of molecular species



Konopacky et al. 2013

Measure planet spin



Snellen et al. 2014

Doppler imaging => maps



Luhman 16 (Crossfield et al. 2014)

Caltech HCST goals

- Simulate realistic segmented apertures:
 - Keck
 - TMT

LUVOIR/HDST (HabEx?)

- (Simulate atmospheric turbulence)
- Includes adaptive optics/wavefront controller, with a dynamic wavefront sensor and options for amplitude control (2DM EFC, ACAD, etc)
- Includes classical 3-plane single stage coronagraph (apodizer, focal-plane mask, Lyot stop)
- Includes a back-end instrument
- Goal: high-res fiber-fed diffraction limited low-noise spectrograph

Top-level requirements

- Realistic telescope simulator
 - match F number of Keck & TMT first
 - simulate segment cophasing errors
- Wavelength range: 0.6 to 1.8 microns
- Keck / TMT: WFS at Y or J, Science at H / K
- Space-based telescope: 0.6 to 1 microns
- IWA ~ 1-2 λ /D, OWA ~ 15 λ /D (superNyquist possible)
- Accommodate various transmissive coronagraph designs
- Minimize Talbot effects (design philosophy similar to HiCAT)
- Contrast goals (average over dark hole):
 - Raw, phase control only (static, no turbulence): 1e-5
 - Raw, phase & amplitude (static, no turbulence): 1e-7
 - After HRS: 1e-8, actual limits to be explored
- Inject starlight and faint planet light (with distinct spectral signature) => unique feature

Latest HCST design



Telescope simulator based on IRIS AO segmented DM



NOTE: Latest TMT primary mirror design has 492 segments

Coupling AO / coronagraph to IR HRS



Keck AO to NIRSPEC Fiber Injection Unit concept

J.K. Wallace (JPL)

HCST status

- Big items acquired:
 - 1 BMC 32x32 MEMS DM (2nd DM pending funding)
 - Supercontinuum source + fibers
 - HASO WFS
 - IR and visible cameras
- All optics specified, purchase request is out
- Wish list: OCAM2K, CRed-one (First light imaging), second BMC DM
- Dream list: Large format IR-APD arrays (2Kx2K), two 2K BMC DMs

Short term goals & priorities

- Support to privately funded Keck fiber injection unit (FIU) project: link from Keck AO to NIRSPEC to do highresolution spectroscopy of known young giant planets
- Support for Keck FIU coronagraph APRA proposal:
 - Several phenomenon not scalable wrt wavelength cannot be reproduced in the lab (segment gaps) and needs the real full scale demonstration => Keck
- Support demonstration of coronagraph concepts for future segmented telescopes: TMT, LUVOIR/HDST, HabEx